# AR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH



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## TECHNICAL REPORT SUMMARIES





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#### INTRODUCTION

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#### PURPOSE

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Research is selected for support from proposals received in response to the Broad Agency Announcement originating significance to science, the qualification of the principal investigators, and the reasonableness of Selection is on the basis of scientific potential for improving Air Force operational capabilities. from scientists investigating problems involving the search for new knowledge and the expansion of scientific AFOSR awards grants and contracts for research in areas of science relevant to the needs of the Air Force. the proposed budget.

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REPORT DATE: 10 MAR 93 FINAL REPORT

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AD-A264354 FINAL REPORT

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Ab-A284835 REPORT DATE: JAN 93 FINAL REPORT

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SPI - SUM

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- Summer Research Program (1992), High School Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 12, Armstrong Laboratory AD-A262020 REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92 ANNUAL REPORT
- Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 13. Phillips Laboratory AMMUAL REPORT Summer Research Program (1992), High School AD-A262021 REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92
- Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 14. Rome Laboratory ANNUAL REPORT Summer Research Program (1992). High School AD-A262022 REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92
- Wright Laboratory ij. Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume ANNUAL REPORT Summer Research Program (1992). High School AD-A262023 REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92
- 18. Arnold Engineering Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume ANNUAL REPORT Summer Research Program (1992), High School Apprentices
  Development Center Civil Engineering Laboratory.
  AD-A262024 REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92 ANNUAL F
- Armstrong Laboratory Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 2. AD-A201989
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- Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 5A. Wright Laboratory ANNUAL REPORT Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92 AD-A281992
- Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 5B. Wright Laboratory AD-A261993 REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92 AMNUAL REPORT
- Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 8. Arnold Engineering Development Center, Civil Engineering Laboratory, Frank J. Seller Research Laboratory, Wilford Hall Medical Center. AD-A261994 REPORT DATE: 28 DEC 92 ANNUAL REPORT
- Superconducting Flux Coupled Fast Switching Device From YBCO Films. AD-A264301 REPORT DATE: 30 APR 92 FINAL REPORT
- Tellored Interfaces for Metal-Matrix Composites-Fundamental Considerations. AD-A263048 REPORT DATE: 28 JAN 93 FINAL REPORT

Tallored Organometallic Polymers.
AD-A282448 REPORT DATE: 31 JAN 93 FINAL REPORT

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AD-A265735 ANNUAL REPORT

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AD-A284349 REPORT DATE: 01 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

Thermodynamic and Stochastic Theory of Electrical Circuits, AD-A264748 REPORT DATE: 15 FEB 92 FINAL REPORT

tin-Sulfur and Tin-Swienium Phenylated Ring Systems as Organometallic Precursors in Tin Sulfide and Tin Selenide, Ap-A285738 REPORT DATE: 92 FINAL REPORT

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Two Temperature Modeling and Experimental Measurements of Laser Sustained Hydrogen Plasmas. AD-A265750 REPORT DATE: 01 MAY 93 ANNUAL REPORT

Ultrafast, Passive, Broad-Band, Optical Shutter Based on Novel Semiconductor/Conducting Polymer Interfaces. AD-A284098 REPORT DATE: 18 DEC 92 FINAL REPORT

Ultrasonic Wave Interaction with Advanced Complex Materials for Nondestructive Evaluation Applications AD-A265704 REPORT DATE: 15 DEC 92 FINAL REPORT

Unsteady Flow Past a NACA 0012 Airfoll Pitching at Constant Rates. AD-A265159 REPORT DATE: 13 APR 93 FINAL REPORT USU Center of Excellence in Theory and Analysis of the Geo-Plasma Environment. AD-A284750 REPORT DATE: 17 FEB 93 FINAL REPORT

U.S. National Weather Experiment STORM-FEST 1992: Wave and Turbulence in Frontal Zones. AJ-A284294

Visual Encoding of Spatial Relations.
AD-A268049 REPORT DATE: 28 MAY 93 ANNU.

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AD-A265253 .REPORT DATE: 02 MAR 93 FINAL REPORT

Wavelength Effects in the Photolysis of Ketones: Stereolsomerization and Magnetic Isotope 13(C)/12(C) Separation. A Probe for Adiabatic vs. Diabatic Trajectories during Bond Dissociation, AD-A262454 REPORT DATE: 83 FINAL REPORT

Wavelet Local Extrema Applied to Image Processing. AD-A282382 REPORT DATE: DEC 92 FINAL REPORT Wide Band-Gap Semiconductors, 1991 Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings AD-A283418 REPORT DATE: 14 SEP 92 FINAL REPORT

Width of Particle Beams Desorbed in Electron Stimulated Desorption: O(+) and Metastable CO from CO/Pt(111), AD-A282456

Workshop on the Road to Room Temperature Superconductivity. AD-A284833 FEPORT DATE: 14 JAN 93 FINAL REPORT Wound Healing and Connective Tissue Metabolism: The Role of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy AD-A262483 REPORT DATE: JUN 92 FINAL REPORT

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AD-A284346 REPORT DATE: 31 MAR 93 FINAL REPORT

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X-Ray Absorption Spectroscopy of Electrochemically Generated Species, AD-A264749 REPORT DATE: 19 FEB 93 FINAL REPORT

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The 1991 Neural Information Processing Systems-natural & Synthetic.
AD-A264754 REPORT DATE: 04 FEB 93 FINAL REPORT

4D Interconnect Experimental Development.
AD-A264298 FINAL REPORT DATE: 29 JUN 93 FINAL REPORT

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UNCLASSIFIED 14155F

**ABSTRACTS** 

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

(UNITED KINGDOM) DEPT OF CHEMISTRY 11/8 DURHAM UNIV AD-8173 190L

New Perfluoropolyethers as Potential Lubricants

Final rept. 1 Sep 87-31 Aug 81 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

92

Chambers, Richard D.; Joel, Andrew K.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: West, Michael W.

AF0SR-87-0324 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0341, AFOSR MONITOR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Distribution: Further dissemination only as directed by AFGSR/NC, Bolling AFB, DC 20332-5260; 18 May 93 or higher DoD authority.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*LUBRICANTS, \*POLYETHERS, \*POLYMERS, FLUORINATION, SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), CHEMICAL REACTIONS, ORGANIC CHEMISTRY, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, CHEMICAL DESCRIPTORS: PROPERTIES

perfluoropoly, Glycol/polyethylene, Propene/hexafluoro. PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2303B2, Ether/ 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-B172 201

UTAH WATER RESEARCH LAB LOGAN

Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using **QSARS In An Expert System** ≘

16 Aug 89-15 Aug final rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

UAN 93

Doucette, William J.; Holt, Mark K.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Denne, Doug

AF0SR-89-0509 CONTRACT NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0175, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

experts and non-experts with a fast, economical method to estimate a compound's S, Kow, Pv, Koc, H, and BCF for use A microcomputer based Property Estimation Program (PEP), utilizing MCI-Property, TSA-property and property-property correlations and UNIFAC derived activity coefficients, was developed to provide both in environmental fate modeling. ABSTRACT:

AIR FORCE RESEARCH. DESCRIPTORS:

correlation, TSA Property correlation, Property property correlations, PEP(Property Estimation Programs), UNIFAC(UNIQUAC Functional Group Activity Coefficient), Aqueous solubility, KOW(Octonol/Water Partition Coefficient), KOC(Organic Carbon Normalized Soil/Water PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A4, MC1 Property constant, BCF(Bloconcentration Factor), Environmental fate modeling, TSA(Total Molecular Surface Area), MCI(Molecular Connectivity Indices), \*Environmental Sorption Coefficient), Vapor pressure, Henrys low impact assessment. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-8173 190L

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

LOCKHEED MISSILES AND SPACE CO INC PALO ALTO CA RESEARCH AD-8172 199L

AND DEVELOPMENT DIV

(U) Refractory Metal Beryllides for Aerospace Applications.

Final rept. 1 Mar 91-31 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**99**P 8 FEB

Chou, T. C.; Nieh, T. G.; Wadsworth, J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

LMSC-P059900 REPORT NO.

F49620-91-C-0024 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK ND.

TR-83-0170, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Distribution authorized to U.S. Government agencies only; Test and Evaluation; 1 Apr 93. Other requests shall be referred to the Air Force Office of Scientific Research, Bolling AFB, Washington, D.C. 20332.

experimental results in five major areas: powder metallurgy (PM) processing, mechanical alloying, pest reaction and oxidation behavior, structural stability, and creep properly of refractory metal beryllides, particularly the nioblum beryllide, Nb2Bel7. A three-step thermal cracking at temperatures between 600 and 1000 deg C, and exhibited poor oxidation resistance above 800 deg transformed into homogeneous Nb28e17 and NbBe12 compounds revealed that 2rBel3 exhibited complete disintegration at intermediate temperatures, while ND2Bel7 only showed very by subsequent vacuum annealing. The study of pm phenomenon of refractory-metal beryllides by oxidation slight disintegration. Nb2Bel7 was found vulnerable to Mechanical ball milling of Nb2Bel7 resulted in an ND2Bel7. Mechanical alloying of elemental Nb and Be powders, based on 1: 12 and 2:17 atomic ratios, was PM process was developed to fabricate single-phase demonstrated to result in amorphous which could be Ibis technical report summarizes 3 ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-B172 199L

crystal structure after vacuum annealing. In the area of amorphous state which cannot be restored to its original became plastic at elevated temperatures (> 1000 deg C). High-temperature creep study of Nb28e17 showed that the stress exponent was about 3. and the activation energy temperatures is apparently controlled by a dislocation toughness and hot-hardness test results indicated Lft although the material was brittle at low temperatures, was about 575 kJ/mol. The creep of Nb2Bell at high high-temperature mechanical properties, fracture glide mechanism.

\*NIOBIUM ALLOYS, ACTIVATION ENERGY, ANNEALING, BERYLLIDES, CREEP, CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, CRYSTALLIZATION, DISINTEGRATION, HARDNESS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, OXIDATION RESISTANCE, PLASTICS, STRUCTURES, TEMPERATURE, TEST AND EVALUATION, TOUGHNESS, VACUUM, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS, CRACKING(FRACTURING), THERMAL STRESSES, THERMAL STABILLTY, BRITTLENESS. \*POWDER METALLURGY, \*REFRACTORY METALS DESCRIPTORS:

1 Alloying, amorphization, Crystallization, Oxidation, Pest reaction, Ball milling, Hot hardness, Fracture toughness, High temperature creep, Sum exponent, Activation energy, PEG1102F, WUAFOSR230GAS, Niobium beryllides, Specific strength. Be, MbBell, è 1 Alloying, IDENTIFIERS:

AD-B172 199L

AD-B172 1991

UNC. SELFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A266 138

CONTINUED AD-A266 136 DENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1103D, WUAFOSR33484S4, Working memory, Text comprehension, Individual difference, AASERT Grant, Expository information

IDENTIFIERS:

GRANTS, METHODOLOGY, PROBES, READING, RECALL.

WASHINGTON STATE UNIV PULLMAN DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

Annual rept. 1 May 82-30 Apr 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

(U) Augmentation of Research on Cognitive Control.

MAY 93

Whitney, Paul PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-82-J-0243 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

24 TASK NO MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0421, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

condition, but subjects low in WM capacity answered fewer detail questions correctly in the topic absent condition. experiment, a probe deadline methodology sampled the contents of WM during the reading of expository passages. The lag between the presentation of expository information and the presentation of a probe question about that information was varied. The questions tested the reader's ability to recall detail or topic grant showed that readers high and low in working memory (WM) capacity read expository text in qualitatively different ways, and this resulted in the groups learning different information from the same text. In the first Results from the first year of the AASERT answered fewer detail probe questions correctly than those high in WM capacity. In the second experiment, subjects read the passages without topic sentences, and answered thematic and detail questions about them. Reading times for identical sentences in a topic absent information. Subjects performed similarly on the topic probe questions. However, subjects low in WM capacity and topic present conditions and subjects' accuracy in answering detail and topic questions were compared. Subjects performed similarly in the topic present Working memory, Text comprehension, Individual 3 differences ABSTRACT:

\*COMPREHENSION, \*LEARNING, ACCURACY, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A266 136

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UNCLASSIFIED

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

1/3 AD-A286 123

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY

(U) Photoelectron Spectroscopy of CN-, NCO-, and NCS-,

WUAFOSR2303ES, Electron

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303ES, E

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Pseudohalides.

CYANATES, ANIONS, METAL COMPLEXES, FREE RADICALS, VIBRATIONAL SPECTRA, SPECTROSCOPY, REPRINTS.

CONTINUED

AD-A266 123

50 NUS

Bradforth, Stephen E.; Kim, Eun H.; Arnold, Don W.; Neumark, Daniel M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0084 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-93-0407, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v98 n2 p800-810, 15 Jan 93. Available only to DIIC user. No copies furnished by NTIS.

+ or - 0.004 A. The gas phase fundamental for CN  $\{-\}$  is determined for the first time: NU = 2035 + or - 40 = cm (and NCO (-) NCS (-) have been recorded with a pulsed time-of-filght photoelectron spectrometer. The photoelectron spectrum of CN (-) has also been recorded at 213 nm revealing transitions to the SG (A) P: State as well as the ground Sq (x) Sigma Sup (+) state of the CN radical. The following adiabatic electron affinities (EAs) are determined: EA (CN) = 3.862 + or - 0.004 eV, EA (NCO) = 3.602 + or - 0.004 eV, EA (NCO) = 3.602 + or - 0.005 eV, and EA (NCS) = 3.607 + or - 0.005 eV. The adiabatic electron affinity of cyanide is in disagreement with the currently accepted literature value. Our measurement of the electron affinity of NCS confirms recent theoretical estimates that dispute the literature progressions observed in each spectrum, the change in bond length between anion and neutral are also determined. NCO (-) this yields R Sub 0 (C-N) = 1.17 + or - 0.01 A and R Sub 0 (C-0) = 1.28 + or - 0.01 A, and for CN- the equilibrium bond length is found to be R Sub o (C-N)=1.77 The 268 nm photoelectron spectra of CN (-) value. By Frank-Condon analysis of vibrational

\*PHOTOELECTRON SPECTRA, \*CYANIDES, 3

AD-A268 123

AD-A288 123

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TARES

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/2 20/5 20/8 4D-A266 122

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY

Anion Photoelectron Spectroscopy of Iodine-Carbon Dioxide Clusters. Ê

85

Arnold, Don W.; Bradforth, Stephen E.; Kim, Eun H.; Neumark, Daniel M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0084 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0410, AF0SR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, n97 v12, p9468-9471, 15 Dec 93.

and broadened in the cluster anion spectra due to the X(-) vibrational and electronic features seen in the bare X(-) spectrum, although these features are typically shifted proved to be a powerful method for the study of molecular 'solvating' species, M. The  $X(-)(M)(sub\ n)$  photoelectron clusters of the type A(-)(sub n) in which the additional spectra have been reported for elemental and molecular electron is delocalized over the entire anion cluster, and for mixed clusters of the type X(-)(M)(sub n) in Anion photoelectron spectroscopy has reasonable spectral resolution. Anion photolectron which a distinct X(-) chromophore interacts with a spectra obtained thus far have exhibited the same clusters because it combines mass-selectivity and /M interaction. (Author) 3

\*IODINE, \*CARBON DIOXIDE, REPRINTS, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, RESOLUTION, CHROMOPHORES, VIBRATION, ELECTRONICS, SOLVATION, INTERACTIONS, SOLUTES, NUCLEAR PHYSICS, \*PHOTOELECTRON SPECTRA, \*ANIONS ELEMENTARY PARTICLES. 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303ES, \*Clusters. Mass selectivity IDENTIFIERS:

20/5 AD-A266 121

4/1

20/8

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY

Transition-State Spectroscopy via Negative Ion Photodetachment, 3

83

Neumark, Daniel M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0084 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

ES TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0411, AFDSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Accounts of Chemical Research, v28

p33-39 1993.

complete potential energy surface for a chemical reaction. Given such a surface, one can, in principle, calculate all attributes of the reaction, down to the most detailed developed with the goal of extracting chemically accurate field of reaction dynamics is to be able to construct the that play the largest role in determining the dynamics of potential energy surfaces for reactions. This is a daunting problem; at present, the H + H2 reaction is the state-to-state cross section. Thus, in recent years, an reasonable to concentrate on the regions of the surface array of experimental and theoretical methods has been One of the most ambitious goals in the only system for which such a surface is available. However, while the construction of a full potential energy surface is certainly desirable, it seems more a chemical reaction. (Author) 3 ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*TRANSITIONS, \*SPECTROSCOPY, \*ELECTRONIC STATES, \*POTENTIAL ENERGY, \*SURFACES, REPRINTS, IONS, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, DYNAMICS, CROSS SECTIONS, ELECTRON TRANSITIONS, PHASE TRANSFORMATIONS. CONSTRUCTION, ABSORPTION, PHOTONS, ATOMS, MOLECULES, NUCLEAR PHYSICS

PEG 1102F, WUAFOSR2303ES IDENTIFIERS: (U)

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4165F

AD-A266 115 8/13 24/3

MEHARRY MEDICAL COLL NASHVILLE IN

\*Photodetachment, \*Negative ions

ŝ

CONTINUED

AD-A266 121

(U) Biotransformation of Toxic Metals by Bacteria.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 May 82-30 Apr 83.

MAY 93 56

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Blake, Robert,

7

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0246

PROJECT NO. 2300

TASK NO. HS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0419, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The aims of this research are to study each of the various molecular mechanisms whereby toxic metal cations and oxyanions are chemically transformed by bacteria that live in the soil. The research effort for the current year has focused on the Xanthomonas-dependent transformations of selenium and lead. Conversion of selenite and ionic lead into insoluble biocolloids was found to occur widely in the genus Xanthomonas. The resulting biocolloids were shown to bear negative charges derived from biological polymers associated with the metals in the colloid. The formation of a lead biocolloid was accomplished from a lead-citrate complex where citrate was the sole carbon source for the bacterium. These observations could prove useful for the eventual exploitation of Xanthomonas and related genera for the country.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, \*SELENIUM, \*SOIL MECHANICS, \*SOIL STRUCTURE INTERACTIONS, \*LEAD(METAL), \*POLYMERS, WASTE TREATMENT, INDUSTRIES, WASTES, COLLDIDS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2300HS, \*Xanthomonas, Ionic lead, Biocolloids, Bioremediation

AD-A268 115

**T4155F** 

<u>.</u>

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

4/8 AD-A268 113

CONTINUED AD-A268 113 SCN(Suprachiasmatic Nucleus).

ILLINGIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF CELL AND STRUCTURAL Biology

The Organization of the Suprachiasmatic Circadian Pacemaker of the Rat and Its Regulation by Neurotransmitters and Modulators. e

Annual rept. 1 Apr 90-31 Mar 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

18P 83 MAY ERSONAL AUTHORS: Gillette, Martha U.; DeMarco, Steven J.; Ding, Jian M.; Gallman, Eve A.; Faiman, Lia E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0205 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO.

TR-83-0423, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

patch recording techniques in long-lived SCN brain sitces glutamate, serotonin and neuropeptide Y, across the circadian cycle. Our findings emphasize the complexity of ISTRACT: (U) The long-term goal of these studies is to understand how cells of the suprachlasmatic nucleus (SCN) are organized to form a 24-h biological clock and what roles specific neurotransmitters and modulators play in persists in the ventrolateral region of microdissected organization and control of mammalian circadian timing timekeeping and resetting processes. We address these questions by assessing the pattern of spontaneous neuronal activity using extracellular and whole cell SCN and ahve begun to define the electrophysiological properties of neurons in this region. Further, we are investigating changing sensitivities of the SCN to from rats. We have observed that a robust pacemaker resetting by exogenous neurotransmitters, such as

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*BRAIN, CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, MODULATORS, RATS, LABORATORY ANIMALS, TIME INTERVALS, IN VITRO ANALYSIS, MEDICAL RESEARCH. DESCRIPTORS: (U) ...
NEUROTRANSMITTERS,

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR3484A4. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A266 113

AD-A268 113

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DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A266 099 9/5 25/2

FOSTER-MILLER INC WALTHAM MA

14/1

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AD-A268 099 CONTINUED

RATE, HOLOGRAMS, PROTOTYPES, PARALLEL PROCESSORS.

(U) Holographic Multiplexing for 3D Optical Memory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

JUN 93 26

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Domash, V. R.

REPORT NO. AFB-0077-FM-9566-624

CONTRACT NO. F48820-92-C-0077

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0414, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The increasing demand for larger memory capacity has led to the exploration of volume data storage in optical materials with theoretical capacities of 10 to the 13th power bits/cm cubed. However, an important technical barrier is the design of an input/output architecture to read and write to the optical 3D memory at very high speed. During Phase I of this effort, we have experimentally demonstrated the operation of a unique optical lock-in instrument that can play a key role in accessing optical memories at high data rates. This optical lock-in detector is capable of demultiplexing a highly complex wavefront consisting of a number of holograms that have been combined on a single light beam. Using the optical lock-in detector, it is possible to demultiplex and recover any individual hologram using optical mixing in a photorefractive medium with the appropriate modulation applied to the reference optical beam. For Phase II a prototype optical memory system is proposed, including highly parallel input/output techniques, a cache memory for faster access, and a unique photorefractive memory for faster access, and a unique photorefractive memory for faster access, and storage. At least one key component of this optical memory system, an optical beamlet array generator, is a likely candidate for Phase III development by foster-Miler and Polaroid Corporation

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*OPTICAL STORAGE, \*MULTIPLEXING, \*HOLOGRAPHY, \*OPTICAL DATA, THREE DIMENSIONAL, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, INPUT OUTPUT PROCESSING, DATA RATE, HIGH

AD-A266 099

AD - A268 099

**14155**F

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A266 093 7/6 7/5 20/6

SOUTHEASTERN OKLAHOMA STATE UNIV DURANT DEPT OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

(U) NMR Characterization of Polymers Formed in Diazotizing Mixtures of Luminol and 3-Amino-L-tyrosine.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Apr 92-31 Mar 93.

MAY 83 52P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Wright, John R.

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0418, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

diazotizing lumino! (5-amino-2,3-dihydro-1,4-phthalazinedione) and 3-amino-L-tyrosine in a mixed water/dimethylsulfoxide solvent; this was followed by acetone precipitation and aging of the solid residue for a month (the polymer forms slowly in the solid residue). An aqueous solution containing 0.50 F NaDH, 0.0011 M luminol, dosimeter for studying acoustic effects in pulsed, high-powered microwave irradiations, especially where the observed properties will depend on a characterization of concentration of 0.050 mg/mL was observed to undergo an effect. Since the sonochemiluminescent effect is marked and easily detected, the polymer may be applicable as a polymer might have an origin in the microwave acoustic instantaneous seven-fold increase of chemiluminescence known. Attempts at a structural characterization have .e., a reliable means for fragmenting the A melanin-like polymer was prepared by target geometry is complex. Further insight into the reports of strobes of luminescense induced by pulsed the structure of the polymer, which is currently not been hampered thus far by a lack of suitable polymer sonochemiluminescent property suggests that earlier microwave irradiations of aqueous solutions of the when the solution was subjected to a 0.5 Watt/mL trradiation with 20 kHz acoustic energy. This polymer or limiting its DPn has not been found. 0.010 F potassium formate and the polymer at a fragments, i

AD-A266 093 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*POLYMERS, \*TYROSINE, \*NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE, ACETONES, ACCUSTICS, CHEMILUMINESCENCE, DOSIMETERS, ENERGY, FORMATES, FRAGMENTS, GEOMETRY, IRRADIATION, MELANIN, MICROWAVES, POTASSIUM, PRECIPITATION, RESIDUES, SOLIDS, SOLVENTS, STRUCTURES, TARGETS, WATER, DIAZO COMPOUNDS, AGING(MATERIALS), PULSES, AMINES, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2312AS, \*Diazotizing, \*Luminol, 3-Amino-L-tyrosine, Dimethylsulfoxide, Sono chemiluminescence, DALM(Diazoluminomelanin)

AD-A266 093

AD-A266 093

UNCLASSIFIED

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**TAIS**E 7

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY 8/4 4D-A266 049

(U) Visual Encoding of Spatial Relations

Annual rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

40B MAY 93 Burbeck, Christina A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0114 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR. MONITOR

TR-83-0420, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

underlying spatial localization and their relationship to both lower and higher level processing were conducted. The spatial extent of position integration areas was measured and found to be adequate to account for the Studies on how area is encoded were conducted and related to the model of object formation.... Human vision, Visual psychophysics, Visual spatial localization, Position embedded targets was investigated and found to be insignificant, as it had previously been found to be for isolated targets. The relationship between separation discrimination and object formation was investigated and a model of the process of object formation developed. Psychophysical studies of the processes increase in separation discrimination thresholds with separation. The influence of the spatial frequency of

\*SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, DISCRIMINATION, FREQUENCY, HUMANS, INTEGRATION, MODELS, PROCESSING, SEPARATION, TARGETS, \*PSYCHOPHYSICS, \*VISUAL PERCEPTION ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313AS IDENTIFIERS: (U)

7/2 AD-A265 816

JOINT INST FOR LAB ASTROPHYSICS BOULDER CO

Quantum Yields for OH Production From 193 rm and 248

nm Photolysis of HNO3 and H202. 3

MAY 93

. O Schiffmann, A.; Nelson, D. PERSONAL AUTHORS: Nesbitt, D. J.

AF0SR-90-0055 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0369, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unl. Chemical Physics, v98 n9 p6935-6946, 1 May 93. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

H202 are measured at room temperature using flash kinetic spectroscopy in a flow tube. The OH radicals are produced by excimer laser photolysis and are probed via direct STRACT: (U) The absolute quantum yield phi for OH production from 193 nm and 248 nm photolysis of HWO3 and absorption of high resolution, tunable IR leser light ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*NITRIC ACID, \*HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, \*PHOTOLYSIS, REPRINTS, HYDROXIDES, PRODUCTION, HYDROXYL RADICALS, PHOTONS, ABSORPTION, VIBRATION, ROTATION, PRECURSORS, HIGH RESOLUTION, INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY, KINETICS, EXCIMERS, TUNABLE LASERS, LIGHT DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, \*Quantum IDENTIFIERS: (U) ylelds, Meinel.

AD-A266 049

## DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 764 22/1
VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INST AND STATE UNIV BLACKSBURG DEPT
OF ENGINEERING SCIEN CE AND MECHANICS

(U) Control of Large Space Structures with Varying Configuration.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Apr.89-31 Aug 92,

MAR 93 9F

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Metrovitch, Leonard

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-C-0045

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0387, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The research has produced significant advances in the state of the art on the following subjects: (1) A mathematical formulation for the maneuvering and control of flexible articulated multibody systems. (2) A theory for the modeling of flexible multibody structures. (3) A perturbation theory for the maneuvering and control of articulated flexible multibody systems. Maneuvering and control of articulated multibody systems, Modeling of flexible multibody systems. Perturbation theory for maneuvering and control.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*STATE OF THE ART, \*MANEUVERABILITY, \*FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, \*SPACE SYSTEMS, CONTROL, FORMULATIONS, PERTURBATIONS, THEORY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Military Structures

AD-A265 763 7/3

NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Organometallic Processes Promoted by Ultrasound,

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Boudjouk, Philip

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0197

PROJECT NO. 230

TÁSK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0378, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Current Trends in Sonochemistry, pill-120 1992. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) I want to thank Royal Society of Chemistry and particularly Gareth Price, the organizer of this symposium, for inviting me to sunny Manchester and giving me this opportunity to present some of our recent results our speciality is organosilicon chemistry and the work you will see here reflects that focus. This paper is divided into two sections: I. Stoichiometric Reactions of Group I Metals with Halosilanes, in which our studies of the reactions of dihalosilanes and alkal metals are presented; and II. Transition Metal Catalyzed Reactions of Silanes, which summarizes our results on the reactions of hydrosilanes with platinum on carbon and activated nickel. Both sections involving metals

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, \*ULTRASONICS, \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, SYMPOSIA, STOICHIOMETRY, GROUP I COMPOUNDS, ALKALI METALS, PLATINUM, NICKEL, CARBON, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Organosilicon, Halosilanes

AD-A265 763

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## DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 753 20/11 11/1

KANSAS UNIV LAWRENCE CENTER FOR RESEARCH IN ENGINEERING SCIENCE

(U) Automated Crack Identification for Cement Paste.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 4 Jun 90-13 Apr 93,

APR 93 77P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ketcham, Kirk W.; Romero, Francisco A.; Darwin, David; Gong, Shanglong; Abou-Zeid, Mohamed N.

REPORT NO. SM-34

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0296

PROJECT NO. 2302

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0385, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

phases. As a result, cracks cannot be identified based on described, along with a description of the development of adjacent to cracks, and minimum differences in gray level program are demonstrated. The gray level of epoxy-filled cracks in polished cement paste specimens is affected by requirements; and combined procedures that establish the gray level alone. Epoxy-filled cracks in polished cement The development of an automated procedure images Obtained with an integrated scanning electron microscope/image analysis system. Multiple developed to microcracking is measured using backscattered electron assist in the determination of the roles played by individual phases in cement paste in the formation and propagation of microcracks. Procedures for specimen the analysis program. The analysis capabilities of the identify and measure microcracks within the individual testing, preparation, imaging, and crack analysis are for the identification of microcracks in cementitious phases of cement paste. The procedure is developed to the atomic number density of underlying and adjacent floor of a crack, minimum gradient and gray level materials is described. The degree and nature of paste specimens can be identified of geometric ABSTRACT:

AD-A285 753 CONTINUED

between the floor of a crack and adjacent solid phases provide a reproducible and consistent technique for crack identification in cement paste... Backscattered electron imaging, Backscattering coefficient, Calibration, Cement paste, Cracking, Epoxy impregnation, Gray lavels, Hydration, Image acquisition, Image analysis.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CEMENTS, \*MICROCRACKING, \*ADHESIVES, \*DETECTION, ATOMIC PROPERTIES, BACKSCATTERING, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, DETERMINATION, ELECTRON MICROSCOPES, HYDRATION, IDENTIFICATION, IMAGES, IMPREGNATION, PROPAGATION, SCANNING, ELECTRON MICROSCOPES, SOLID PHASES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2302AS

AD-A265 753

AD-A265 753

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAIBSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A265 750

20/8

8/3

ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Two Temperature Modeling and Experimental Measurements of Laser Sustained Hydrogen Plasmas.

Two temperature modelling, \*Hydrogen

plasmas, \*Laser sustained hydrogen plasmas

KINETICS, METHODOLOGY, PREDICTIONS, REFRACTION, TEMPERATURE, TRANSFER, VARIABLES.

CONTINUED

AD-A285 750

Annual rept. 16 Jun 92-1 May 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

245P MAY 93 Krier, Herman; Mertogul, Ayhan E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

UILU-ENG-93-4015 REPORT NO. F49620-92-J-0448 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0386, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Results include global absorption as high as 90% and thermal efficiency as high as 80%. These results validate laser propulsion as a feasible orbital transfer technology. A kinetic nonequilibrium model of laser sustained hydrogen plasmas has been formulated and solved. this document has direct applicability to two temperature experiments. Multiple model solutions have been obtained effect on LSP performance. The methodology formulated in measured the global absorption and thermal efficiency of predictions of LSP performance well outside the realm of refraction by the LSP has been observed to have a major Model results have compared favorably with experimental temperature modeling, Laser sustained hydrogen plasmas. which are dependent upon initial conditions. No significant kinetic nonequilibrium was observed in LSP core regions for incident powers up to 700 kW. Beam refraction based upon plasma electron number density. Experiments have been performed which laser sustained hydrogen plasmas for the first time. modeling of arcjet plasmas, work which is currently This model is the first of its kind and includes a ... Beamed energy propulsion, Two discretized beam raytrace with a variable index of results and the model has been used to provide underway at UIUC. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*LASERS, \*MODELS, ABSORPTION, DENSITY, EFFICIENCY, ELECTRONS, ENERGY, GLOBAL, HYDROGEN, INDEXES DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A265 750

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## SLARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK AD-A285 749

Study of Improved Critical Currents and Mechanical Properties in YBaCuO Superconductor w/Ag or 211.

Annual rept. 1 Apr 92-31 Mar 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

32P APR 93

Chan, Siu-Wal PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0160 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

g TASK NO AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0385, AF0SR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

both the flux pinning and pair breaking models. This work was published Nov, 82 High quality YBCO films were grown on spinel and garnet. These substrate materials can decrease with increasing vol% of the 211 particles. The 211 particles were found to be effective in holding crack Fields in epitaxial thin films of YBCO were compared with STRACT: (U) The microstructure of the melted textured bulk YBCO materials with different vol% 211 were investigated. The homogeneity of 211 distribution was propagation. Hardness and toughness measurements will be performed. The measured critical current density in high interface between the superconducting and semiconducting materials for novel devices. This paper was submitted to APL... Superconductors, Critical currents, Dispersions, greatly improved by using a solution precipitated 211 powder in preparation. Grack spacings, were found to Thin films, Flux-pinning.

\*SUPERCONDUCTORS, CURRENT DENSITY, DISPERSIONS, DISTRIBUTION, GARNET, HARDNESS, HOMOGENEITY, INTERFACES, MATERIALS, MODELS, PARTICLES, POWDERS, SPINEL, SUBSTRATES. \*CRACK PROPAGATION, \*MICROSTRUCTURE, THIN FILMS, TOUGHNESS DESCRIPTORS:

7/2 AD-A265 745 NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

A Convenient Synthesis of Tricycle 3.3.1.13,7 Tetrasilathianes and Tricycle 3.3.1.13,7 Tetrasilaselenanes,

Boudjouk, Philip PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0197 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0375, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Inorganic Chemistry, v31 p712-713 1992. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

toward hydrolysis imposes the requirement of an anhydrous There are only two reports describing the catalytic amount of naphthalene in THF as a useful step convenient high-yield procedures for making anhydrous Na2S and Na 2Se from sodium, sulfur, or selenium and a trichlorosilane and hexamethyldisilathiane. Of the few synthesis of adamantane-like structures composed of silicon and selenium (RSI) 4 Se 8, one which utilizes references for synthesizing the silicon-sulfur system only one gives good yields deriving from RSiCl3 and (Me3St) 25. The instability of the Si-S or Si-Se bond route to these compounds. Recently we have reported in preparing a variety of organic and organosilicon volatile H2Se with a trichlorosilane and the other requiring a reaction time several days between chalcogenides ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SILICON, \*SELENIUM, \*CYCLIC COMPOUNDS, \*ADAMANTANES, \*SODIUM, REPRINTS, SYNTHESIS, ATOMS, SULFUR, NAPHTHALENES, CATALYSIS, HYDROLYSIS, METHYL RADICALS, HYDROCARBONS CHLOROSILANES, DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303BS, Cage 9 IDENTIFIERS:

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A265 745

AD-A265 744

Structures, Tetrahydrofuran, Chalcogenides,

\*Terasilathianes, \*Tetrasilaselenanes.

NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Transition Metal Coordination Compounds: Solvated and Unsolvated Anhydrous Metal Chlorides From Metal Chloride Hydrates MCin xH20+ 2x(CH3)3SiCi - MCin + xC H3Si20 + 2xHCi, 3

36 92 Boudjouk, Philip PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0060 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-93-0370, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONI TOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Inorganic Synthesis, v28 chapter 3 p108-110 1892. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

1 1

preparing anhydrous metal halides, thermal and chemical methods of removing water from hydrated metal halides are the most frequently employed. The pyrolysis of metal halide hydrates has been studied extensively and can lead as the standard dehydrating agent for metal chlorides. On refluxing, it reacts with water to evolve hydrogen chloride and sulfur dioxide. Even though these by products are removed from the reaction mixture, there are drawbacks involved with thionyl chloride; it is a severe have been widely used. The former has the disadvantage of because the reaction is slow, it must be used in excess to achieve convenient rates of dehydration. Removing the last traces of thionyl chloride is sometimes difficult. lachrymator that must freshly distilled before use, and, producing methanol and acetone, which often associate with metal halides, thus thionyl chloride has been used stepwise and mixtures of hydrates can be obtained. Dehydrating agents such as 2,2-dimethoxypropane and thionyl chloride are efficient dehydrating agents and to anhydrous saits, although temperature control is important for many hydrates because water is released Although there are several methods for Ĵ ABSTRACT:

AD-A265 744

40-A265 745

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A265 744

SSCRIPTORS: (U) \*TRANSITION METAL COMPOUNDS, \*DESICCANTS, HYDRATES, DRYING, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR230382, Coordination compounds, \*Metal hydrates, \*Anhydrous metal chloride, Drying techniques. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 743

NORTHWESTERN UNIV EVANSTON IL DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Characterization of Acoustic Emission Source to Identify fracture in Concrete. E

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Dec 89-Nov 92,

APR 93

Shah, Surendra P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-90-0101 CONTRACT NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0402, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Acoustic emission, Microcracking, Quasi-brittle materials, quantitative acoustic emission (AE) analysis techniques. Analytical tools were developed to process AE data. These found to be primarily mixed mode and shear. A new technique for testing concrete in unlaxial tension was developed. Using this technique localization and strain-softening behavior was examined. Microcracking was found to be evenly distributed throughout the specimen until about 80% of peak load. At this point localization began basis, experimental approaches, and results of research to evaluate fracture properties of concrete using tools included improvements in P-wave arrival analysis. AE source location calculation, and multichannel deconvolution techniques. The microfracture characteristics of mortar was evaluated using a three dimensional moment tensor analysis. Microcracking was and the microcracks coalesced into a single macrocrack This report describes the theoretical Damage localization. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ACOUSTIC EMISSIONS, \*CONCRETE, \*MICROCRACKING, \*FRACTURE(MECHANICS), DAMAGE, MOMENTS, MORTARS, MULTICHANNEL, SOFTENING, TENSION, TENSOR ANALYSIS, TENSORS, THREE DIMENSIONAL, ACOUSTIC DETECTION, SHEAR STRESSES, NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING, DAMAGE ASSESSMENT DESCRIPTORS: BRITTLENESS

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/10 20/8 1/4 AD-A265 741

AD-A265 737

CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES

NORTHWEST RESEARCH ASSOCIATES INC BELLEVUE WA

Pseudospectral Double Excitation Configuration Interaction 3

(U) Evidence of Saturation in a Gravity Wave Critical Layer

9

8

MAY

5 DEC 92

> Martinez, Todd J.; Carter, Emily A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Dunkerton, Timothy J.; Robins, Robert E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

> F49620-82-J-0244 CONTRACT NO

3484

PROJECT NO

F49620-89-C-0051 CONTRACT NO.

2310

PROJECT NO.

25 FASK NO

MONI TOR:

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TASK NO.

TR-93-0366, AFUSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0365, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of Chemical Physics, v98 p7081-7085 1993. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. in Jul. Availability: Pub.

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of the Atmosp. eric Sciences, v49 n24 p2560-2563, 15 Dec 92. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

configuration interaction method using a generator state self-consistent electron pair approach. The method scales as O(n2N3), compared to the conventional scaling of O(n2N4 + n3N3). In no case tested does the pseudospectral STRACT: (U) We present a pseudospectral formulation of the single reference, closed shell double excitation energy differ by more than 0.35 mhartree from the conventional result. ABSTRACT:

parameterize the effects of breaking in terms of convectively neutralized waves.... Gravity wave, Critical an overturned (convectively unstable) gravity wave critical layer were continued into an asymptotic regime in which the wave spectrum, and low-pass primary wave fields, were statistically stationary. This is the first dissipation of wave energy in the region of wavebreaking forced at the model's lower boundary, and the turbulent High-resolution numerical simulations of example of steady equilibration between a gravity wave in the critical layer. The equilibration supports the concept of wave saturation and theories which layer, Saturation, Wavebreaking. €

> CSCRIPTORS: (U) \*CONFIGURATIONS, \*EXCITATION, \*INTERACTIONS, ELECTRONS, ENERGY, FORMULATIONS, GENERATORS, REPRINTS, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS, MOLECULAR ORBITALS, SPECTRA. DESCRIPTORS:

> > Ü

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*GRAVITY, \*TURBULENT FLOW, \*BOUNDARY LAYER FLOW, BOUNDARIES, DISSIPATION, ENERGY, GRAVITY WAVES, HIGH RESOLUTION, SATURATION, SIMULATION, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, CONVECTION, TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER, DESCRIPTORS:

> \*Pseudospectral, Self-consistent, C'osed shells, CI(Configuration Interaction), SCEP(Self-Consistent PEB1103D, WUAFOSR3484S2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2310A1 3 IDENTIFIERS:

THREE DIMENSIONAL, REPRINTS

AD-A265 741

AD-A265 737

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DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 736 7/2 7/3 7/4 9/1

NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Tin-Sulfur and Tin-Selenium Phenylated Ring Systems as Organometallic Precursors in Tin Sulfide and Tin Selenide.

92 7P

1 1

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Boudjouk, Philip

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0080

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0372, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Group 14-18 six-membered rings, (PH2EX) 3 (E = Si, Sn; X = S, Se), were synthesized in 49-61 % yield from Ph2EC12 and anhydrous Na2X made from elemental Na and X with a catalytic amount of naphthalene in THF. Pyrolysis of the tin-containing rings, (Ph2SnS) 3 and (Ph2SnSe) 3, at temperature over 300 deg. 2 in hellum atmosphere yielded microcrystalline black powers identified as SnS or SnSe by X-ray diffraction. Scanning electron micrographs show the powers to consist of agglomerates of crystals having platey(SnS) or prismatic (SnSe) habits

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*TIN COMPOUNDS, \*SULFUR, \*SELENIUM, \*ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, \*SULFIDES, REPRINTS, PHENYL RADICALS, RINGS, PRECURSORS, SELENIDES, SODIUM, CATALYSIS, NAPHTHALENES, FURANS, PYROLYSIS, POWDERS, X RAY DIFFRACTION, SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPES, CRYSTALS, SOLAR CELLS, SEMICONDUCTORS, ALKYL RADICALS, SILICON, SYNTHESIS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR230382, Group 14-16 Compounds, Tetra hydrofuran, Microcrystalline, Micrographs.

HY SEARCH CUNIKUL NO. 14155

AD-A265 735 21/2

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA

(U) Theories of Turbulent Combustion in High Speed Flows.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. Apr 92-Apr 93

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Libby, P. A.; Williams, F. J

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0184

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0382, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This research involves theoretical studies of the chemical and fluid mechanical phenomena which make turbulent combustion in high-speed flows different from such combustion in low-speed flows. Finite-rate chemistry plays a significant role in high-speed flows because of the small ratios of flow times to chemical times. The studies address ignition and extinction phenomena in nonpremixed turbulent combustion of hydrogen-air systems by both numerical and asymptotic methods. Attention also is paid to effects of compressibility in high-speed turbulent combustion, with consideration given to interdispersal configurations of shocklets and flamelets. Efforts are made to provide a firmer foundation for the modeling of high-speed turbulent reacting flows, to aid in the development of a formulation which gives results that can be compared with experiments, on turbulent combustion... Turbulent flames, Diffusion flames, Supersonic combustion.

DESCRIFTORS: (U) \*IGNITION, \*SUPERSONIC COMBUSTION, \*TURBULENT FLOW, COMBUSTION, COMPRESSIVE PROPERTIES, CONFIGURATIONS, DIFFUSION, FLAMES, HYDROGEN, RATIOS, VELOCITY, HIGH VELOCITY, LOW VELOCITY, CHEMICAL REACTIONS

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308BS

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. 74155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/8 AD-A265 734 CALIFORNIA UNIV SANTA BARBARA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Efficient Cotical Logic, Interconnections and Processing Using Quantum Confined Structures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Sep 89-31 Mar 93,

APR 93

RSONAL AUTHORS: Coldren, L. A.; Gossard, A. C.; Barron, C. C.; Thompson, G.; Whitehead, M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

ECE -TR-93-10 REPORT NO. AF0SR-89-0549 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO

TR-83-0385, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

It summarizes work extending over the entire contract period which began 30 Sept 1989. The work is not reported In chronological order. Rather, it is organized according This is the final report of AFOSR-89-0549. to subject, and it is intended to be somewhat tutorial, although only work at UCSB is included. ABSTRACT: (U)

ESCRIPIURS: (U) \*MODULATORS, \*ELECTROOPTICS, CONTRACTS, WORK, HIGH FREQUENCY, TRANSVERSE, SENSITIVITY, SYMMETRY, ASYMMETRY. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR23050S, Electroabsorption, \*Fabry perot modulators, Electrorefraction € IDENTIFIERS:

6/4 AD-A265 732 CHICAGO UNIV IL DEPT OF MEDICINE

Phase-Shifting Effect of Light and Exercise on the Human Circadian Clock 3

Annual rept. 1 Mar 91-28 Feb 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 93

Cauter, Eve V. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0\$R-90-0222 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-83-0378, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

plasma cortisol, plasma TSH, plasma melatonin and body temperature, were monitored. Based on the analysis of the TSH profiles, our findings indicate that exposure to light around the time of the minimum of body temperature results in phase-advances averaging less than one hour in magnitude. Exposure to light approximately 3 hours before the time of the minimum of body temperature results in 1determine the magnitude and direction of immediate phaseshifts of human rhythms following a single exposure to a 3-hour pulse of bright light or physical activity. pulse presentation. Four oven rhythms which are strongly resultant phase-shifts were performed under the same constant routine conditions on the first day following findings regarding the effects of exercise are still dependent on circadian timing, i.e., the rhythms of The aim of the present study was to The pulse of light or activity was presented under constant routine conditions and measurement of the 2 hour phase delays. Preliminary analyses of the melatonin profiles confirm these observations. Our inconclusive.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*BODY TEMPERATURE, \*LIGHT, \*EXERCISE(PHYSIOLOGY), \*CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, CORTISOL, DELAY, HUMANS, MELATONIN, OBSERVATION, PHASE, PROFILES, DESCRIPTORS:

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AD-A265 734

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DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A265 732 CONTINUED

AD-A265 730 7/4 20/10

20/5

7/2

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Phase shifting, Light effects, Exercise effects, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312CS.

FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE

(U) Development of Practical MO Techniques for Prediction of the Properties and Behavior of Materials.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 92,

MAY 93 6P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Dewar, Michael J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0085

PROJECT NO. 2303

82

TASK NO.

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-83-0400, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The original SAM1 program has been completely rewritten and optimized, and geometry optimization is now carried out using analytical derivatives instead of finite difference. Satisfactory parameters for carbon and hydrogen were obtained. However, problems were found for the case of nitrogen and oxygen, particularly for compounds containing N-N bonds. Testing of SAM1 was carried out by performing calculations for an extensive set of molecular species for which apparently reliable experimental data are available.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CARBON, \*HYDROGEN, \*NITROGEN, \*MOLECULAR ORBITALS, \*PREDICTIONS, \*QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, GEOMETRY, OPTIMIZATION, OXYGEN, PARAMETERS, KINETIC ENERGY, CHEMICAL BONDS, COMPUTATIONS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, SAM1 Computer program, Self assembled monolayer

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A265 728

1/8 9/8 AD-A265 728 MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING And computer science

Nonlinear Laser Spectroscopy Studies of Semiconductor Heterostructures.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*OPTICAL PROPERTIES, \*SEMICONDUCTORS, \*ELECTROOPTICS, ALUMINUM GALLIUM ARSENIDES, FOUR WAVE MIXING, FREQUENCY, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, LASERS, MATERIALS, MIXING, QUANTUM WELLS, SILICON, SPECTROSCOPY, VELOCITY,

DESCRIPTORS:

Quantum electrooptics.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

TIME DOMAIN, WORK, NONLINEAR OPTICS

Final rept. 15 Dec 89-14 Jan 93 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Steel, Duncan PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-90-0100 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-83-0397, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Algafs quantum wells. This work is based on frequency and semiconductor, there are also potential optical applications. Under this AFOSR grant, our laboratory has been involved in the general area of the study of the optical physics of semiconductors. These studies have literature in semiconductors because of the new physical spectroscopy methods in the study of bulk GaAs and GaAs/ materials may provide improved performance over silicon provided new insight into the nature of optical properties as well as material properties. The work has were developed by our group under earlier AFOSR support focused on III-V compounds because it is believed these mportance to communications, computing, and other high time domain four-wave mixing techniques, many of which properties of these systems as well as showing that in heterostructures, the effects of disorder mist be emphasized the application of coherent nonlinear laser nformation density applications. Much of the work has potential for new smaller and higher speed devices of phenomena which can be observed and because of the These experiments are enabling us to measure many optoelectronics has dominated much of the recent In addition since they are a direct band gap Research progress in quantum

AD-A265 728

included in order to provide a complete understanding

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## DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A265 727 21/2 19/1

BRIGHAM YOUNG UNIV PROVO UT DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Distributed Combustion in Solid Propellants.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 91-1 Feb 92,

MAR 93 58P

á

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Beckstead, M. W.; Brooks, K. P.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0152

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. AS MONITOR: AFOSR,

t: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0401, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

based on large activation energy asymptotics, has been coupled to the acoustic model. Results have been compared to experimental data showing that the McIntosh transfer function is an improvement over previous models. Law's oxide accumulation on the surface of the burning aluminum particle, and convection. There are no adjustable parameters in the improved aluminum combustion model, and calculated internally. Results indicate that the modified model compares more favorably to experimental data than a Calculations show a sensitivity to the size of the region developed. To improve the model, the McIntosh flame model model of aluminum combustion has been modified to include The results show reasonable agreement with available data program to quantify the effect of distributed combustion of metal particles in a Rijke burner. Under a previous contract experimental data were obtained with the Rijke This report summarizes work on a research simple liquid droplet model. The aluminum combustion model has also been coupled to the Rijke acoustic model. between the particle response and the acoustic pressure. of influence surrounding a particle and to the time lag Unstable combustion, Distributed combustion, Acoustic the effects of multiple oxidizers and their products, for aluminum particles burning in the Rijke burner.. burner, and a mathematical model of the burner was both transport and thermodynamic properties are 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-A265 727 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMBUSTION, \*SOLID PROPELLANTS,
ACCUMULATION, ACOUSTICS, ACTIVATION ENERGY, AGREEMENTS,
ALUMINUM, BURNERS, CONTRACTS, CONVECTION, EXPERIMENTAL
DATA, FLAMES, FUNCTIONS, INSTABILITY, LIQUIDS,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, METALS, OXIDES, OXIDIZERS,
PARAMETERS, PARTICLES, PRESSURE, REGIONS, RESPONSE,
SENSITIVITY, SUURFACES, THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES, TIME,
TRANSFER FUNCTIONS, TRANSPORT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308AS.

AU-A285 727

## DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 724 8/4

HAMMANN UNIV PHILADELPHIA PA DEPT OF MENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

(U) Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanisms of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Dec 90-14 Dec 91 DEC 91 15P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Aston-Jones, Gary

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0147

PROJECT NO. 2312

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

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TASK NO

TR-83-0379, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

overall tendency of the animal to respond behaviorally to help in discrimination between target and non-target cues (d'), while the elevated tonic activity may increase the cues in our vigilance task does not occur during epochs of high tonic LC activity, which also corresponds with poor performance (longer latency bar responses and more that the phasic responses of LC neurons to targets may during the task, revealing a close correspondence with The work has been going quite well. We false alarms). These results lead us now to speculate find that the phasic activation of LC cells by target any stimulus (B). We also have some preliminary data relationships between LC activity and pupil diameter indicating that activation of LC with pilocarpine decreases attentiveness to the task (as measured by fixation frequency). Finally, we are finding close autonomic arousal. 3 ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*VIGILANCE, \*BRAIN, ACTIVATION, ANIMALS, DIAMETERS, DISCRIMINATION, FALSE ALARMS, NERVE CELLS, RESPONSE, TARGETS, WARNING SYSTEMS, VISUAL PERCEPTION, REACTION(PSYCHOLOGY).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR23128S, Nerve activity, Brain activity, Locus coerculeus.

AD-A265 724

AD-A265 723 6/10

WYOMING UNIV LARAMIE

6/1

(U) Cellular Mechanism of Turnover of the Stress Induced Protein HSP 70.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Apr 82-14 Apr 83,

MAY 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Petersen, Nancy

CONTRACT NO. F49620-82-J-0234

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0383, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Synthesis of the heat shock protein, hsp70, decay is occurring in vivo, we propose to identify the in chemical stress. Both because of the role of this protein We have shown that Drosophila hsp70 decays in vitro by an vivo breakdown products of hsp70 and to compare their Nproducts. Precisely the same cutting site would indicate mechanism regulating the levels of hsp70 accumulation if it occurs in vivo. To determine whether autoproteolytic accumulation as a measurement of cellular response in stress, it is important to study the stability of hsp70. that the same protease may be responsible for the decay terminal sequences to those of the in vitro breakdown in cellular recovery from stress and because of the autoproteolytic mechanism (Mitchell et al., 1985). Autoproteolytic decay could be part of the feedback appears to be essential for recovery from heat and in both cases. We will also determine the site of protease activity in hsp70 for the in vitro decay possibility of using levels of hsp70 synthesis or ŝ ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*RECOVERY, \*HEAT STRESS(PHYSIOLOGY),
ACCUMULATION, CHEMICALS, CUTTING, DECAY, DROSOPHILA,
FEEDBACK, HEAT, MEASUREMENT, PEPTIDE HYDROLASES, PROTEINS,
RESPONSE, SEQUENCES, SITES, STABILITY, SHOCK(PATHOLOGY),
RELAXATION(PHYSIOLOGY), SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY).

AD-A265 723

DAGE 23 T415.

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A265 723 OHIO STATE UNIV RESEARCH FOUNDATION COLUMBUS

22/1

AD-A265 720

IDENTIFIERS: protein.

(U) Relegation for Decentralized Control PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2312AS, Heat shock 9

Final rept. 1 Mar 89-30 Sep 82 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

145P FEB 93 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ozguner, U.

F49620-89-C-0046 CONTRACT NO.

AF0SR, XC TR-93-0390, AF0SR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

first year concentrated on optimal relegation. In the second part of the report, we concentrate on circuit analogies for large flexible space structures. Many large-scale systems such as flexible spacecraft appendages are effort at Ohio State on the Project Relegation for Decentralized Control. The first part of this reflects on in the first year of research. This work performed in the embedding active materials into the links and relegating the control tasks structures. The third part of this report describes work one of the primary research topics which was considered singular perturbations for multi-time scale analysis of two-link structures. This work was developed for use in centralized control difficult. Thus, we propose several methods for designing decentralized control laws that take system nonlinearities into account. Equally This motivated research on applying well-known circuit performed on another primary research topic which was theory techniques to the problem of modeling flexible important is the task of modeling large-scale systems In this report, we describe the total considered in the first year of research-the use of nonlinear in behavior. But their large scale makes ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*DECENTRALIZATION, \*OPTIMIZATION, \*CONTROL SYSTEMS, \*SPACE SYSTEMS, FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, CIRCUITS, ANALOGIES, MANIPULATORS, SPACECRAFT, MONLINEAR

Space structures 3 I DENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 720

AD-A265 723

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY PRODUCTION, RATES, SPECTRA, SURFACES, TRANSITIONS, REPRINTS, HYDROGEN, PHOTONS, RADIATIVE TRANSFER, EXCITATION.

CONTINUED

AD-A265 719

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2303B1, Atomic

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

reagents.

7/2 20/8 7/5 AD-A265 719

BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF CHEMISTRY COHNS HOPKINS UNIV Chemiluminescence Spectra and Cross Sections for the Reaction of 8(4p 2P) with H2 and D2, 3

Yang, Xuefeng; Dagdigian, Paul J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0383 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

<u>.</u> TASK NO AF0SR, XC TR-83-0368, AF0SR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unl. of Physical Chemistry, v87 n17 p4270-4276 1993. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

of B(4p 2p) with H2 and D2 have been observed and analyzed. The boron atom reagent was formed by 268 nm multiphoton dissociation of BBr3, and the 4p 2p level was prepared by sequential laser-induced radiative difference in the chemiluminescence cross section between the H2 and D2 reactions... Boron, Chemiluminescence. the observed products occurs through nonadiabatic transitions from highly excited BH2 potential energy surfaces. Such a model qualitatively explains the large ISTRACT: (U) Chemiluminescence spectra of electronically excited BH/BD products from the reaction rate constants for production of the Alpi, b3sigma (-), transitions through the 3s 2S level. Chemiluminescence correlation diagram, it is concluded that formation of consideration of the B + H2 yields BH + H adiabatic chemiluminescence and the 4p 2P (right arrow) 3s 2S radiative decay of the atomic reagent. From a and C'idelta electronic states were determined by comparing the intensities of the product ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHEMILUMINESCENCE, \*DISSOCIATION, \*ELECTRONIC STATES, \*BORON HYDRIDES, \*DEUTERONS, ATOMS, BORRON, CONSTANTS, CORRELATION, CROSS SECTIONS, DECAY, ENERGY, INTENSITY, LASERS, MODELS, POTENTIAL ENERGY. DESCRIPTORS:

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/5 20/3 7/3 AD-A265 718 NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

hydrofuran, Group 14-18 compounds, \*Lead

CONTINUED

AD-A265 718

A Convenient Synthesis of 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexaphenyldiplumbathiane and 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexapheny 1 diphiumbase lenane

Boudjouk, Philip PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0197 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR: LASK NO.

TR-93-0373, AFOSR AFOSR, XC

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Inorganic Chemistry, v31 p4015-4016 1992. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

3 Pb) 2 with sulfur powder for several days, and treating Ph 3 PbC! with Ph 3 PbS!! in tetrahydrofuran. Only one procedure has been reported for synthesis of hexaphenyldiplumbaselenane, and it requires Ph 3 PbC! and Ph 3 PbSeL! Recently we reported new methods for making anhydrous sodium sulfide and sodium selenide and are now precursors to group 14-group 18 binary semiconductor materials. We report here the usefulness of these reagents in the synthesis of (Ph 3 Pb) 2 S and (Ph 3 Pbc2 Se by treating them with Ph3Pbc1 or Ph 2 Pbc1 2 investigating their utility in the synthesis of group 14-group 16 organometallic compounds, which may be useful as ISTRACT: (U) Hexaphenyldiplumbathlane has been synthesized by several methods which include mixing Ph 3 PbC! and aqueous sodium sulfide in ethanol, stirring (Ph ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*DRGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, \*SODIUM, \*SELENIDES, \*SULFIDES, \*CHLORIDES, SYNTHESIS, REPRINTS, PHENYL RADICALS, SULFUR, POWDERS, MIXING, FURANS, SEMICONDUCTORS, MATERIALS, PRECURSORS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, \*Hexa Phenyl

Plumbathlane, \*Hexa Phenyl Plumbaselenane, Tetra

3

IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 718

AD-A265 718

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

7/3 AD-A265 717

FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV

Trity] Tetrakis(3,5-bis(Trifluoromethy!)Phenyl}-Borate: A New Hydride Abstraction Reagent. Ê

85

Boudjouk, Philip; Bahr, Steven R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0197 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR: TASK NO.

TR-93-0377, AFOSR AFOSR, XC

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jul. of Organic Chemistry, v57 p5545-5547 1992. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

very efficient hydride abstraction reagent are described The synthesis and properties of a new ABSTRACT: (U) in detail

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*HYDRIDES, \*BORATES, \*PHENYL RADICALS, \*FLUORINE, \*METHYL RADICALS, REPRINTS, ANIONS, ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, CATIONS, DEGRADATION, BORON, CARBON, CHEMICAL BONDS, SODIUM, SYNTHESIS. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2303B2, \*Trityl Tetrakis(3- 5-bis(trifluoro methyl) Phenyl)borate, Cycloheptatrine, \*Abstraction reagents, Counterions, Metallocenes, TFPB(Trityl Tetrakis(3-5-bis(trifluoro methyl) Phenyl) borate), Triphenyl methyl group Carbentum Ions DENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 716

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA TAMPA DEPT OF PHYSICS

Final rept. 1 Mar 89-28 Feb 83, (U) Short Wavelength Crystal Fiber Devices. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

24P APR 83

Ojeu, N. PERSONAL AUTHORS: AF0SR-89-0283 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO. AF0SR, XC TR-93-0396, AF0SR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

process which would be amenable for implementation in the crystal fiber form. For what the upconversion laser energy ion beams was investigated for this purpose. The other was the identification of a suitable upconversion generation of short wavelength visible laser radiation was explored under this program. There were two major thrusts to this work. One of them was the search for a The potential of crystal fibers for the Implantation cladding of bare crystal fibers with high suitable technique to produce low loss crystal fibers. potential of Im: YAG was explored ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*LASER BEAMS, \*FIBERS, \*CRYSTAL GROWTH, \*CLADDING, \*FIBER OPTICS, ION IMPLANTATION, LOW LOSS, SHORT WAVELENGTHS, REFRACTIVE INDEX, LITHIUM NIOBATES, THICKNESS, YAG LASERS. DESCRIPTORS:

Crystal fibers IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A265 717

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SITES(PHYSIOLOGY), ESCHERICHIA COLI, MUTAGENS, LABORATORY TESTS, HUMANS, MICE, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, MEDICAL RESEARCH, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY.

CONTINUED

AD-A285 715

Enkaryotic cells, Poly(ADP-ribosylation) enzyme, Enkaryotic cells, PADPRP, NAD(Nicotinamide Adenine Dirucleotide), Organelle, Gene expression, PE81102F,

WUAFOSR2312AS

IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 715

GEORGETOWN UNIV WASHINGTON DC SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

The Key Involvement of Poly(ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense Against Toxic Agents: Molecular Biology Studies. e

Annual technical rept. 1 Apr 92-31 Mar DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 93

Smulson, Mark E PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0242 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Se TASK NO.

TR-83-0384, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

recovery from toxic agents during the renewal period. For example, we propose to construct expression vectors containing alterations in the active site and the DNA this cDNA, in an appropriate vector, can be expressed in eukaryotic cells above endogenous levels. Accordingly, Through the use of several of these mutants that we have already expressed in E. coli during the past granting period, the modulation of PADPRP structure should allow expression of these 'analog' PADPRPs will be expressed STRACT: (U) Our laboratory, during an earlier AFOSR granting period, was the first to isolate and clone a full-length cDNA for this enzyme. We also showed that us to learn considerably more about the mechanism and experiments, utilizing recombinant DNA techniques, to test for the role of this enzyme in DNA repair and binding domain of PADPRP and to eventually stably integrate these into eukaryotic cells such that role of this enzyme in cells exposed to stressful our laboratory is capable of performing direct environments

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BIOCHEMISTRY, \*ENZYMES, \*DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, DISEASE VECTORS, TOXIC AGENTS, IONIZING RADIATION, PESTICIDES, GENES, RECEPTOR

AD-A265 715

AD-A285 715

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/1 11/4 AD-A265 704

CINCINNATI UNIV OH DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING MECHANICS

WUAF0SR2308A3

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IDENTIFIERS:

CONTINUED

AD-A265 704

Materials for Nondestructive Evaluation Applications. Ultrasonic Wave Interaction with Advanced Complex

Final rept. 15 Dec 88-15 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC

Nayfeh, Adnan H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0177 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-83-0394, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

literature as archival publications, we need not rereport them here. Results for the recently completed works have plates and substrates. In the second phase we introduced AFOSR in the form of yearly reports. Since these reports also been prepared for journal publication. Description behavior of complex composite materials. We have developed analytical, and numerical modeling techniques of the influence of general composite laminate piezoelectric effects into our modeling. In the final phase we studied the dynamic response of the layered composite to transfent-loadings in the form of time-dependent source loads. Complete documentation of the results of the first two phases were submitted to the orientation on the ultrasonic behavior of anisotropic continued our modeling and analysis of the mechanical contained completed items which also appeared in the During the period of the grant we of these works are included here in details. 3

\*NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING, DYNAMIC RESPONSE, DYNAMICS, LAMINATES, PIEZOELECTRIC EFFECT, SUBSTRATES, TRANSIENTS, COMPLEX COMPOUNDS, MECHANICS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, ACOUSTIC MEASUREMENT, ANISOTROPY, WAVE PROPAGATION, \*COMPOSITE MATERIALS, \*ULTRASONICS, HARMONIC ANALYSIS 9 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A265 704

AD-A265 704

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SEARCH CONTROL ND. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/2 AD-A265 684

NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY Hexamethyldisilathlane 3

9

Boudjouk, Philip PERSONAL AUTHORS:

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO. AFDSR, XC TR-83-0371, AFDSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Inorganic Syntheses, v29 chi.11 p30-32 1992. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

alkali metal selenides and diselenides. Commercial sodium sulfide or lithium sulfide are reported to be poor Hexamethyldisilathiane(I) has been widely used in synthesis, particularly as a suifur transfer agent or silylating reagent. The synthesis of hexamethyldisilathiane from sodium sulfide and chlorotrimethylsilane is described here. The present method is based on the convenient in situ syntheses of substitutes for in situ generated sulfides in this 3 reaction ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SULFUR, \*SODIUM, \*METHYL RADICALS, \*SILANES, REPRINTS, ALKALI METALS, SELENIDES, SULFIDES, SYNTHESIS, NAPHTHALENES, TOXICITY.

Hexamethyldisilathiane, Trimethylchlorosilane PE61102F, WUAFOSR230382 ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 683

FARGO DEPT OF CHENISTRY NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV Exclusive Beta-Hydrosilylation of Acrylates Catalyzed by Copper-Tetramethylethylenediamine, 3

4

Boudjouk, Philip; Kloos, Steven; Rajkumar, Amirthini B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0197 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AF0SR, XC TR-83-0374, AF0SR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Organometallic Chemistry, v443, pC41-C43 1893, Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. STRACT: (U) Trichlorosilane and methyldichlorosilane react with methyl and ethyl acrylate to give high yields of only the beta adduct in the presence of copper salts and tetramethylethylenediamine ABSTRACT: (U)

CATALYIORS: (U) \*ACRYLATES, \*COPPER, \*CHLOROSILANES, CATALYSIS, REPRINTS, METHYL RADICALS, ETHYL RADICALS, SALTS, ETHYLENEDIAMINE, SILICON, OLEFIN POLYMERS, CHEMICAL BONDS, SILANES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, \*Beta ENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, \*Bei hydrosilylation, \*Tetramethylethylene diamine, TMEDA (tertamethylethylene diamine), Diames IDENTIFIERS:

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**T4155F** 

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## DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 679 20/5

FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE

(U) The Equation of Motion Coupled-Cluster Method. A Systematic Biorthogonal Approach to Molecular Excitation Energies, Transition Probabilities, and Excited State Properties,

CONFIGURATIONS, DENSITY, ELECTRONIC STATES, ELECTRONICS, ENERGY, GROUND STATE, INTERACTIONS, ISOMERS, MOTION, OSCILLATORS, THEORY, TRANSITIONS, WAVE FUNCTIONS.

\*EQUATIONS OF MOTION,

\*CLUSTERING.

CONTINUED

AD-A265 679

Labor force,

Postservice earning, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303FS

Human capital theory,

3

IDENTIFIERS:

MAY 83 12P

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0141

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. FS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0387, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unl. of Chemical Physics, v98 n9 p7029-7039, i May 93. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NIIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) A comprehensive overview of the equation of motion coupled-cluster (EDM-CC) method and its application to molecular systems is presented. By exploiting the biorthogonal nature of the theory, it is shown that excited state properties and transition strengths can be evaluated via a generalized expectation value approach that incorporates both the bra and ket state wave functions. Reduced density matrices defined by this procedure are given by closed form expressions. For the root of the EDM-CC effective Hamiltonian that corresponds to the EDM-CC effective Hamiltonian that corresponds to the ground state, the resulting equations are equivalent to the usual expressions for normal single-reference CC density matrices. Thus, the method described in this paper provides a universal definition of coupled-cluster density matrices. providing a link between EDM-CC and traditional ground state CC theory. Excitation energy, oscillator strength, and property calculations are illustrated by means of several numerical examples, including comparisons with full configuration interaction calculations and a detailed study of the ten lowest electronically excited states of the cyclic isomer Of C4... quantum theory, Excited electronic states.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*EXCITATION, \*QUANTUM THEORY,

AD-A265 679

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## DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A265 678 13/12

WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

\*MICRDWECHANICS, CRACKS, DYNAMICS, FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, INTERFEROMETRY, MECHANICS, SLIDING, STATICS, FATIGUE(MECHANICS), STATIC LOADS, CRACK PROPAGATION, TENSILE STRESS, STRAIN(MECHANICS).

CONTINUED

AD-A265 678

Cohesive zone

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

(U) Macro- and Micro-Mechanics of Mixed-Mode Dynamic Fracture of Concrete, Part 1. Micro-Mechanic Analysis.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Dec 90-14 Dec 92,

FEB 93 82

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Yu, Chang-Te; Guo, Zhikai; Kobayashi, A.S.; Hawkins, Neii M.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0128

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0408, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepard in cooperation with Illinois Univ., Urbana, IL. Dept of Civil Engrg.

ABSTRACT: (U) A hybrid experimental-numerical procedure was used to analyze the micro-mechanics of the mixed-mode, static and dynamic fracture of a concrete three-point bend specimen with an offset precrack. Four/two beam moire interferometry was used to record simultaneously separating horizontal and vertical displacements associated with stable/rapid growth. An elasto-static/elasto-dynamic finite element code was execute in its propagation mode with assumed crack closure stress (CCS) versus crack opening displacement (CDD) and crack shearing stress (CSS) versus crack siding displacement (CSD) relations which were adjusted to match the computed and measured CDD's and CSD's. The resultant CCS versus COD and the CSS versus CSD relations were then sed to compute the dissipated energy in the FPZ. This jnergy dissipated energy release rate throughout the dynamic fracture process. This study also showed that the strain energy in the fracture process zone after crack kinking are due mainly to mode I crack tip deformation. Concrete fracture, Mixed-mode dynamic fracture, Fracture process one, whoire interferometry, Dynamic finite element

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CONCRETE, \*FRACTURE(MECHANICS),

AD-A265 676

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

17/11 17/8 AD-A265 673 STORRS DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND SYSTEMS CONNECTICUT UNIV ENGINEERING (U) Estimation With Multisensor/Multiscan Detection Fusion.

Final rept. 1 Mar 92-28 Feb 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

69 FEB 93

Santosa, Fadil PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49820-82-J-0150 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO

TR-93-0391, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

multifarget problems. Including ballistic missile track initiation from a passive orbiting sensor. Section 3 presents some new efficient factorization algorithms that improve the numerical accuracy for several advanced state estimation filters used in practice. Section 4 deals with procedure to carry out nonlinear transformations commonly encountered in practical surveillance systems, that eliminates the bias and provides a correct (rather than optimistic) covariance matrix. The topics covered in sections 2, 5 and 8 deal with discrete optimization (assignment) techniques applied to various multisensor-This first topic deals with a new evaluation of performability measure of complex manufacturing systems 3

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MULTISENSORS, \*MULTIPLE TARGETS, GUIDED MISSILE DETECTION, MCVING TARGETS, TARGET DETECTION, KALMAN FILTERING, CARTESIAN COORDINATES. TRACKING, ALGORITHMS, COMPUTER AIDED MANUFACTURING, TRANSFORMATIONS(MATHEMATICS). DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304DS € IDENTIFIERS:

21/2 AD-A265 871

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY

(U) Mapping Closures for Turbulent Combustion.

Annual rept. 15 Feb 92-14 Feb 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

<u>-</u> MAR 93 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Pope, Stephen B

AF0SR-81-0184 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

**A2** TASK NO.

TR-93-0380, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

for turbulent reactive flows; and an exact expression has been obtained for the probability density function of shortcoming of existing models is that they are non-local in composition. A model has been developed, based on the construction of a Euclidean minimum spanning tree (EMSI). temperature (or other random quantities) in statistically stationary turbulence. Turbulent combustion, Mixing model STRACT: (U) The overall objective of the research program is to develop and test an improved model for the process of molecular diffusion in turbulent reactive overcomes a major flaw in previous models. Additionally, studies have been made of stochastic Lagrangian models flows. In application to turbulent combustion, a major This model is inspired by the mapping closure, and reduces to it in the case of a single composition. In general, the model is asymp.otically local, and hence

\*COMBUSTION, \*TURBULENT FLOW, CLOSURES, DENSITY, DIFFUSION, MAPPING, MIXING, MODELS, PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTIONS, TEMPERATURE, TEST AND EVALUATION, TURBULENCE, LAGRANGIAN FUNCTIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2308A2, Reactive flow, Turbulent combustion. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 671

AD-A265 673

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

Small, Macroscopic.

AD-A285 670 20/3 9/1 20/10 20/12 AD-A265 670

SALT LAKE CITY DEPT OF PHYSICS UTAH UNIV (U) High Frequency Behavior of Long and Small Junctions.

Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 93

Symko, Orest G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0149 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0383, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

fundamentals and applications of long Josephson Junctions and very small junctions, all fabricated out of NbN. We This research consisted of studies of the unction biased at Fiske steps, is presented for studies single electron tunneling is observed. We were the first tunnelling down to 15 mK. A new system, a long Josephson of Macroscopic Quantum Tunneling. Our results show applications of fluxons in long Josephson junctions for to present such tunneling at room temperature; this is Fluxon Oscillator, Voltage Standard, and for observing Macroscopic Coherent Tunneling. We, have also studied have developed technology for fabricating by reactive current densities of 100-1,000 A/sq cm Such junctions were used for studies of giant steps on the I-V curve caused by fluxon pinning and of macroscopic quantum sputtering high quality long Josephson junctions with important for applications. Students and postdoctoral fellows were involved in this research. very small NbN junctions fabricated with a STM where ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*JOSEPHSON JUNCTIONS, \*HIGH FREQUENCY.
ELECTRONS, OSCILLATORS, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SPUTTERING,
STANDARDS, TEMPERATURE, TUNNELING, VOLTAGE, NIOBIUM,
NITRIDES, CURRENT DENSITY, COHERENCE, SUPERCONDUCTIVITY,
MAGNETIC PROPERTIES, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS. DESCRIPTORS:

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WUAFOSR2305C3, Fluxons, Single, Long, 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 670

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## DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 669 12/4

AD-A265 869

INTEGRATED SYSTEMS INC SANTA CLARA CA

UNCERTAINTY, LEAST SQUARES METHOD.

CONTINUED

(U) Set-Membership Identification for Robust Control Design.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1, \*Robust procedures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 89-31 Mar 93,

APR 83 103P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kosut, Robert L.

REPORT NO. 151-5752-3

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-C-0119

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0389, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

developing methods of system identification for robust control design. The starting point is an a priori plant description containing both parametric and nonparametric uncertainty. The identification methods are developed under differing a priori assumptions on the parametric and nonparametric and nonparametric parts of the model set. For example, when a bound on the nonparametric part is known, it is shown that the parameters of the model are contained in either an ellipsoid or hyperboloid, depending on the data. Computational methods are very similar to standard least-squares methods and can be computed in a batch or recursive manner. The parameter set membership description is used for robust control design via a mini-max optimization problem. Other approaches explored include high-order AXX models which produce purely parametric uncertainty under standard statistical assumptions on the disturbances. A learning scheme is also investigated where the control and identification are iteratively coupled by the closed-loop.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS, \*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, ELLIPSOIDS, IDENTIFICATION, LEARNING, LOOPS, OPTIMIZATION, PARAMETERS, STANDARDS,

AD-A265 669

AD-A265 669

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A285 657 6/4 6/5 23/2 23/1

HANNEMANN UNIV PHILADELPHIA PA DEPT OF MENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

(U) Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanisms of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 15 Dec 89-31 Dec 82,

MAY 93 4

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Jones, Gary A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0147

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0399, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

monkey performing a vigilance task. We have found that LC neurons vary activity phasically and tonically during vigilance performance. Phasic responses are selectively We have developed techniques for recording highly labile attention that prevents focusing attention activity in an inverted U relationship. Too little LC activity is associated with poor performance due to nonattentiveness to the task, as measured by the frequency of foveating a fix spot required to initiate each trial Results indicate that the LC functions to regulate the lability of attention. In this view, performance on a recordings of high signal/noise (better than 3/1) from single neurons in LC for several hours in the waking alertness, while high tonic LC activity corresponds to for long time epochs. Together, these results indicate coerulaus (LC) naurons using microwire electrodes (25 micrometers diameter). A combination of improved electrode design, new microadvancer and methods to accurately localize the LC nucleus now permits stable task requiring focused attention varies with tonic LC evoked by target cues, and follow new targets during acquisition of reversal in this task. Tonically, LC stable unit activity from individual monkey locus neurons vary activity levels in accordance with

AD-A265 657 CONTINUED

that optimal vigilance performance (e.g., radar monitoring activity) may require an intermediate level of LC activity and high phasic responsiveness of LC neurons.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ATTENTION, \*MONKEYS, \*NERVE CELLS, \*CEREBRAL CORTEX, \*BRAIN, ACQUISITION, ELECTRODES, FOCUSING, FUNCTIONS, MICROMETERS, MONITORING, NOISE, RESPONSE, SIGNALS, TARGETS, VIGILANCE, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, IN VIVO ANALYSIS, SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO, RADAR OPERATORS, LABORATORY ANIMALS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR23128S, Locus coeruleus neurons, Microwire electrodes, Microwarcer

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## DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A265 626 1/1 12/1
BROWN UNIV PROVIDENCE RI DIV OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS

U) Computational Methods for Problems in Aerodynamics Using Parallel and Vector Architectures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 92,

MAY 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Gottileb, David

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0093

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0404, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Simulize flows with shock waves is summarized in four published papers. In (2) the authors study uniform high order spectral methods to solve multi-dimensional Euler equations for gas dynamics. Uniform high order spectral approximations with spectral accuracy in smooth regions of solutions are constructed by introducing the idea of the Essentially Non-Oscillatory (END) polynomial interpolations into the spectral methods. Based on the new approximations, nonoscillatory spectral methods which possess the properties of both upwinding difference schemes and spectral methods were proposed. Numerical results are presented for the inviscid Burger's equation, and for one dimensional Euler equations including the interactions between a shock wave and density disturbance, Sod's and Lax's shock the problems, and the blast wave problem. Finally, the interaction between a Mach 3 two dimensional shock wave and a rotating vortex is simulated.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SHDCK WAVES, \*SHOCK SPECTRA, \*NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, \*GAS DYNAMICS, EULER EQUATIONS, CHEBYSHEV APPROXIMATIONS, POLYNOMIALS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304CS, Discontinuous functions, END(Essentially NonOscillator).

AD-A265 626

AD-A265 595 12/4

COLORADO STATE UNIV FORT COLLINS DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Parametric and Combinatorial Problems in Constrained Optimization.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 90-28 Feb 93

FEB 93 2

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Poore, Aubrey B.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0138

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. DS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0403, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The data association problem in multitarget tracking has been formulated and solved as a multidimensional assignment problem. Extensive simulations have been performed to demonstrate speed and robustness of these algorithms.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ALGORITHMS, \*COMBINATORIAL ANALYSIS, \*PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS, \*MULTIPLE TARGETS, TRACKING, PROBLEM SOLVING, MULTISENSORS, FALSE ALARMS, PARALLEL PROCESSORS, CONTROL SYSTEMS, OPTIMIZATION, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, REAL TIME, CONVERGENCE, SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INFORMATION THEORY, BIFURCATION(MATHEMATICS).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2304DS, PEB1102F.

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

OLD DOMINION UNIV NORFOLK VA 20/4 AD-A265 594

Structure and Stability of Reacting Compressible Free Shear Layers. 3

Final rept. Jul 91-Jun 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

CB N00

Grosch, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0250 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO. MONITOR:

SS

LASK NO.

AF0SR, XC TR-93-0405, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

mixing layers. The research performed under this contract STRACT: (U) The contract is in support of research on the structure and stability of reacting compressible has resulted in our learning a great deal about the structure and stability of reacting compressible mixing ABSTRACT: layers.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMPRESSIBLE FLOW, \*BOUNDARY LAYER FLOW, LAYERS, MIXING, STABILITY, MACH NUMBER, SUPERSONIC FLOW, SUBSONIC FLOW, SHEAR PROPERTIES. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFDSR2304CS, PEB1102F, Shear flow. Ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

7/2 20/5 AD-A265 334

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20/12

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY

Translational Energy Transfer: S(1D)+CO, N sub 2, O sub 2, and CO sub 2 Measured by Doppler Spectroscopy. Electronic-to-Vibrational, -Rotational, and e

Nan, G.; Neyer, D. W.; Houston, P. L.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Burak, I

2303 PROJECT NO.

ES TASK NO.

TR-93-0231, AFUSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v98 n6 Availability: Pub. p4603-4609 Mar 93

scattering, the results suggest that less energy than the statistical prediction is partitioned into translation disposed into internal degrees of freedom and on the differential scattering cross section for the inelastic collision. For CO and N2 the results are consistent with CO2 have been investigated to estimate the fraction of the sulfur electronic energy that is deposited in the internal degrees of freedom in the collision partner during the quenching of S(1D) to S(3P). The experiment measures the Doppler profile of the S(3P) product, a profile that depends both on the amount of energy assumed to be isotropic in the collision plane and for which the energy is partitioned statistically into the a collision complex model for which the scattering is degrees of freedom. Under the assumption of isotropic for collisions with 02, whereas more energy is Collisions of S(1D) with CO. partitioned into translation for CO2 3 ABSTRACT:

\*ENERGY TRANSFER, \*SULFUR, \*ELECTRONIC NITROGEN, DXYGEN, CARBON DIOXIDE, ULTRAVIOLET EQUIPMENT, VIBRATION, ROTATION, EXCITATION, DEGREES OF FREEDOM, INTERNAL, COLLISIONS, QUENCHING DOPPLER SYSTEMS, PROFILES, SCATTERING, ISOTROPISM, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, DYNAMICS, VACUUM, LIGHT, STATES, REPRINTS, NITROGEN, OXYGEN, ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A265 334

# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A265 334 CONTINUED

AD-A265 311 12/1 20

ATOMS, DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTIONS, GROUND STATE, SPIN STATES, PHOTOLYSIS, SPECTROSCOPY.

MARYLAND UNIV BALTIMORE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303ES

(U) A Simple Model of Melt Fracture.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Dec

DEC 92 60

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Greenberg, James

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0352

PROJECT NO. 2304

MONITOR: AFOSR, )

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TASK NO.

: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0323, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

understanding the nature of the flow instability - a switch from a slip to a no slip boundary condition at the wall of the capillary tube - if it is possible to control the inlet flow to the capillary in the unstable regime in constitutive equation has a spinodal type nonlinearity. A Ecole Nationale Superieure des Mines de Paris led by J.F The PI produced an excellent explanation of the unpleasant shark-skinning observed in certain polymer extrusion processes. This work has been brought Celanese and Greenberg and Demay will work this summer oscillatory phenomena is present when one replaces the to the attention of researchers at Corning and Hoechst Agassant. One goal of this work is to see if the same instead at materials whose shear stress - strain rate difficult question also worth pursuing is whether now with members of the Materials Sciences Center at the slip boundary condition by a no slip one and looks such a way as to reduce the oscillations and shark skinning of the final product. Ξ

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*EXTRUSION, \*POLYMERS,

\*FRACTURE(MECHANICS), \*SHEAR STRESSES, BOUNDARIES,

CAPILLARY TUBES, CONTROL, EQUATIONS, INLETS, INSTABILITY,

MATERIALS, MELTS, OSCILLATION, RATES, STRAIN RATE,

SWITCHES, FLOW RATE, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, VISCOSITY,

STEADY FLOW.

AD-A285 311

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A265 311

WUAFOSR2304A1, Shark skinning.

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IDENTIFIERS:

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11/4 AD-A265 310

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

(U) Mechanical Interaction Between Synthetic Fiber and Cement Base Matrix in FRC Composites.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 90-31 Oct 92,

FEB 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: L1, Victor C.; Chan, Yin-Wen

AF05R-90-0328 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0364, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Specifically, in fiber reinforced cementitious composites, importance for the mechanical properties of the composite. and cement matrix. This report summarizes research investigations and findings of a study of the fiber-cement interfacial debond mode, namely strength-based or usually employed to bind other materials together. Different interfaces are thus generated between various media in the resulted materials. It has been well influence on the mechanical interactions between fibers break-down processed occurring at the interphase levels recognized that the interfacial microstructure between investigations will provide physical insights into the micromechanical modeling, accompanied by environmental scanning electron microscopy. We expect that such predominated by the fiber-cement interface due to its interfacial bond property control. These studies have been done with the help of fiber pull-out experiments In cement-based materials, cement is using an MTS digitally controlled load frame and the composite material properties are especially of fiber reinforced cementitious composites. The cement binder and inclusions is of the greatest knowledge, in turn, many serve to achieve fiber reinforced cementitious composites with higher fracture-based debond modes, and on an issue of performance. DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CEMENTS, \*COMPOSITE MATERIALS, BINDERS, FIBERS, INCLUSIONS, INTERACTIONS, INTERFACES, MICROSCOPY, MICROSTRUCTURE, SCANNING, SYNTHETIC FIBERS.

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 310 CONTINUED

AD-A265 304 7/6 20/1:

TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN

20/13 7/3

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Comer Interface.

Cement based composites, Fiber,

(U) Polymer-Polymer Interactions.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Sep 89-14 Nov 92,

MAY 93 16P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sanchez, Isaac C.; Paul, Donald R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0479

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0358, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

MSTRACT: (U) Our approach for understanding polymerpolymer interactions is to measure heats of mixing of
small molecule analogs. In particular, we have focused on
small molecule analogs of polystyrene (PS) and Poly (2, 6
dimethyl phenylene oxide) (PPD), this well-known system
is miscible, but the origin of its miscibility has
perplexed investigators for over 25 years. Our
measurements and associated molecular mechanics/Monte
Carlo calculations have firmly established that the two
methyl groups on PPD play a significant role in affecting
miscibility. We have developed two equation of state
a significant advance in our understanding of hydrogen
bonding interactions in both polymeric and non-polymeric
systems. The models have been successfully applied to a
variety of systems that include supercritical fluids.
solubility of gases in liquid polymers has been treated
theoretically using the lattice-fluid model. (Author)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*POLYSTYRENE, \*INTERACTIONS, MONTE MEASUREMENT, HEAT, MIXING, MOLECULES, POLYMERS, MONTE CARLO METHOD, METHYL RADICALS, HYDROGEN BONDS, MODELS, SUPERCRITICAL FLOW, SOLUBILITY, GASES, LIQUIDS, HYDROCARBONS, CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS, POLARIZATION, COMPRESSION, SOLVENTS, HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE, THERMODYNAMICS, FLUIDS.

AD-A265 304

AD-A265 310

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A285 304 MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

5/8

AD-A265 298

(U) PE81102F, Poly(2-6-dimethyl Phenylene Oxtde), PP0. IDENTIFIERS:

Biological and Theoretical Studies of Adaptive Networks: The Conditioned Responses 3

Annual rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 AUG 92 Moore, John W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-82-J-0387 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0282, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

cells recorded in the made show modulated activity during both the acoustic conditioned stimulus (CS) and the trace are basically consistent with related work in other laboratories that have employed other forms of conditioned behavior and in species besides rabbits. The new information this study Provides is that learning expressed as phasic bursts of firing. These observations Findings to date are as follows: (a) Most interval between the CS and the unconditioned stimulus (US). (b) Modulation of activity is more likely on CS+ responses than on trials without conditioned responses (c) Differences in modulation of activity is primarily trials than CS- trials and on trials with conditioned related activity occupies that trace interval. ABSTRACT:

\*NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, ACCUSTICS, BEHAVIOR, INTERVALS, LEARNING, MODULATION, NETWORKS, OBSERVATION, RABBITS, RESPONSE, RUPTURE, WORK, PSYCHOLOGY, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, ASSOCIATIVE PROCESSING, BIOLOGY, NERVE CELLS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PATTERNS, RESPONSE, ADAPTIVE TRAINING. \*CONDITIONED RESPONSE, \*NEURAL NETS, E DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312BS IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A265 298

AD-A285 304

## DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 295 4/1

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV LAUREL ND APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

(U) An Investigation of the Near Earth Space Environments.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual progress rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 92,

JAN 93 121

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Meng, Ching I

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0196

PROJECT NO. 2311

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0261, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Mapping the different regions of the magnetosphere into the ionosphere under varying solar wind conditions. This research is relevant to future USAF operational systems needs in that the environment experienced by a spacecraft differs greatly depending on the region being transited. (2) Understanding the convection surge mechanism in the magnetotail. (3) Determining the plasma source region for dayside auroral emissions through coordinated satellite imagery and particle data. (4) Creating a new interpretation for dayside auroral transients, involving directly driven ionospheric response to magnetosheath

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*IONOSPHERE, \*MAGNETOSPHERE, \*SOLAR WIND, \*AURORAE, ARTIFICIAL SATELLITES, EMISSION, MAPPING, PARTICLES, SPACE ENVIRONMENTS, SPACECRAFT, TRANSIENTS, CONVECTION (ATMOSPHERIC), PLASMAS(PHYSICS), AIR FORCE OPERATION

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2311AS, Satellite images

AD-A265 275 20/4

RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIV NEW BRUNSWICK NJ DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE E NGINEERING

(U) Theoretical Investigation of 3-D Shock Mave -Turbulent Boundary Layer Interactions. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Interim rept. 1 Mar-30 Sep 92,

40V 93 55

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Knight, Doyle D.

REPORT NO. RU-TR-MAE-184-F

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0268

PROJECT NO. 2307

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0357, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The research concerns the understanding of 3-D shock wave/turbulent boundary-layer interactions. The research effort during the current period focused on the following areas: (a) the 3-D double fin ( crossing shock ) interaction at Mach 8.3 for symmetric 15 deg fins, (2) the 3-D crossing shock interaction at Mach 4 for symmetric 15 deg fins, and (3) the 3-D tripe ( triple shock ) interaction at Mach 8.3 for 10 deg fins

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*HYPERSONIC FLOW, \*TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER, \*THREE DIMENSIONAL FLOW, \*SHOCK WAVES, \*INTERACTIONS, SHOCK TESTS, VORTICES, YAW, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, AIR FORCE RESEARCH.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Triple shocks, High speed inlet systems, Balchin and Lomax models, Radi models, Flat plate surface pressures, Aerospace engineering, Yaw angle, Pitot

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/1 1/4 AD-A265 257 OKLAHOMA STATE UNIV STILLWATER DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Semiclassical Calculation of State-Selective Electronic Predissociation Rate Constants. Ĵ

8

9

Sahm, David K.; Thompson, Donald L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-90-0048 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-83-0297, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Chemical Physics Letters, v205 n2,3 p241-247, 8 Apr 83. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

method. Specific states (tori), corresponding to semiclassical states given by EBK theory. Were found by using adiabatic switching. Potential-energy surfaces that cross were assumed since the nonadiabatic interaction is small. Most trajectories on the initial potential-energy surface are quasiperiodic. The rate constants computed predissociation in collinear N2O (1 sum +) right transition arrow N2 (1 sum + sub g) + O(3P) have been calculated by a classical trajectory surface-hopping State-selected rate constant for for the various tori show fluctuations. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CONSTANTS, \*DISSOCIATION, \*ELECTRONIC STATES, \*COMPUTATIONS, \*RATES, CHEMICALS, DYNAMICS, ELECTRONICS, ENERGY, INTERACTIONS, PHYSICS, POTENTIAL ENERGY, MOLECULAR STATES, NITROGEN, MONOXIDES, ADIABATIC CONDITIONS, REPRINTS, SURFACES, SWITCHING, THEORY, TRAJECTORIES, TUNNELING. DESCRIPTORS:

JENTIFIERS: (U) Nonadiabatic reactions, Mode selective behavior, WUAFOSR230383, Semiclassical calculation, \*Predissociation, Tori, Hopping IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A265 254

DALLAS TX DEPT OF COMPUTER SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIV SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING Optimization Algorithms for Integer Networks with Side Constraints for Application in Routing and Scheduling. 3

Final technical rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

124P FEB 93

Kennington, Jeffery L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0032 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-93-0295, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SSTRACT: (U) This document presents a new serial and parallel algorithms for the on-to-one shortest problem. This is the current best algorithms for this problem and world's fastest code. Other algorithms for various network models, including the pure network problem, the generalized problem, the multicommodity network problem with a piecewise linear convex cost function are also we believe that our software implementation is the presented. ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ALGORITHMS. \*OPTIMIZATION, \*COMPUTER NETWORKS, COSTS, ROUTING, SCHEDULING, AIR FORCE PLANNING, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, STATE OF THE ART. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2304DS. 3 IDENTIFIERS: 1415E

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A265 253

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

(U) Visual Psychophysics of Egomotion.

Interim rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Curvilinear motion, Self motion perception, Eccentricity, Eye movements, PE01102F, WUAFOSR2313CS.

Egomotion, Motion perception,

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

OBSERVERS, OPTICS, PATHS, PATTERNS, PSYCHOPHYSICS, SEARCHING, SIMULATION, VELOCITY, COMPUTERS, CONSTANTS, Models, Stimuli, Volume.

CONTINUED

AD-A265 253

MAR 93

Turano, Kathleen PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0154 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

SS TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0259, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

study further explored the role of eye movements in the perception of motion. Speed-difference thresholds were measured under conditions of stabilized and free-viewing conditions. Despite the fact that eye movements can alter conditions, an observer's ability to determine whether s/ judge speed differences in the free-viewing condition as identified with least contrast energy. The best stimulus was determined to be at 3 cycles/deg,1.67 deg/s with One study investigated, under two viewing relative to the stimulus motion, observers were able to condition, the retinal image was stabilized against the effects of eye movements, in the other condition, eye exception of the slowest speed. At the slowest speed, observers were able to detect smaller speed differences in the free-viewing condition. A third study determined the optimal stimulus for motion detection by searching he was moving forward along a straight or curved path using simulations of optic flow patterns. In one well as in the stabilized-viewing condition, with the Image decreased performance at slow speeds. A second movements were unrestricted. Stabilizing the retinal the direction and speed of the retinal-image motion the spatiotemporal stimulus whose direction was bandwidths of 7.08 Hz and 1 - 0.5 octaves. ABSTRACT:

\*MOTION, \*VISUAL PERCEPTION, CONTRAST, DETECTION, ECCENTRICITY, EYE MOVEMENTS, FLOW, IMAGES, DESCRIPTORS:

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UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

COEFFICIENTS,

\*PARAMETERS,

\*ALGORITHMS

3

DESCRIPTORS: AD-A265 252

CONTINUED

CONVERGENCE, DAMPING, DELAY, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, EQUATIONS, ESTIMATES, FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, GUARANTEES, IDENTIFICATION, INTEGRAL EQUATIONS, INTEGRALS, MODELS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, STRUCTURES, TEST AND EVALUATION, VARIABLES.

PE61103D, WUAFOSR3484D7.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

12/1 AD-A285 252

ARKANSAS UNIV FAYETTEVILLE

Computational Algorithms or Identification of Distributed Parameter Systems. Final technical rept. 1 Sep 89-28 Feb DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 93

Brewer, Dennis W.; Powers, Robert K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-89-0472 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

TR-93-0361, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

identification algorithm was developed and tested for estimating parameters in a Volterra integral. equation arising from a viscoelastic model of a flexible structure with Boltzmann damping. In particular, one of the parameters identified was the order of the derivative in algorithm to estimate unknown damping parameters in these fractional derivatives, a form of viscoelastic damping. A approximate the partial differential equation with memory algorithm based on quasifinearization which applies to a Galerkin approximation in the space variable was used to by a system of integro-differential equations. Numerical differential equations. Such systems have been proposed as hereditary models of aeroelastic systems. A numerical framework for the convergence of a parameter estimation which guarantee local convergence of the identification algorithm was applied to delay and systems.... Parameter estimation, Fractical derivative experiments were performed to test the ability of the linear dynamical systems. Conditions were established class of distributed parameter systems described by Volterra integro-differential equations containing This research established a general coefficient identification in systems of delay-Ê

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AD-A265 252

8 PAGE

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 250 12/3

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK CENTER FOR MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

CONTINUED

AD-A265 250

(U) Applications of Multivariate Analysis.

**\$** 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 May 91-31 Jan 93,

JAN 93 1

PERSONAL AUTHORS: RAO, C. R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0242

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0359, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

on minimal assumptions and involve simpler computational methods have been devised for multitarget tracking. The new methods are found to be satisfactory as they depend considered as a major advance from the point of view of and more informative than those considered methods are applied to study properties of Theoretical and computational aspects of bootstrap are reviewed. Exact tests have been developed to test the expansions have been extended to cover the cases where Research was carried out in a number of areas of multivariate analysis. New methods have been proposed in the theory of M-estimation to safeguard derived under a minimal set of assumptions. Bootstrap techniques are extended to nonstandard situations. a statistical model is proposed which is against outliers. Asymptotic distributions have been practical applications. A new differential geometric significance of parent-offspring correlations. New some of the variables are not continuous, which is algorithms. In the area of probability, Edgeworth estimates of parameters. structure of more general earlier. The ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS, ALGORITHMS, CORRELATION, DISTRIBUTION, ESTIMATES, EXPANSION, MODELS, NUMBERS, PARAMETERS, PROBABILITY, STRUCTURES, TEST AND EVALUATION, THEORY, TRACKING, VARIABLES, MULTIPLE TARGETS.

AD-A285 250

AD-A285 250

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 47 T4

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A285 213 12/1
COLORADO STATE UNIV FORT COLLINS DEPT OF STATISTICS

(U) Multivariate Problems of Statistics, Combinatorics. Reliability, and Signal Processing.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 92,

OCT 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Srivastava, J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0031

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. ES

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0360, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A large amount of work, of high quality, was produced under this grant. The PI gave invited talks at ten technical meetings and conferences, was elected to the membership of the Third World Academy of Science, had four papers published, with six more being accepted for publication. Four papers have been submitted for publication and eight papers are in final preparation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMBINATORIAL ANALYSIS, \*SIGNAL PROCESSING, \*MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS, \*RELIABILITY. DOCUMENTS, GRANTS, FREPARATION, QUALITY.

AD-A265 203 1/2 1:

GEORGE MASON UNIV FAIRFAX VA

(U) Fast Adaptive Maneuvering Experiment (Fame).

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 7 Aug 91-8 Sep 92,

MAR 92 9

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Hintz, Kenneth J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0372

PROJECT NO. 230

TASK NO. B3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0269, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

available stand (Filtemaster, Jr.) which has been modified to limit its range of motion and make it suitable for laboratory operation. The stand has been instrumented with potentiometers to measure all 6 degreesmicrocontroller unit (MCU) has been employed to implement of-freedom (6-DOF). In order to make the interface to the the RS-232 communications protocol, convert the voltages researchurs with a physical, non-linear system of modest dimensionality with coupled dynamics. The system to be controlled is a commercially available model electric helicopter (Whisper) which is secured to a commerciallyperform the coordinate conversions to a Cartesian space The Fast Adaptive Maneuvering Experiment on the potentiometers into angles (8-bit quantization), position, and translate commands from the NN controller reply to requests from the NN controller for helicopter Ž system as simple as possible a Motorola MCBBHCll (FAME) is designed to provide neural network into appropriate servo commands. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*NEURAL NETS, \*FLIGHT MANEUVERS, \*COMPUTER PROGRAMS, ANGLES, CONVERSION, COORDINATES, DEGREES OF FREEDOM, DYNAMICS, HELICOPTERS, INTERFACES, LABORATORIES, LINEAR SYSTEMS, MODELS, MOTION, NETWORKS, OPERATION, POTENTIOMETERS, QUANTIZATION, VOLTAGE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR230583, FAME(Fast

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AD-A265 213

工作员等的工

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 203 CONTINUED

Adaptive Maneuvering Experiment).

AD-A265 177

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES RESEARCH CENTER EAST HARTFORD CT

(U) Processing and Properties of Coated HPZ Fiber Reinforced Glass-Ceramic Matrix Composites.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. May 88-Jan 93,

MAR 83 124P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Brennan, John; Allen, William; McCluskey, Philip; Jarmon, David

REPORT NO. R93-870104-2

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0062

PROJECT NO. 2306

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0382, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

BSTRACT: (U) The main objective of this program was to utilize fiber coatings to tailor, or 'engineer', the chemistry and bonding characteristics of the fiber/matrix interface in glass-ceramic matrix composites reinforced with Dow Corning's polymer derived Si-N-C-O 'HPZ' fibers such that relatively weak bonding exists at the interface to allow matrix crack deflaction to occur, thus increasing the toughness and damage tolerance of the composite, while at the same time maintaining the high temperature oxidative stab'lity of the matrix/coating/fiber interfacial region. In addition, for this particular system which is inherently reactive, the fiber coating must also act as a barrier to interdiffusion and reaction. A secondary objective of this program is to investigate advanced composite processing methods other than the traditional hot-pressing, such as hot isostatic than the traditional hot-pressing, such as hot isostatic integrally woven fiber preforms. During the performance of this contract, the microstructure and properties of barium magnesium aluminosilicate (BMAS) glass-ceramic composites fabricated with these coated fibers were investigated... Ceramic composite interfaces, HPZ Fibers

AD-A265 177

AD-A265 203

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A265 177

microstructure, BMAS Glass-ceramic matrix/coated HPZ fiber composites. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*GLASS, \*PROCESSING, \*TOUGHNESS, BARIUM.
BARRIERS, CERAMIC MATRIX COMPOSITES, CHEMISTRY, COATINGS,
CRACKS, FIBERS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, HOT PRESSING,
INTERFACES, ISOSTATIC PRESSING, MAGNESIUM, MICROSTRUCTURE,
POLYMERS, SILICON, TENSILE PROPERTIES, FLEXURAL PROPERTIES, STABILITY, TEMPERATURE. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2HIP(Hot Isostatic Pressing), HPZ Fibers. E IDENTIFIERS:

20/4 AD-A265 159

FLORIDA AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL UNIV TALLAHASSEE

(U) Unsteady Flow Past a NACA 0012 Airfoil Pitching at Constant Rates.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 92

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lourenco, Luiz M.; Krothapalli, A.; Van Dommelen, L.; Shih, C.

FMRL -TR-8 REPORT NO. F49629-89-C-0014 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO

င္ပ TASK NO. AFUSR, XC TR-93-0383, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

a local vorticity accumulation. The interaction of these airfeil undergoing a constant-rate pitching up motion is consequence of Van Dommelen and Shen type separation and unsteady separated flow in the vicinity of the leading and trailing edges of the airfoll. The measurements are carried out using the Particle Image Velocimity (PIV) technique. This technique provides the two-dimensional velocity and associated vorticity fields, at various instants in time, in the mid-span of the airfoil. Near the leading edge, large vortical structures emerge as a initiates a secondary flow separation and the formation of a secondary vortex. The mutual induction of this The dynamic stall process of a NACA 0012 studied experimentally in a water towing tank facility. This study focuses on the detailed measurement of the ejection process of the dynamic stall vortex from the vortices with the reversing boundary layer vorticity counter-rotating vortex pair eventually leads to the leading edge region ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PITCH(MOTION), \*UNSTEADY FLOW, ACCUMULATION, AIRFOILS, BOUNDARY LAYER, CONSTANTS, COUNTERS, DYNAMICS, EJECTION, FACILITIES, FLOW SEPARATION DESCRIPTORS:

AU-A265 159

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A265 159 IMAGES, INTERACTIONS, LAYERS, LEADING EDGES, MÉASUREMENT, MOTION, PARTICLES, RÁTES, REGIONS, SECONDARY FLOW, SEPARATION, STRUCTURES, TIME, TOWING, TRAILING EDGES, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VANS, VELOCITY, VORTICES, WATER.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2307CS. <u>ອ</u> IDENTIFIERS:

13/8 AD-A265 141

11/2 11/3

TECHNION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION LTD HAIFA (ISRAEL)

Electrophoratic and Electrolytic Deposition of Geramic Particles on Porous Substrates. €

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 88-30 Nov 92

278P SEP 92 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Gal-Or, L.; Haber, S.; Liubovich, S.

AF05R-89-0474 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0344, AFOSR MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

experimentally studied. Penetration depth of particles as conditions for coverage and penetration in a two-stage process were therefore determined. Subsequent deposition of two layers was demonstrated and studied for Si3N4 on 5102, SIC, SI3N4, AlZTiOS and HFT104. The effect of deposition parameters (field intensity, particle concentration, ratio of dielectric constant/viscosity of fluid) on the amount of induced material was function of above parameters was analyzed theoretically. therefore higher in aqueous suspensions, while coating morphology is better in propanol suspensions. Optimal particles and their penetration into the pores of graphite and a 2D C-C composite were demonstrated and studied theoretically and experimentally for colloidal Penetration is enhanced by large Peclet numbers and is A12T105 and SiC on a glass ceramic ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ELECTROPHORESIS, \*ELECTROLYSIS, \*CERAMIC COATINGS, IMPREGNATION, COATINGS, GRAPHITE. DESCRIPTORS:

Electrolytic deposition IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/3 AD-A285 132

CONTINUED AD-A265 132

ALABAMA A AND M UNIV NORMAL DEPT OF PHYSICS

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE81103D, Optical phase conjugate, Fluorescein/dichloro, Arcridine, Rhodamine IDENTIFIERS:

Optical Phase Conjugate Studies of Organic Dyes Doped in a Biric Acid Host, 3

MAR 93

9

Reddy, B. R.; Venkateswarlu, P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0160 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

0 TASK NO. AF0SR, XC TR-93-0358, AF0SR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability; Pub, in Jnl. of Optical Society of America. B. vio n3 p438-445 Mar 93. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

(Dicyanomethylene)-2-methyl-8-(p-dimethylaminostyryl)-4H-Nonlinear optical studies of Dichlorofluorescein, Arcridine Yellow, 4- $\widehat{\mathbf{z}}$ ABSTRACT:

Excited-state absorption was demonstrated directly by use of the pump-probe technique. Ground- and excited-state absorption cross sections and saturation intensities, phase-conjugate reflectivities, grating formation, and decay times were measured for all dyes. Phase-conjugate signals of Pyridine-i exhibited oscillatory behavior in time, which was found to be due to heat produced during the nonradiative relaxation of the excited molecules. pyran, Rhodamine 110, and Pyridine-1 dyes doped in a boric acid host have been studied at Ar laser wavelengths Third-order susceptibilities were also estimated for the dye-doped samples from the saturation measurements. The parameters derived from the saturation data are used to predict phase-conjugate reflectivities and are compared with the measurements. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*OPTICAL MATERIALS, \*NONLINEAR OPTICS. \*FLUORESCENT DYES, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, DYE LASERS, BORIC ACID, ORGANIC MATERIALS, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, PYRIDINES, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

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AD-A265 132

UNCLASSIFIED

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A265 072 11/8 13/8

MATERIALS RESEARCH SOCIETY PITTSBURGH PA

U) Chemical Vapor Deposition of Refractory Metals and Ceramics II. Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings Held in Boston, Massachusetts on December 4-6, 1991. Volume 250.

APR 93 388F

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Besmann, Theodore M.; Gallois, Bernard M.; Warren, James W.

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0267, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

metals or ceramics by chemical vapor deposition has often been achieved by the use of halide gas precursors. In certain cases, this choice was made purely for reasons of simplicity; gas cylinder, gas species already used in another field, etc. Experience has subsequently shown, however, that this choice can give rise to significant changes in the nature and proportions of deposited phases. These are highly dependent upon: the value of the oxidiser: reducer ratio in the gas phase, the degree of metal oxidation in the halide considered, and possible competition between two reducing agents designed to reduce the halide. These factors, among others, strongly influence the thermochemistry of the deposition reaction. Their roles must therefore be clearly understood, interpreted and predicted by the thermochemical analysis. Based on examples relating to sillcide, nitride and boride deposits, an attempt will be made to determine sensitive parameters and deduce selection criteria

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*VAPOR DEPOSITION, \*THERMOCHEMISTRY, HALIDES, GAS CYLINDERS, THIN FILMS, METALS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR230GA2, \*Chemical Vapor Deposition.

AD-A265 072

AD-A265 064 20/2

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

(U) International Conference on Crystal Growth (10th) Held in San Diego, California, on 18-21 August 1992.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jul 92-14 Jul 93,

JUL 93 22

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Witt, August

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0394

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0349, AF0SR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SYMPOSIA, \*CRYSTAL GROWTH, CRYSTAL CHEMISTRY, CRYSTALLOGRAPHY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2305BS.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

12/4 12/7 AD-A265 026

UTAH WATER RESEARCH LAB LOGAN

Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert System. 3

Final rept. 18 Aug 89-15 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

CB NOO

Doucette, Hilliam J.; Holt, Mark; Denne, PERSONAL AUTHORS: Dong

AF0SR-89-0509 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0175, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

environmental fate. The following specific properties were investigated: aqueous solubility (S), octanol/water partition coefficient (Kow), vapor pressure (Pv), organic carbon normalized soil/water partition coefficient (Koc), (QSPRs) and Quantitative Property Property Relationships (QPPRs) to predict the physical/chemical properties of an organic chemical which are necessary to model its develop a microcomputer-based decision support system utilizing quantitative Structure Property Relationships The primary goal of this project was to Henry's Law constant (H), and bloconcentration factor ABSTRACT:

COMPOUNDS, \*MATHEMATICAL WODELS, MICROCOMPUTERS, COEFFICIENTS, CORRELATION, ESTIMATES, SOLUBILITY, VAPOR PRESSURE, CHEMICAL PROPERTIES, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, PREDICTIONS, SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, DATA BASES, ALGORITHMS, \*DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEMS, \*ORGANIC MOLECULAR STRUCTURE. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A4, PEP(Property Estimation Program), Henrys law constant, Bloconcentration, MCI(Molecular Connectivity Indices) 3 IDENTIFIERS:

20/3 AD-A264 935

NOTRE DAME UNIV IN DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Quantum Transport.

Annual rept. 15 Mar 92-14 Mar 93 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 MAY

:RSONAL AUTHORS: Lent, Craig S.; Porod, Wolfgang; Bandyopadhyay, Supriyo; Bernstein, Gary H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0211 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0355, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

states in quantum wires, anomalous magnetoresistance, electromigration, collision retardation and phonon effects in hot-electron transport, spin-polarized single electronics, single-particle lifetimes in quasi-10 During the period April 15, 1992 to April funded by the Air Force office of Scientific Research under Grant No. AFGSR-91-0211. The major issues examined included quantum transport in high magnetic fields and transmission resonances and zeroes in resonant transport modulated channels. Coulomb-coupled quantum dot systems, magnetotransport in disordered systems, magnetoelectric lateral quantum wires an pn-junction formation, quantum mesoscopic photovoltaic effect, and new techniques for transport in mesoscopic structures. This research was 14, 1993, research carried out by the Nanostructures Group in the Department of Electrical Engineering at structures, quantum transport experiments in metals, Notre Dame was concerned with a variety of quantum self-consistent Hartree calculations of transport, fabricating quantum structures in semiconductors ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, MAGNETIC FIELDS, RESONANCE, HARTREE FOCK APPROXIMATION, TRANSPORT, SEMICONDUCTOR JUNCTIONS, MAGNETORESISTANCE, COLLISION AVOIDANCE, PHONONS, SPIN STATES, PHOTOVOLTAIC EFFECT, FABRICATION, SEMICONDUCTORS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305ES, Mesoscopic structures. High magnetic fields, Modulated channels, Coulomb coupled quantum dot systems, Transmission IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A284 935

AD-A265 028

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 935

magnetotransport, Magnetoelectric states, Electromigration, Hot electron transport, Quantum resonances, Lateral quantum vires, Quantum structures, Quantum transport

20/6 9/2 AD-A264 928

9/1

CALTFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERIN G (U) Smart Spatial Light Modulator Research and Development.

Annual rept. 30 Sep 92-28 Feb 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

30b FEB 93 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lee, Sing H.

F49620-92-J-0467 CONTRACT NO.

TR-83-0353, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

demonstrate 'smart' spatial light modulators (S-SLM) where electronic logic circuits are combined with light modulators and detectors. Our previous studies, while providing valuable insights, indicated that shortcomings of certain approaches limit their applicability to combine Si-based driver and logic circuits with PLZT modulators. For example, PLZT substrate damage limited laser recrystallization approach. Lastly, voltage compatibility problem exists that imposes difficulties in containing detector and logic circuits onto the silicon bonded directly to bulk PLZI substrate for fabrication of (requiring 30-50V) in the Si-waver containing logic circuits (operating at 5V). In order to resolve these limitations we explored (1) two methods of implementing thin films of Si-band driver circuits directly onto PLZT substrates and (2) flip-chip bonding of Si wafer The objective of our research is to the integration of the modulator driver circuit

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*LIGHT MODULATORS, \*OPTICAL CIRCUITS, \*LOGIC CIRCUITS, \*METAL DXIDE SEMICONDUCTORS, \*THIN FILMS. TRANSISTORS, SILICON, WAFERS, OPTICAL DETECTORS, SILICON, WAFERS, OPTICAL DETECTORS, CHIPS, ELECTROPTICS, FLIP CHIPS, ELECTROPLATING. DESCRIPTORS:

T415L/

A0-A264 935

DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A264 881 6/2 6/4

VIRGINIA UNIV CHARLOTTESVILLE DEPT OF BIOLOGY

(U) PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2312CS, Retinal Retinal rods, Retinal cones, Homozygous

IDENTIFIERS: disorders,

mutants.

CONTINUED

AD-A284 881

(U) Photoreceptors Regulating Circadian Behavior: A Mouse Model.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Mar 92-14 Mar 93,

MAR 93 19P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Foster, Russell G.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0205

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0352, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Dur recent studies have examined circadian photoreception in mice with hereditary retinal disorders (rd/rd and rds/rds). Despite the loss of visual function in these mice, circadian responses to light remain unaffected. Using c-fos expression within the SCN as a marker of neural activation of the circadian entrainment pathway, we find identical levels of Fos in the SCN as a rd and +/+ mice in response to retinal illumination. On the basis of action spectrum studies, and measurements of photopigment retinoids using HPLC, we believe the photopigment mediating circadian responses to light is based upon an opsin, and that ii-cis-retinaldehyde is the photopigment chromophore. Preliminary measurements of mouse rod opsin, blue cone, and green/red cone opsin mRNA in retinally degenerate mice suggest that none of these opsins are exclusively used to mediate circadian responses to light. Collectively our data suggest that circadian photoreception can be maintained by a very small number of rod or cone cells without outer segments, or alternatively, is performed by an unrecognized class of photoreceptive cell within the mammalian retina.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*GENETICS, \*CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, PHOTORECEPTORS, MICE, RETINA, RESPONSE(BIOLOGY), RIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, OSCILLATORS, NERVE CELLS, SIGNALS.

AD-A264 88

AD-A264 881

14155F

# DTIC REPORT PIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF

AD-A284 872 12/8 20/8.1

TEXAS TECH UNIV LUBBOCK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Mar 92-28 Feb 93,

(U) Accuracy Enhancement in Optical Computing

MAR 93 381

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Walkup, John F.; Krile, Thomas F.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0192

PROJECT NO. 2305

MONITOR: AFOSR, X

Sa

TASK NO.

OR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0354, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

describing and enhancing the accuracy of optical linear algebra processors have been conducted. Significant accomplishments include: (1) development and simulation of a system model incurporating device dynamic range for better quantitative assessment of error-correction code performance: (2) extension of earlier statistical models to include crosstalk, background, avalanche gain, flicker and generation-recombination noise effects; (3) construction of the Optical Analysis Simulation Interactive System (DASIS) software for the acquisition, analysis and manipulation of experimental data and (4) identification of major noise sources of experimental concern using OASIS.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMPUTERS, \*OPTICAL CIRCUITS, \*DATA PROCESSING, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, ACCURACY, OPTICAL PROCESSING, LINEAR ALGEBRA, ERROR CORRECTION CODES, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, NOISE REDUCTION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305DS, Optical Computing.

AD-A264 869 6/4

SOCIETY FOR RESEARCH ON BIOLOGICAL RHYTHMS CHARLOTTESVILLE VA

(U) Meeting of the Society for Research on Biological Rhythms (2nd) Held in Jacksonville, Florida on 9-13 May 1990. Programs and Abstracts.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 92-1 Mar 93

APR 93 12

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Turek, Fred W.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0181

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0345, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT.

RESEACT: (U) From May 8-10, 1882, the Society for Research on Biological Rhythms held its third meeting at Amelia Island Plantation, Florida. The Society was formed in 1987 to promote the advancement of basic and applied research in all aspects of biological rhythms, to disseminate important research results concerning biological rhythms to the general public, to develop and enhance the eduction and training of students and researchers in the field and to foster interdiciplinary communication. This third meeting was successful in meeting the goals of the Society, particularly in the area of interdisciplinary communication. Researchers in the field of Biological Rhythms tend to be fragmented into many disciplinary communication. Researchers in the field of Biological Rhythms tend to be fragmented into many disciplines and are often divided along many different lines. One way of dividing the field is along frequency lines; while some workers study biological rhythms with periods in the range of minutes, hours (i.e. ultradian or pulsatile), a day (i.e. circadian) or a year (i.e. seasonal or circannual). The field is also divided along the lines of the major disciplines within biology since rhythms biologists can be either biochemists, molecular/cellular biologists. In addition, while many

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UTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 869 CONTINUED

workers study the basic biological mechanisms involved in generating rhythmicity, others are interested in the clinical applications of a better understanding of biological rhythmicity. Even within the clinical field, researchers fall into many traditional categories including psychlatry, endocrinology, neurology, oncology, cardiology and reproduction.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BIOLOGICAL RHYTHMS, ANIMALS, BIOSYNTHESIS, BRAIN, CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, CLOCKS, COMPUTER APPLICATIONS, CONTROL, COUPLING(INTERACTION), DATA ACQUISITION, DISSECTION, ENDOCRINE GLANDS, GENETICS, IN VITRO ANALYSIS, MODULATION, NERVOUS SYSTEM, NEUROLOGY, OSCILLATORS, PACEMAKERS, PHOTOPERIODISM, PROTEINS, RETINA, SYMPOSIA, VERTEBRATES, ABSTRACTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312CS.

AD-A264 846 9/5

CITY COLL NEW YORK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Massively Parallel Spatial Light Modulation-Based Optical Signal Processing.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Jul 90-Sep 92,

MAR 93

5

PERSONAL AUTHORS: L1, Yao

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0260

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. B4

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0350, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A new optical parallel arithmetic processing scheme using a nonholographic optoelectronic content-addressable memory (CAM) was proposed. The design of a four-bit CAM-based optical carry look-ahead adder was studied. Compared with existing optoelectronic binary addition approaches, this nonholographic CAN Scheme offers a number of practical advantages, such as faster processing speed and ease of optical implementation and alignment. For an addition of numbers longer than four bits, by incorporating the previous stage's carry, a number of four-bit CLA's can be cascaded. Experimental results were also demonstrated. One paper to the Optics Letters was published.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*OPTICAL PROCESSING, \*SIGNAL PROCESSING, PARALLEL PROCESSING, ANALOG TO DIGITAL CONVERTERS, COMPUTATIONS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305B4, \*Optical signals, Optoelectronics, \*Nonholography, CAM(Content Addressable Memory).

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A264 840

GORDON RESEARCH CONFERENCES INC KINGSTON RI

(U) Gordon Research Conference On Pineal Cell Biology.

Final progress rept. 15 Jul 91-14 Jul

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Zatz, Martin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0279 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

g TASK NO.

TR-83-0217, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

research results and the conference provided a mechanism bring together scientists so they could exchange recent for the development of close interactions between these scientists. The quality of all of the lectures was exceptionally high and considerable discussion followed The objective of this conference was to favorable comments about the intellectual stimulation each lecture. Many of the conferees expressed very provided by this conference. ABSTRACT:

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SCRIPTORS: (U) \*RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, \*CELLS(BIOLOGY), INTERACTIONS, LECTURES, QUALITY, GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, NEUROSPORA, DROSOPHILA, SYMPOSIA. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A3, \*Pineal cell biology, Chronobiology IDENTIFIERS: (U)

5/1 AD-A264 839

COLLEGE PARK DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

MARYLAND UNIV

Design Issues for High Performance Engineering Information Systems.

Final rept. 1 Mar 89-30 Apr 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

2 1 P APR 92 Roussopoulos, Nick; Sellis, Timos; Mark, Leo; Faloutsos, Christos PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0303 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

**A**2 FASK NO.

TR-93-0210, AF0SR AFOSR, MONI TOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) It is increasingly being recognized that an Engineering Information System will be the fundamental information. Commercially available database systems do not meet the information and processing needs of design and manufacturing environments, consequently, extensions of database systems are necessary to realize Engineering future and that all components in such a system have to multimedia databases of significant size and complexity and, therefore, one of the most important issues is component of any design and manufacturing system in the management techniques for maintaining consistency. The studies produced promising models and solutions computational and architectural aspects of EIS and be engineered around the management and control of Information Systems. These systems will support performance. Addressed in this project were the

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, \*MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS, CONSISTENCY, DATA PASES, ENVIRONMENTS, DATA PROCESSING, MANAGEMENT, MANUFACTURING, MODELS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING). DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF05R2304A2, EIS(Engineering Information Systems). PEB1102F, 3 COENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 839

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA AD-A264 837

(U) Conjugated Polymers from Cyclohexadienediol Monomers.

Final technical rept. 1 Oct 81-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

7 MAR 93 Grubbs, Robert H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-88-0094 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

S

TASK NO

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0216, AFOSR MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

functionalities for facile cis-pyrolytic elimination. The reaction conditions and additives, and can result in some colored, malleable foams. Polyphenylenevinylene has also been prepared from cls-5,6-dihydroxy-1,3-cyclohexadiene SSTRACT: (U) A novel, high yield synthetic scheme for poly(paraphenylene) starting from biologically produced cis-5,8-dihydroxy-1,3-cyclohexadiene has been developed aromatization temperature and prevent degradation. The degradation of the polymer backbone. The use of Lewis acid saits such as anhydrous zinc halides or Bronsted in which trimethylsiloxy groups on the diol precursor polymer are quantitatively transformed to ester final pyrolysis step appears to be very sensitive to ewis acid salt catalysts afford dark colored, tough films while the Bronsted acid catalysts afford light aromatization catalysts has been found to lower the acids such as 3,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonic acid as through a precursor polymer route. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*POLYMERS, ACIDS, CATALYSTS, DEGRADATION, ESTERS, FILMS, FOAM, HALIDES, MONOMERS, PRECURSORS, PYROLYSIS, SALTS, TEMPERATURE, YIELD, ZINC. **DESCRIPTORS**:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Phenylene/poly paradiol/cyclohexadiene. PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303DS.

AD-A264 837

2/8 AD-A264 836 CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIV CLEVELAND OH

(U) Response Devices and Cognitive Tasks

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 15 Dec 89-14 Dec

MAR

Detterman, Douglas K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0084 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A7 FASK NO.

TR-83-0215, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) This report is for two years of research conducted primarily at the Air Force Armstrong Laboratory response load in choice reaction time showed that Hick's Law, formerly attributed to cognitive decision factor has a substantial effect on the performance of cognitive tasks. A detailed investigation of the effects of Project Lamp. The aims of the research were to (1) study obtained to develop more elaborated models of cognitive functioning which take these factors into account response modes, and under varying sets of response load the effects of response mode and response complexity on conditions. The results learly show tha response load Subjects were tested on a set of computer-administered related to task complexity, is largely due to response basic cognitive tasks, and (2) to use the information cognitive tasks, using both keyboard and touchscreen factors.

\*COGNITION, \*RESPONSE, AIR FORCE, KEYBOARDS, LABORATORIES, LAMPS, MODELS, REACTION TIME, SELECTION, TIME. E DESCRIPTORS: COMPUTERS,

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A7 (U)

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# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

4/1 CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA 11/4 AD-A264 834

Physical Chemical Studies on Molecular Composite Compositions. E

Final rept. 1 Jan 88-31 Jul 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 93

Berry, Guy C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0208 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

B TASK NO.

TR-83-0206, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

even though the refractive index is maximum for that case-PBT- and the rheological properties of blends of PBT and nylon-66, or PBO and PabBO, where PBT is trans-poly(1,4-phenylene-2,6-benzobisthia-zole), PBO is cis-poly(1.4-phenylene-2,6-benzobisoxazole), PabBO is poly(2,5unexpected NLO behavior was observed in which the maximum NLO third-harmonic generation did not occur with light polarized along the molecular axis of the rodilke PBI, model accounting for constraints on the rodlike dynamics imposed by the flexible or semiflexible components. It is information from phase equilibria is essential to such an analysis, as the dynamic constraints are correlated with the factors that cause the formation of nonlinear optical (NLO) properties of nematic solutions rheology of miscible blends of the rodlike chains with of PBT; the refractive indices of nematic solutions of possible reasons for this behavior are discussed. The solutions of PBT were used in the first two parts. An flexible or semiflexible chains is discussed using a Research in three areas is described: benzoxazole), and nylon-68 is poly(hexamethylene adipamide). Fully aligned monodomains of nematic the nematic phase in such blends. shown that

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*NONLINEAR OPTICS, \*POLYMERS, \*REFRACTIVE INDEX, \*RHEOLOGY, \*MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 834

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LIGHT, LIQUID CRYSTALS, LIQUIDS, MIXTURES, MODELS, NYLON, OPTICS, PHASE, THIRD HARMONIC GENERATION, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, MESOMORPHIC COMPOUNDS, POLARIZATION, AXES, CRYSTALS, DYNAMICS, CHEMICALS, CHAINS, BENZOXAZOLES. BLENDING.

FENTIFIERS: (U) Rodlike polymer, Molecular composite, PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3, \*Nematic solutions, PBT(Poly Phenylene Benzobisthiazole), Flexibility, PBG(Poly Phenylene Benzobisoxazole), PabBG(Poly Benzoxazole), Poly(Hexamethylene Adipamide). DENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 834

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**T4158**F 5 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

IOWA STATE UNIV AMES 20/4 AD-A264 833

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Computational Fluid Dynamics Research On Dynamically Adaptive Mesh Methods For Transonic Flows.

Final rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Dec 92,

85 **\$**0\$

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Hindman, Richard G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-90-0034 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

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TASK NO.

TR-93-0205, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

dynamically adaptive mesh schemes, errors arising from generalized mappings and orthogonality. The strategies STRACT: (U) Dynamic mesh adaptation strategies are investigated. These include software development, developed are tested against the euler and viscous Burgers Equations. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS, \*TRANSONIC FLOW, ADAPTATION, DYNAMICS, EQUATIONS, ERRORS, FLUID DYNAMICS, FLUIDS, MESH, ORTHOGONALITY, STRATEGY, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES. DESCRIPTORS:

CFD, ADAPTATION, MESHES, Euler equations, Burgers equations, Adaptive meshes. Ê 1DENTIFIERS:

13/1 17/5 AD-A264 832 TUCSON LUNAR AND PLANETARY LAB ARIZONA UNIV (U) Advanced Research In Sky Surveillance: A Search For Low-luminosity Objects.

Annual rept. 1 Nov 81-31 Oct 82, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**DCT** 92

Gehrels, Tom PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-92-J-0051 CCNTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-93-0284, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

system is working well. All through the year the telescope has been assigned for eighteen nights per month. Large numbers of main-belt asteroids have been found. It from extrapolation of the size-frequency relation of the has been found that objects smaller than 2 meters occur The new CCD was installed. Improvements were made in the software and in the operation and the two orders of magnitude more frequently that expected larger near-Earth objects. The design of the new 1.8meter Spacewatch Telescope has begun. 3 ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ASTEROIDS, \*TELESCOPES, \*COMPUTER PROGRAMS, BELTS, CHARGE COUPLED DEVICES, EXTRAPOLATION, FREQUENCY, LUMINOSITY, NIGHT, NUMBERS, OPERATION, SKY, SURVEILLANCE.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2311A1 IDENTIFIERS: (1)

AD-A264 833

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A264 831

CONTINUED AD-A264 831

BOSTON UNIV MA CENTER FOR ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS

PE61102F, WUAFDSR2313CS, WUAFDSR701300. 9 IDENTIFIERS:

(U) Development of Neural Network Architectures for Self-Organizing Pattern Recognition and Robotics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Oct 89-31 Dec

MAR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Carpenter, Gail A.; Grossberg, Stephen

AF0SR-90-0083 CONTRACT NO.

2313, 7013 PROJECT NO.

cs, 80 TASK NO. AFDSR, XC TR-83-0274, AFDSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

processing of temporal patterns using working memory networks, with applications to 3-D object recognition; (8) adaptive timing for task scheduling; (7) adaptive sensorymotor control using head-centered spatial representations of 3-D target position. new neural network architectures were developed to carry of acoustic signals; (3) adaptive pattern temporal inputs. These architectures contribute to: (1) preprocessing of Visual form and motion signals; (2) learning context; (4) adaptive pattern recognition and prediction in a supervised learning context; (5) During the DARPA ANNI Program contract, out autonomous real-time preprocessing, segmentation, recognition, timing, and control of both spatial and recognition and categorization in an unsupervised preprocessing ABSTRACT: (U)

, SCHEDULING, SIGNALS, TARGETS, TIME, SIGNAL COMPUTER VISION, LEARNING MACHINES, DEPTH, PERCEPTION, MEMORY DEVICES, ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS. RECOGNITION, \*ROBOTICS, ACOUSTIC SIGNALS, ACOUSTICS, , LEARNING, \*COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, \*PATTERN PREDICTIONS, PREPROCESSING, PROCESSING, REAL TIN CONTRACTS, CONTROL, HEAD(ANATOMY), INPUT MOTION, MOTORS, NETWORKS, NEURAL NETS, P. ĵ PROCESSING, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 831

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DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF

AD-A264 829

NEW YORK MEDICAL COLL NY DEPT OF PHYSIOLOGY

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CA COMPUTER SYSTEMS LAB NEW YORK MEDI

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Mar 91-14 Sep 92,

Shoham, Yoav

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

SEP 92

AF0SR-91-0205

CONTRACT NO

PROJECT NO

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(U) Intelligent Real-time Problem Solving

STANFORD UNIV

AD-A264 830

(U) Biophysical And Biochemical Mechanisms In Synaptic Transmitter Release.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 1 Jun 92-31 May

APR 92 4P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Llinas, Rodolfo R.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-82-J-0383

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0281, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Three areas of research were implemented experimentally in the summer of 1992. (1) further description of calcium microdomains and their role in synaptic transmission; (2) a morphological analysis of rat synaptic vesicles injected into presynaptic terminal of the squid; and (3) the effect of Brefilden A (BFA) on the distribution and size of synaptic vesicles.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SYNAPSE, CALCIUM, CEPHALOPODA, DISTRIBUTION, RATS, RELEASE, SUMMER, TERMINALS, TRANSMITTERS, NERVE TRANSMISSION, BIOPHYSICS, BIOCHEMISTRY, CHANNELS, DEMONSTRATIONS, GRANTS, INJECTION, NERVE CELLS, PHOSPHORUS TRANSFERASES, PROTEINS, PUTENTIAL ENERGY

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR23128S, Synaptic transmitter release.

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-93-0268, AF0SR

AFOSR,

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TASK NO

ABSTRACT: (U) The researchers proposed to develop and test a framework for designing and analyzing complex control systems consisting of independent modules, called agents, that communicate through fixed channels. These agents possess and acquire knowledge, and negotiate with one another regarding the use of their capabilities. The results were along the following dimensions: real-time, machine, and environments; agent-oriented programming; temporal data bases; anytime belief update; planning and control; social rules, utilities and organizations.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PROBLEM SOLVING, \*REAL TIME, \*COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS, \*SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, CHANNELS, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DATA BASES, ENVIRONMENTS, MACHINES, ORGANIZATIONS, PLANNING, TEST AND EVALUATION, TIME, SYSTEMS ANALYSIS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR558100.

AD-A264 829

AD-A264 830

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY LAB OF PLASMA STUDIES 20/8 AD-A264 828

(U) Novel Methods of Acceleration.

Final rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 93

Nation, John A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0153 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

ES TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0276, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

February 1 1992 to January 31 1993. The report provides a This report describes work carried out on AFOSR grant number F49620-92-J-0153DEF during the period brief description of the program objectives, summarizes the main accomplishments during the last year and concludes with listings of conferences and refereed publications, which have either been submitted for publications or published during the program year

\*PLASMAS(PHYSICS), ACCELERATION, SYMPOSIA, TRAVELING WAVE TUBES, AMPLIFIERS, ELECTRON ACCELERATORS, OSCILLATORS, \*ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, NARROWBAND, ELECTRON BEAMS, MODULATORS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2301ES 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 827

20/8 21/2

20/4

UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Diffusion Flames for Application to Modeling Studies. Detailed Studies of Soot Formation in Laminar 3

Annual rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 93

Santoro, Robert J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0285 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-93-0285, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons have been undertaken to concentrations measurements made using mass spectrometric previous soot particle and velocity field measurements it has been possible to follow the soot growth process along individual particle paths. These results establish that structure of the molecular growth process leading to soot investigate soot precursor chemistry, particle inception and surface growth phenomena. During the first year of this study emphasis has been given to species approach. In particular, measurements have been obtained of acetylene, diacetylene, benzene and stable combustion regions of diffusion flames using a novel sampling probe follow the evolution of the soot precursor field. These measurements have established that laser-induced species measurements can be obtained in particle laden products throughout methane/air and ethene/air laminar diffusion flames. Combining these measurements with techniques. These measurements have demonstrated that reactivity as observed in premixed flame studies. Similarly, laser-induced fluorescence measurements of A study of soot particle formation in growth species not through the loss of soot particle soot particle growth ceases me to the depletion of can be used to reveal the qualitative laminar diffusion flames has been undertaken to f luorescence

AD-A264 827

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# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A264 827 CONTINUED

particle formation. These results need to be extended to provide more quantitative comparisons, particularly regarding fuel structure effect. Additional studies have been carried out to characterize the effects of aggregates on the interpretation of light scattering measurements. The results of these studies have shown that through the incorporation of fractal analysis a self-consistent treatment of aggregates can be incorporated into the light scattering analysis

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*DIFFUSION, \*PARTICLES, ACETYLENES, AIR, AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, BENZENE, CHEMISTRY, COMBUSTION PRODUCTS, COMPARISON, DEPLETION, FLAMES, FRACTALS, FUELS, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LIGHT SCATTERING, MEASUREMENT, METHANE, PRECURSORS, PROBES, REACTIVITIES, SAMPLING, SOOT, STRUCTURES, SURFACES, VELOCITY, MODELS, MASS SPECTROMETRY, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, LAMINAR FLOW.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Soot formation, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308BS, \*Laminar, \*Formation, Ethene, Polynuclear.

AD-A264 826 5/8

HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE NA DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

4/8

(U) Forms Of Memory For Representation Of Visual Objects.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Feb 81-14 Feb 93,

FEB 91 21P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Schacter, Daniel L.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0182

PROJECT NO. 3484

TASK NO. HS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0275, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This project has attempted to elucidate the representations and processes involved in implicit and explicit memory for novel visual objects. Experiments have been conducted that (1) clarify the effects of structural and functional encoding manipulations of priming and explicit memory, (2) track the properties of the observed priming effects over time and repetition, (3) specify the nature of the structural representation that underlies priming effects on the objects decision task, (4) extend findings on priming of novel objects to new materials and paradigms, and (5) elucidate the extent to which implicit memory for novel objects is spared in subject populations with explicit memory deficits. We summarize the procedures and results from each of these five lines of research.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*VISUAL PERCEPTION, \*MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), CODING, MATERIALS, POPULATION, TIME, TRACKS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1103D, WUAFOSR3484HS

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

WUAFOSR3484HS, PEB1103D.

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IDENTIFIERS: AD-A264 807

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5/8 8/3 AD-A264 807

BOWMAN GRAY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE WINSTON-SALEM NC

(U) Multiple Neuron Recording in the Hippocampus of Freely Moving Animals.

Annual rept. 1 Dec 91-30 Nov 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 83

8

Deadwyler, Sam A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

BGSM-PP-92-001 REPORT NO. AF0SR-90-0092 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

£ TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-83-0285, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of the research efforts. The multitasking computer system has been in operation in all three laboratories this past year, as well as the DSP-based multineuron spike-sorter using the multineuron data acquisition have revealed new relationships between the behavioral events in the DMTS and patterns of simultaneously active neurons in the hippocampus. The following report will summarize these and other accomplishments in the third year of the award. laboratory consortium, and it has been a principle focus developing the analysis strategies. In addition, studies and the associated software interface for neural spike discrimination. Much of the research effort in the past year has been directed toward implementing the spikerecording and systems for analysis of the multineuronal data. This was a primary objective of the three Progress has been significant over the previous year on the development of multineuronal sorter system, collecting multineuron data, and 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*HIPPOCAMPUS, \*NERVE CELLS, \*NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, ANIMALS, COMPUTERS, DETECTION, DOCUMENTS, LABORATORIES, PHASE, RECORDING SYSTEMS, SIGNAL DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 807

AD-A264 807

143.397

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

14/2 AD-A264 799

TRISTAN TECHNOLOGIES SAN DIEGO CA

(U) Large Array SQUID Magnetometer for NDE.

DENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFGSR180204, SQUID(Superconducting Quantum Interference Device), SQUID Magnetometers.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

CONTINUED

AD-A264 799

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Apr 92-1 Apr 93,

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Paulson, Douglas N.

F49820-92-C-002R CONTRACT NO.

1602

PROJECT NO.

ð TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-83-0348, AFOSR MONI TOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

blades, high-temperature superconducting magnetic shields, and riveted joints in military and commercial aircraft. In various applications, SQUID magnetometers could facilitate the development of high-performance devices, assure quality control in manufacturing, and help prevent catastrophic failures of aircraft, satellites, weapons and other military systems. During Phase III we will design and commercialize instruments specifically to meet related to high-performance aircraft bearings, nuclear reactor fuel tubes, titanium billets for aircraft turbine can be Initiative. We have designed and are nearing completion of an innovative Non destructive Evaluation (NDE) Tristan Technologies, Inc. is working to evaluation which are important to the Strategic Defense for a broad range of nondestructive evaluation problems instrument that, unlike most existing instruments, can used for studying deep sources with applied fields. We will assess the effectiveness of this Squid NDE system apply SQUID magnetometry to problems in nondestructive reduce manufacturing costs, monitor performance and the most promising NDE applications for SQUID magnetometers. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*MAGNETOMETERS, \*NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS, SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, AIRCRAFT, BEARINGS, NUCLEAR REACTORS, REACTOR FUELS, TUBES, TITANIUM, TURBINE BLADES, SHIELDING, RIVETED JOINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 799

AD-A264 799

8

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A284 780 7/2 7/4 20/13
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

PARAMETERS, PRODUCTION, RATES, TEMPERATURE, VOIDS. REPRINTS.

CONTINUED

AD-A284 780

(U) Thermal Decomposition of Ultrathin Oxide Layers on Si(100),

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303A2, Ultrathin.

AUG 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sun, Y. K.; Bonser, D. J.; Engel,

Thomas

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0123

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0330, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Vac. Sci. Technol. A. v10 n4 F2314-2321, Jul/Aug 82. Available to DIIC users only. No copies furnished by NIIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) Decomposition of ultrathin oxide layers on Si(100) has been studied using isothermal desorption, temperature programmed desorption and readsorption on partially desorbed layers using isotopically labeled oxygen. We find that inhomogeneous decomposition, with void formation in which clean silicon is exposed, occurs at coverages as low as 0.3 monolayers. Whereas the activation energy for SiO(g) formation is essentially independent of coverage between 10 (exp-3) and 10 monolayers, the apparent preexponential factor decreases substantially with increasing coverage. The discrepancy between the kinetic parameters measured for SiO(g) production in modulated molecular beam experiments and those measured using temperature programmed desorption is attributed to a strong decrease in the rate constant for desorption of SiO(g) with increasing coverage. Both methods give similar results at nearly identical coverages, Ultrathin oxide layers on silicon, Thermal decomposition of ultrathin oxide.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*DECOMPOSITION, \*LAYERS, \*GXIDES, \*SILICON, \*THERMAL PROPERTIES, ACTIVATION ENERGY, CONSTANTS, DESORPTION, KINETICS, MOLECULAR BEAMS, OXYGEN,

AD-A264 780

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 69 TAIBSE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/8 7/2 AD-A264 774

NU DEPT OF CHEMISTRY PRINCETON UNIV (U) Organometallic Compounds and Polymers with Second and Third Order Nonlinear Optical Properties.

MOLECULAR ORBITALS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, POLYMERS, TRANSITION METALS, WORK, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY, ELECTRONS, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, CRYSTAL

CONTINUED

AD-A284 774

PEB1102F, WUAF0SR2303A3.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

STRUCTURE

Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 82, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 93

Thompson, Mark E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0122 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFUSR, XC TR-93-0343, AFUSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

potentially interesting nonlinear optical properties. All of our work involved transition metal complexes. In these materials we can alter either the the metal ion or the ligands independently. In this way it is possible to alter the electronic properties of a given complex without altering its molecular or solid-state structure. while only molecular nonlinearities were examined for the examined for their third order properties. Here the order prepared in which excellent polar order was found in the coordination compounds were found to scale Sc approx. Cr nonlinearity is thought to arise from extended molecular Second and third order NLO properties were investigated nonlinearities were examined as second order candidates approx. > 5 Fe > Co- Polar coordination polymers were polyermic chains, however, the adjacent chains pack antiparallel in the crystal leading to no bulk second order activity. Group 4 organometallic complexes were The chemistry carried out with AFOSR third order materials. Second order properties in support was aimed at exploring new materials with based on metal was found to be II > 2r > Hf. The in these materials. Both molecular and bulk ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*METAL COMPLEXES, \*OPTICAL MATERIALS, \*NONLINEAR OPTICS, CHEMISTRY, CRYSTALS, IONS, LIGANDS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 774

AD- 1284 774

6

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

SENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, MBK(Mesitylmethyl Benzyl Ketone), TBK(Tolymethyl Benzyl Ketone), Indanol, Hydrogen abstraction

CONTINUED

AD-A284 769

IDENTIFIERS:

1/6 7/3 AIJ-A264 789

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Photochemistry of Alpha-(o-Toly!) Acetone and Some Derivatives: Triplet Alpha-Cleavage and Singlet Hydrogen Abstraction,

83

Noh, Taehee; Lei, Xue-Gong; Turro, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Nicholas d.

AF0SR-91-0340 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

MONI TOR:

83

TASK NO.

AF0SR, XC TR-83-0342, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. American Chemical Society, v115 p3105-3110 1893. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

benzene solutions of o-tolymethyl benzyl ketone (TBK) and o-tolylmethyl cyclohexyl ketone (TCK) results in the free-radical recombination of benzylic radicals produced STRACT: (U) Photolysis of alpha-(o-tolyl)acetone (TA) in 2-propanol was reported not to produce the indanol However, the photolysis of mesitylmethyl benzyl ketone (MBK) yields an indanol in significant yield (ca. 40%). In all cases, the diphenylethanes (DPEs) expected from by alpha-cleavage are produced as dominant products. In order to determine the synthetic limitations of indanol formation from the photolysis of alpha-(o-toly)) acetnes reinvestigation of this reaction reveals that the photolysis of solutions of TA does produce an indanol, product expected from delta-hydrogen abstraction and formation of indanois as minor products (ca. 5-10%). albeit as a minor product. Similarly, photolysis of the mechanism of these photolysis was investigated. cyclization of the resulting 1,5-biradical A ABSTRACT: (U)

\*PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, \*PHOTOLYSIS, \*ACETONES, ISOPRENE, REPRINTS DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 769

AD-A264 769

DAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

AD-A264 765

PRINCETON UNIV NJ

Optically Powered, Optoelectronic Spatial Light Modulators. Annual technical rept. 1 Aug 92-31 Jan DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Forrest, Staphen R.

F49620-92-J-0432 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0351, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) We describe a program which endea ors to make significant progress towards the realization of very high density, fast, InP-based optoelectronic spatial light modulators (SLMs). The central concept of the devices is to eliminate as many contacts to the SLM as possible by supplying integral, local circuit power and control via the connection of the active circuit to is thereby supplied by a bright light source operating at a different wavelength than the optical data channel. The SLM will be fabricated in InP-based materials due to the ease of integration of photovoltaic cells (used in Work includes materials and device fabrication, packaging and systems demonstrations. In addition to applications integrated photovoltaic (PV) cells. Power to the circuits providing circuit power and control), with high bandwidth transceiver optoelectronic integrated circuits (OEICs). contactless circuit concepts can also be applied to many diverse systems such as for providing highly synchronous electronics. We are engaged in a broad program directed in optical interconnection and optical computing, such optical clock signals on VLSI chips, and for powering OEICs placed at the end of remote probes where size, placement of the power source adjacent to the active at investigating the fundamental limits confronting power, and environmental restrictions prohibit the ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A264 765 materials, devices, circuits and systems which make use optical powering concept. Smart pixels, Optoelectronic of the family of novel devices which are based on the integrated circuits, Spatial light modulators

\*ELECTROOPTICS, BANDWIDTH, CELLS, CHANNELS, CLOCKS, CONTROL, DEMONSTRATIONS, ELECTRONICS, FABRICATION, HIGH DENSITY, INTEGRALS, INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, INTEGRATION, LIGHT, LIGHT SOURCES, MATERIALS, OPTICAL DATA, PACKAGING, POWER, PROBES, SIGNALS, VERY LARGE SCALE INTEGRATION. \*PIXELS, \*LIGHT MODULATORS, DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2301DS, \*Optoelectronics, IDENTIFIERS: (U) Photovoltaries.

AD-A284 765

AD-A284 785

**JUNCLASSIFIED** 

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

MOSES-APPLIMATH (HARRY E) CO BROOKLINE MA 20/14 AD-A264 764

Research on Acoustic Coupling to Electromagnetic Pulses in Tissue. e

Final rept. 1 Apr 88-31 Mar 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

683 APR Moses, Harry PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0070 CONTRACT NO.

7757 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO

TR-93-0334, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

patterns produced by a source that operated over a finite time frame. Such patterns could be 'requested' and then Such possibilities were communicated the design/operating procedure of the source would be the insights regarding possible transmitters, is nothing short of terminal. Dr. Moses was the first to rigorously characterize the universal character of far field Over the course of the contract Dr. Moses published 12 papers with one still pending. His work on novel electromagnetic wave propagation, together with subsequent work will be pursued by them and Dr. Moses. to government lab researchers at AL (Brooks AFB) and fundamental unknown.

\*ELECTROMAGNETIC PULSES, FAR FIELD, ENERGY TRANSFER, COSTS, FRAMES, PATTERNS, PROPAGATION, TRANSMITTERS, TISSUES(BIOLOGY), LABORATORIES, MONITORING, THREE \*ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVE PROPAGATION 3 DIMENSIONAL DESCRIPTORS:

Electromagnetic bullets, Acoustic bullets, Sound pulses WUAFOSR775700, \*Acoustic coupling IDENTIFIERS: (U)

4/1 AD-A264 758

MENLO PARK CA SRI INTERNATIONAL Mithras Studies of the Boundary Between Open and Closed Field Lines. 3

Annual rept. 1 Dec 91-30 Nov 92. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 93

DE LA Beaujardiere, Odile PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-C-0011 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

88 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0243, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

dramatically. This response time is much shorter than had perturbations propagated westward at a velocity of around orientation. The fonosphere responded within about two minutes: the electric field intensity diminished, and the lonospheric signature of rapid increases in the midnightmagnetosphere, and the ionosphere was studied using data 1000 m/s. It was argued that these perturbations are the transition from active to quiet conditions was exemined. from multi-instrument campaigns. One study showed that, even under quiescent conditions, the polar cap boundary sector magnetic reconnection. In a separate study, the F-region large and small scale irregularities changed The interplanetary magnetic field northward component The coupling between the solar wind, was quite active. Repeated disturbances in particle precipitation and electric field were observed at switched suddenly from a northward to a southward intervals of 10 to 20 minutes. Some of these previously been assumed ABSTRACT:

\*IONOSPHERE, \*MAGNETOSPHERE, BOUNDARIES, COUPLINGS, ELECTRIC FIELDS, F REGION, FIELD INTENSITY, INTENSITY, INTERVALS, MAGNETIC FIELDS, PARTICLES, PERTURBATIONS, POLAR CAP, PRECIPITATION, QUIET, REGIONS, RESPONSE, SCALE, SIGNATURES, SOLAR WIND, TIME, TRANSITIONS, VELOCITY, WIND DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A284 758

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 758

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2310BS.

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IDENTIFIERS:

12/4 AD-A264 758

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST

(U) Adaptive Networks For Sequential Decision Problems

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Sep 89-29 Sep 92,

92 SEP Barto, Andrew PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-89-0528 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-83-0208, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

test learning algorithms and architectures. Although most of these problems were simulated, they also began to apply DP-based learning algorithms to actual robot control problems with considerable success. Progress was actions, modular network architectures, and architectures using abstract actions. Theoretical progress was made in developing artificial neural network methods for solving stochastic sequential decision problems. The research navigation, and steering control in ord " to develop and made on reinforcement learning methods using continuous relating DP-based reinforcement learning algorithms to focused on reinforcement learning methods based on approximating dynamic programming (DP). They used problems in the domains of robot fine motion control. sequential decision problems. As a result of this research there is an improved understanding of these algorithms and how they can be successfully used in As a result of this more conventional methods for solving stochastic Considerable progress was made in applications. E

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING, \*NEURAL NETS, ABSTRACTS, ALGORITHMS, ARCHITECTURE, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, CONTROL, DYNAMICS, LEARNING, MOTION, NAVIGATION, ROBOTS, STEERING, TEST AND EVALUATION, SYSTEMS ENGINEERING. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

WUAF0SR2305B3 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

9/1 11/3 4D-A264 755

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIV AT RALEIGH DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (U) Atomic Layer Epitaxy of Semiconductor Heterostructures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Sep 91-14 Sep 92,

Bedair, Salah PERSONAL AUTHORS: NOV 92

AF0SR-91-0422 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO. MONITOR

8

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0244, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

fashion in the initial growth stages. These ALE-grown films have better surface morphology when compared with the corresponding MOCVD-grown films. With an AlGaP buffer This avoids island growth and the two-step growth process SSTRACT: (U) AlgaP and GaP films were deposited on the (100) Si substrates by Atomic Layer Epitaxy (ALE) in the temperature range between 450 and 600 deg C. Under optimum growth conditions, the growth of GaP and AlgaP was observed to proceed in a two-dimensional (2-D) layer grown on Si, the subsequent growth of GaAs on the AlGaP-coated Si substrates tends to proceed 2-D growth. currently used

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*LAYERS, \*SEMICONDUCTORS, \*ATOMIC STRUCTURE, \*EPITAXIAL GROWTH, BUFFERS, FILMS, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, MORPHOLOGY, SILICON, SUBSTRATES, SURFACES, ALUMINUM, PHOSPHIDES, MORPHOLOGY, COATINGS, VAPOR DEPOSITION, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, GALLIUM PHOSPHIDES, TEMPERATURE, TWO DIMENSIONAL.

MOCVD(Metal-Organic Chemical Vapor Deposition), Aluminum WUAFOSR230581, Heterostructure, gallium phosphide, Island growth

AD-A264 754

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

The 1991 Neural Information Processing Systems-natural & Synthetic. €

Final rept. 30 Se 91-29 Sep 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 93

Moody, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0438 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-83-0271, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Colorado, from 2-5 December 1991. Since its inception in 1987, the NIPS conference has attracted researchers from many disciplines who are applying their expertise to problems in the field of neural networks. The conference Systems-Natural and Synthetic' (NIPS) was held in Denver 1991 conference maintained the high level of excitement and the following two day workshop have become a forum for presenting the latest research results and for leading researchers to gather and exchange ideas. The The 1991 'Neural Information Processing of its predecessors. Important new theoretical results were presented concerning the capability and generalization performance of networks.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*INFORMATION PROCESSING, \*NETWORKS, COLORADO, NEURAL NETS, SYMPOSIA, WORKSHOPS. DESCRIPTORS:

TAISLY

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

9/2 20/3 AD-A264 751 11/8.1 20,/5 1/4 AD-A264 753

GAINESVILLE FLORIDA UNIV (U) Development of an O Atom Gun

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. t Sep 91-31 Aug 82,

MAR 93

Hoflund, Gar B PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-91-C-0087 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-93-0219, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

atom fluxes of about 10(exp 12) atoms/sq cm/s, and future modifications should increase this flux by 1 to 3 orders of magnitude. Based on the 0+ energy distribution, the average 0 neutral energy is about 5 eV with a fairly source which is compact, durable and mounts on a standard UHV flange for the generation of hyperthermal oxygen atoms. This has been accomplished. In this source oxygen The goal of this project was to produce a broad distribution (FWHM approx. equal 3.8 eV). The information required for the development of this source atoms permeate through a Ag membrane held at 500 deg C and are then emitted toward the target from the vacuum side of the membrane by electron stimulated desorption (ESD). The current prototype model generates usable 0and a design of the source are presented. 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ATOMS, \*GUNS, \*OXYGEN, DESORPTION, ELECTRONS, ENERGY, FLANGES, MEMBRANES, MODELS, MODIFICATION, MOUNTS, NEUTRAL, PROTOTYPES, STANDARDS, TARGETS, THERMAL PROPERTIES, SILVER ALLOYS, ULTRAHIGH VACUUM, SPACECRAFT, SEMICONDUCTORS. DESCRIPTORS:

Hyperthermal, ESD(Electron Stimulated Corrosion materials. Desorption), AG, € IDENTIFIERS:

NORWOOD MA EIC LABS INC (U) Optically Switchable Conductive Polymers.

Final rept. 15 Jun-14 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

158P FEB 93 Rose, Timothy L.; Kon, Allan B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-C-0041 CONTRACT NO.

1602 PROJECT NO.

5 TASK NO.

TR-93-0288, AF0SR AFOSR, MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

which also has potential photodoping properties, was also polymer, the rate of switching should be fast and uniform radical cation which in turn oxidized the polythiophene giving it potential applications in optical processing devices. The initial polymer system selected was a polythiophene substituted at the 3 position with a diphenyliodonium salt. Photodissociation of diphenyliodonium chloride in physical contact with the electron transfer initiated by absorption of light. By covalently bonding the electron donating molety to the STRACT: (U) The objectives of the project were to synthesize and characterize a polymer which could be switched to its conductive state by intramolecular backbone. Several approaches tried to synthesize the covalently bound substituted polythiophene were unsuccessful. Polymerization of 3-ferrocenylpyrrole polymer formed the highly oxidizing phenyllodonium unsuccessful. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*POLYMERS, \*CONDUCTIVITY, \*OPTICAL SWITCHING, ABSORPTION, BONDÍNG, CATIONS, CHLORIDES, ELECTRON TRANSFER, ELECTRONS, FILMS, LIGHT, OPTICAL PROCESSING, PHOTODISSOCIATION, POLYMERIZATION, PROCESSING, RATES, SALTS, THIOPHENES, MOLECULAR STATES, COVALENT BONDS, ELECTRON DONORS, THIOPHENES, PYRROLES, IRON, TODINE COMPOUNDS, PHENYL RADICALS DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 751

DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A264 751 CONTINUED

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Conducting Polvmer, Polythiophene, Photodope, Iodonium Salt, Films, PEB3218C, WUAFOSR160201,

3-Ferrocenylpyrroles.

AD-A264 750 4/1 20/9

8/7

3/5

UTAH STATE UNIV LOGAN

(U) USU Center of Excellence in Theory and Analysis of the Geo-Plasma Environment.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 89-30 Sep 92,

FEB 83 33P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Schunk, Robert W.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0026

PROJECT NO. 3484

TASK NO. HS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0204, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

graduate students was assembled at USU to work in close collaboration with scientists at the Air Force Geophysics Laboratory on a number of problems that are relevant to Air Force systems, including OTH radars, communications, and orbiting space structures. The overall goal of the research was to obtain a better understanding of the basic chemical and physical processes operating in the geoplasma environment, including the ionosphere, thermosphere, and magnetosphere. Some of the specific tasks included the following: (1) Study the feasibility of developing better operational ionospheric models; (3) Conduct model/data comparisons in order to validate the ionospheric models; (4) Study plasma electrodynamics in the high latitude ionosphere; (5) Study magnetosphere ionosphere refilling problems; (8) Continue the ionosphere refilling problems; (8) Study off ray tracing problems at high latitudes; and (8) Study certain spacecraft-environment interaction problems; including those related to high-voltage power sources, spacecraft outgassing artificial plasma cloud expansion, and spacecraft charging at LEO altitudes

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*GEOPHYSICS, \*IONOSPHERE.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/4 AD-A264 749

1/8

CONTINUED AD-A264 750

20/5

\*PLASMAS(PHYSICS), \*SPACECRAFT CHARGING, \*SOLAR ACTIVITY, CIRCULATION, DENSITY, ELECTRODYNAMICS, HIGH LATITUDES, INTERACTIONS, IONOSPHERIC MODELS, MAGNETOSPHERE, MODELS, RADAR, SPACECRAFT, TEMPERATURE, THERMOSPHERE, VELOCITY, INSTABILITY, OVER THE HORIZON RADAR, OUTGASSING, ATMOSPHERIC MOTION.

X-Ray Absorption Spectroscopy of Electrochemically CINCINNATI UNIV OH DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

> Modelling. Analysis, Instabilities PE61103D, W. AFOSR3484HS <u>Э</u> IDENTIFIERS

22P FEB 93

Generated Species,

Heineman, William R.; Lider, Richard C.

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0089 CONTRACT NO. PROJECT NO.

AFOSR, MONITOR:

A

TASK NO.

TR-93-0209, AFUSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

conducting polymers, (4) development of a flow cell which and electrically conducting polymers. Our objectives were enables EXAFS spectroelectrochemistry to be performed in in aqueous and nonaqueous solvents, lonically conducting polymer films, electroactive films on conducting metals We have demonstrated the applicability of this technique electrostatic cross-linking of ionic polymer films and their effects on the structures of charged coordination compounds immobilized in the film, (2) cation charge transport and its effects on the structures of determination for metals and intermetallic compounds in spectroscopy has been combined with ejectrochemistry to to study the redox coordination chemistry of metal ions atom types and bond lengths of metal ions in multiple oxidation states which are generated electrochemically electroactive films such as Prussian blue deposited on electrodes. (3)metal lons incorporated in electrically X-ray absorption fine structure (EXAFS) enable the measurement of coordination numbers, donor a controlled atmosphere environment, (5) structure to conduct research in the following areas: (1) mercury solvent, and (8) evaluation of spectroelectrochemical nernstian plots. DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ABSORPTION, \*ELECTROCHEMISTRY, \*X RAYS ADSORPTION, ATMOSPHERES, ATOMS, BLUE(COLOR), CATIONS, CELLS, CHEMISTRY, CONTROLLED ATMOSPHERES, ELECTRODES, ELECTROSTATICS, ENVIRONMENTS, FILMS, FLOW, INTERMETALLIC

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 749

COMPOUNDS, IONS, MEASUREMENT, MERCURY, METALS, NUMBERS, OXIDATION, POLYMERS, SOLVENTS, SPECTROSCOPY, STRUCTURES, TRANSPORT, ELECTRON DONORS, CHEMICAL BONDS, OXIDATION REDUCTION REACTIONS, CONDUCTIVITY, ELECTRIC CHARGE, COPPER, NITROGEN, LIGANDS.

species. Coordination mumber, Aqueous, Nonaqueous, Spectro electrochemistry, Nernstian plots, EXAFS(X Ray PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303A1, \*Generated Absorption Fine Structure), Nafion, Poly(Dimethyldiallylammonium Chloride), PDMDAAC IDENTIFIERS:

9/1 AD-A264 748

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STANFORD UNIV

(U) Thermodynamic and Stochastic Theory of Electrical Circuits

85 FEB Hjelmfalt, Allen; Ross, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

20 FASK NO.

TR-93-0222, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Availability: Pub. in Physical Review A, v45 n4 p2201-2210, 15 Feb 92. Availabile only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

circuits approaching nonequilibrium stationary states containing linear or nonlinear capacitors, resistors, and inductors. We restrict ourselves to circuits with only point attractors. The theory centers around a function phi, and we show that (1) it is the macroscopic driving force to a stationary state, (2) it is a global Liapunov total dissipation, (5) it is an excess work of moving the circuit away from the stationary state, and (6) it determines a stationary probability distribution of a Fokker-Planck equation. The generalization from linear to circuit. A translation of chemical to electrical networks holds at the thermodynamic but not stochastic level of conditions for the existence and stability of stationary states, (4) its time derivative is a component of the instantaneous mapping from the nonlinear circuit to a thermodynamically and kinetically equivalent linear function, (3) it provides necessary and sufficient nonlinear circuits is made with the concept of an thermodynamic and stochastic theory of electrical We begin the development of a

, 1

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CIRCUITS, \*ELECTRICAL NETWORKS, \*THERMODYNAMICS, \*ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES. AVAILABILITY, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 748

UNCLASSIFIED

AD-A264 749

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CAPACITORS, CHEMICALS, DISSIPATION, FOKKER PLANCK EQUATIONS, GLOBAL, INDUCTORS, MAPPING, PROBABILITY, REPRINTS, RESISTORS, STABILITY, STATIONARY, THEORY, TIME, TRANSLATIONS, WORK. CONTINUED AD-A264 748

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, \*Electrical 3 IDENTIFIERS: circuits.

**4**/ 17/8 AD-A264 747

HAYSTACK DBSERVATORY WESTFORD MA

Dual-mode E Region Plasmas Wave Observations from Millstone Hill, E

APR 93

st DEL Pozo, C. F.; Foster, J. C.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Maurice, J. P.

AF0SR-88-0023 CONTRACT NO.

2310

PROJECT NO.

8

AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0298, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Geophysical Research, v98 nA4 pG013-6032, 1 Apr 83. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NIIS.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology Milistone Hill Radar facility allow for high- sensitivity, dual-mode probling of the unstable auroral lonosphere. From almost simultaneous observations of the E and F regions, we have determined both the local electric field and the spectral the order of 20 mV/m. We have detected the presence of an observed phase velocities with systematically greater values which we attribute to the presence of a 50 m/s E-W neutral wind at E region heights. The maximum observed reported in the literature, whereas the second type has broader spectrum, is detected in all directions, and appears to be new. From our observations, onset of turbulence corresponds to an electric field threshold of azimuthal asymmetry in both the threshold field and the (respectively, the eastward and the westward electrojet conditions) and identify modified two- stream (Farley-Buneman) waves as well as two kinds of waves associated with the turbulence created by such waves. One of these types has properties similar to those of type 11 waves properties of the plasma wave backscatter. We present region during local afternoon to early morning hours observations and analysis of the unstable auroral E The unique capabilities of the ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A264 747

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 747

that of the secondaries was of the order of 20 dB smaller volume reflectivity for type I waves ranges exceeded 10-11 m-1 (60 dB above the stable thermal fluctuations) and

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ELECTROJETS, \*IONOSPHERE, \*PLASMA WAVES, \*RADAR, DUAL MODE, E REGION, ELECTRIC FIELDS, HIGH SENSITIVITY, REFLECTIVITY, REPRINTS, SENSITIVITY, TURBULENCE, VELOCITY, AUKORAE, BACKSCATTERING, ELECTRON DENSITY, MAGNETOSPHERE, SOLAR WIND, F REGION. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2310A2... IDENTIFIERS: (U)

5/8 AD-A264 746 MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

A Mechanism For Timing Conditioned Responses, 3

110 92

Moore, John W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0387 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

88 TASK NO. AFOSR. XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0279, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Action and Cognition, p228-238 1982. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. Availability: Pub. in Time, SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

is expected. A simple connectionist network, comprised of two neuron-like processing units, provides a mechanisms that can account for virtually all aspects of conditioned response timing. The unfolding of time from the onsets lines. Input to the two processing units from conditioned stimuli arise from collateral taps off of each sequential amplitude occurs at times when the unconditioned stimulus Classical conditioning procedures instill signals and triggers for action, and the unconditioned stimulus, the event to be timed. This knowledge is expressed in the temporal features of the conditioned and offsets of events such as conditioned stimuli as represented by the propagation of activity along delay knowledge about the temporal relationships between conditioned stimuli, which are regarded as predictive response, which typically develop such that its peak element of these delay lines. E ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COGNITION, \*CONDITIONED RESPONSE,
AMPLITUDE, AVAILABILITY, DELAY LINES, INPUT, NERVE CELLS.
NETWORKS, PROCESSING, REPRINTS, RESPONSE, SHIPS, SIGNALS, STIMULI, TAPS, TIME. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, AF0SR2312BS 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A284 746

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

CONTINUED

AD-A264 745 DESCRIPTORS:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COGNITION, \*SEMANTICS, \*CONDITIONED RESPONSE, AVAILABILITY, BEHAVIOR, CIRCUITS, DYSFUNCTION, MEMBRANES, MODELS, RABBITS, REPRINTS, RESPONSE, STRUCTURES, TOOLS, STIMULI, NEUROPHYSIOLOGY.

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2312BS

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A264 745 5/8

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Knowledge Structures in Temporally, Adaptive Conditioned Responding,

92 11

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, John W.

CONTRACT NO. F49820-92-J-0387

PROJECT NO. 231

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0278, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Neuropsychology of Memory, p 510-518 1892. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

conditioning provides a set of tools for investigating, at both the behavioral and neurophysiological levels, how semantic relations among events are established and bow cognitive science is that of understanding how experience assigns meaning to events. How does one set of stimulus attributes become symbolic of another set of stimulus approach is both experimental and theoretical. Its focus detailed descriptions of phenomenology. Recently, there has been progress in determining how these models might be aligned with specific neural circuits and processes. This chapter considers the kinds of knowledge instilled by classical conditioning procedures and the ways in the classically conditioned eyeblink/nictitating typically mathematical models, which are capable of Neuropsychologists are interested in this question these relationships determine behavior. Classical conditioning provides a set of coherent theories, which this knowledge is expressed in behavior. My because of its implications for a wide variety of One of the outstanding problems of cognitive and performance dysfunction. Classical attributes? This is the question of semantics. embrane response of the rabbit € ABSTRACT:

AD-A264 745

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# DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 744 6/1 12/9 6/2

OREGON STATE UNIV NEWPORT HATFIELD MARINE SCIENCE CENTER

(U) Complex Dynamics of a Catalytic Network Having Faulty Replication Into Error-Species.

93 23P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Andrade, Miguel A.; Nuno, Juan C.; Moran, Federico; Montero, Francisco; Mpitsos, George J.

CONTRACT NO. F48620-92-J-0140

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0277, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Physica D, v83 p 21-40 1993. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

bifurcation points, system dynamics is stable in response for the catalytic species. At low values of Q, the system constants K(ji), controlling the enzymatic reactions can be used as bifurcation parameters to generate a rich repertoire of periodic and complex chaotic dynamics. catalytic species. A constant-population criterion produces competition among all reactants. The time evolution of the catalytic species can be expressed by a to changes in the quality of replication Q, where 1 Q is through noncatalytic and catalytic action, and catalyze noncatalyzed self-replication, but has no effect on the the mutation rate, and in the amplification constant A consists of n species that individually self-replicate replication into a mutant molecular species. The model networks when error is introduced through faulty selfset of ordinary differential equations. We provide a kinetically indistinguishable from one another. This the replication of other species. Faulty replication We examine the dynamics of catalytic detailed parametric analysis of the dynamics in a computationally tractable reduced model. Kinetic Except for changes in the parametric position of aggregate error-species (error-tail) undergoes produces error mutants which are assumed to be E ABSTRACT:

AD-A264 744 CONTINUED

falls out of chaotic regimes and into a 'random-replication' state at which there are no catalytic species present. There is a similar insensitivity to changes in the amplification factor for the error species. A sub e. except for A sub e. = 0, at which the chaotic regimes remain stable throughout the full range of Q. We discuss the behavior of our model against one in which error is handled by means of mutual intermutation between the catalytic species.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MUTATIONS, \*ENZYME CHEMISTRY, \*NEURAL NETS, CHAOS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, DYNAMICS, ERRORS, KINETICS, MODELS, PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS, QUALITY, TRACTABLE, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, REACTION KINETICS, ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Catalytic networks, Limit cycles, Bifurcation, PE81102F, WUAFOSR2312A1.

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

5/8 15/1 AD-A264 720

AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH BOLLING AFB DC

Research Proposal Quarteriy Status Report for January-March 1893

Quarterly status rept. Jan-Mar 93 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 93

MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0340, AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

index lists proposals alphabetically by institution. This and by Program Manager within the Directorate. This report is designed to inform other Government sponsoring Report is published in March, June, September, and December by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR). It lists all the research proposals received by taken (Initiated, Declined or Withdrawn) on each report. The report is divided into two parts. The Institution agencies of the proposals received by the AFOSR and the action taken on these proposals. Readers must keep in AFOSR in the previous six months along with the action is followed by a more detailed listing by Directorate, mind that declined proposals should not necessarily be The Research Proposal Quarterly Status special programmatic emphasis. 3 ABSTRACT:

\*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, \*RESEARCH SCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, \*R. MANAGEMENT, INDEXES, REPORTS, CONTRACTORS DESCRIPTORS:

20/4 AD-A284 705 NEW HAVEN CT DEPT OF MATHEMATICS YALE UNIV Analysis and Computation for Vortex Dynamics and Rarefled Gases. 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 89-31 Oct 92,

DEC 92

Caflisch, Russel PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0013 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

ğ TASK ND. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0324, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

experiment by detecting subtle differences in structures. By extracting coherent structures in the flows it promises to permit efficient tracking of these structures. In particular, as a result of testing by the FBI and Scotland Yard, a variant of these algorithms has been and by M. Farge and V. Wickerhauser for the analysis of simulated two dimensional vorticity fields. This analysis in sound and high resolution image compression and are currently being tested for their technological value. In parallel, the best basis algorithm has been used by K. Sreenivasan for analysis of experimental turbulence data. permits a more careful comparison between simulation and in storage hardware alone of \$25,000,000. These methods are also being tested, in collaboration with Martin and analysis. These methods have been used successfully chosen for as a. standard for fingerprint image compression with an estimated initial saving to the FBI The researchers have developed a variety of adapted orthogonal transforms for signal compression Marietta, for automatic target recognition. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*RAREFIED GASES, \*VORTICES, ALGORITHMS, AUTOMATIC, COMPRESSION, FINGERPRINTS, ORTHOGONALITY, COMPUTATIONS, DATA COMPRESSION, HIGH RESOLUTION, IMAGES, RESOLUTION, SAVINGS, SCOTLAND, SIGNALS, SIMULATION, SOUND, STANDARDS, STORAGE, TARGET RECOGNITION, TARGETS, TRACKING,

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A284 705

AD-A264 692

6/4

TWO DIMENSIONAL TURE-JLENCE, Orthogonal transforms.

E

IDENTIFIERS:

TEXAS UNIV AT SAN ANTONIO NONLINEAR SIGNAL PROCESSING LAB

(U) Analysis of Visual Loss From Retinal Lesions.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 89-31 Oct 92.

3 0CT 92 Longbotham, Harold PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0490 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR, XC TR-83-0270, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Progress was made during the course of the Grant on the application of Order Statistics and Neural Network modeling to analysis of the onset of retinal lesions. Several medical applications of WMMR filters were initiated, leading to a number of publications and conference presentations by the PI and his co-workers.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*LESIONS, \*RETINA, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PATTERNS, LOSSES, SAMPLING, SIGNALS, VISION, CLASSIFICATION, ERROR CORRECTION CODES, FILTERS.

WUAFOSR2304A5, \*Neurophysiology, IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Visual loss.

AD-A284 705

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 891 6/4 5/8

NORTH CAPOLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DIV OF OTOLARYNGOLOGY

Level Difference), CMR(Comodulation Masking Release),

Spectro temporal.

CONTINUED

AD-A264 691

(U) Auditory Spectro-Temporal Pattern Analysis.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 89-31 Dec 92,

MAR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Hall, Joseph W.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0108

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0252, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The long-term aim of this project was a better understanding of auditory processes which use across-frequency or across-ear temporal envelope and modulation differences cues to aid performance. Areas of investigation included comodulation masking release (CMR), the masking-level difference (MLD), temporal resolution, and the processing of amplitude and frequency modulation. The goals of the proposed experiments were to (1) examine the possible relation between CMR and auditory phenomena related to auditory grouping, or auditory scene analysis; (2) examine the possible relation between CMR and the MLD for narrowband noise maskers; (3) to determine the extent to which across-frequency correlation of temporal envelopes may influence gap detection for wideband stimuli; (4) determine whether masking release can be derived from cues based upon across frequency coherence of frequency modulation. The tasks involved signal detection in masking noise, temporal gap detection, and the detection of frequency modulation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AUDITORY ACUITY, \*HEARING, PATTERNS, EAR, PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), CHOLINERGIC NERVES, SOUND, SOUND TRANSMISSION, SIGNAL PROCESSING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313AS, MLD(Masking

D-A284 891

AD-A264 691

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88

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

> 1/4 11/2 AD-A264 685

CLARKSON UNIV POTSDAM NY

11/4

(U) Colloid and Interface Chemistry Aspects of Ceramics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1989-1992,

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Matijevic, Egon

AF0SR-89-0441 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-93-0329, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

evaluate compaction and sintering effects of such powders. dispersion of different combinations of particles and the experimentally, interactions between unlike particles (). the stability of mixed dispersions), in order to obtained data were compared with expected values based on composition have been obtained. Finally, coated particles synthesis of such 'monodispersed' powders. Specifically, we have produced colloidal particles of different metals internally mixed particles of stoichiometrically defined metal ratios (such as metal niobates) and of variable shapes. Thus, one part of the program has dealt with the dispersions consisting of uniform particles of different chemical compositions (simple or mixed) and in different different inorganic compounds or of polymers were prepared. All these systems were characterized in terms of their bulk and surface procenties. In the other part address the properties and interactions of fine powders of interest in ceramics. In order to arrive at quantitative conclusions and assure reproducibility of The rate of heterocoagulation was followed in aqueous data, the first requirement was to have well defined The major goal of this project was to of inorganic cores covered with shells of either metal oxides, and silicon nitride. In addition, of the program, we studied, theoretically and different theoretical models. The significant

CONTINUED AD-A264 685

Adhesion of particles, Ceramic powders, Coated particles, Colloid particles, Composite particles, Heterocoagulation calculated stability ratios could be reconciled, if the surface charge segregation was taken into account. Monodispersed colloids, Powders. DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COLLOIDS, \*CERAMIC MATERIALS, ADHESION, CHEMICAL COMPOSITION, CORES, DEPOSITION, DISPERSIONS, INDRGANIC COMPOUNDS, INTERACTIONS, LAYERS, METALS, MODELS, NIOBATES, NITRIDES, DXIDES, PARTICLES, POLYMERS, POWDERS, RATES, RATIOS, REPRODUCIBILITY, REQUIREMENTS, SHAPE, SILICON, SILICON NITRIDES, SINTERING, SOLIDS, STABILITY, STATIC ELECTRICITY, SURFACE PROPERTIES, SYNTHESIS, TRANSITIONS, VARIABLES, STOICHIOMETRY, COATINGS, BULK MATERIALS, COAGULATION, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, COPPER, NICKEL, COBALT, IRON, RUTHENIUM, PALLADIUM

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303A3, \*Interface chemistry, Compaction, Aqueous. IDENTIFIERS:

discrepancies between the experimentally evaluated and

AD-A264 685

141505

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/7 7/2 20/6 1/4 AD-A264 684

WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

The Reactions of Atomic Oxygen with Si(100) and Si(111): 2. Adsorption, Passive Oxidation and the Effect of Coincident Ion Bombardment,

CHEMICAL REACTIONS, SURFACES, MOLECULAR BEAMS, SUPERSONIC FLOW, X RAY PHOTOELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY, LOW ENERGY, SCATTERING, ENERGY, CHEMISORPTION, LAYERS, THIN FILMS, KINETICS, SATURATION, OXIDES, THICKNESS, TEMPERATURE, ELECTRIC FIELDS, SUBSTRATES, NUCLEATION, ARGON.

OXIDATION, ION BOMBARDMENT

CONTINUED

AD-A264 684

ADSORPTION,

REPRINTS.

Coincident, Fast stage, Slow stage, Langmuirian, Gas

solid reactions, Translational energy.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303A2, Passive

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

48 92 Engstrom, J. R.; Bonser, D. J.; Engel, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

2303 PROJECT NO.

**A2** TASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-93-0332, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Surface Science, v268 p238-264 1992. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. Availability: Pub.

'direct' logarithmic kinatics, where dx/dt \* alpha exp(-x/ oxygen adsorbs with unit probability on the clean silicon surface, independent of substrate temperature (110-800 K) Langmuirian kinetics with an apparent saturation coverage of approximately 4 ML O(a), the oxide growth stage by suggests that oxide growth in the slow stage may occur by and incident mean translational energy (3-16 kcal mol-1). field aids transport of oxygen to the underlying silicon significant exidation at substrate temperatures of 110 K STRACT: (U) The reactions of atomic oxygen with the (100) and (111) surfaces of silicon have been investigated by employing supersonic molecular beam techniques. X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS), and low-energy fon scattering spectroscopy (ISS). Atomic m field-assisted mechanism, where an internal electric Dxidation of clean silicon with an oxygen atom beam is corresponds to oxygen chemisorption in the topmost 2-3 silicon layers; and a 'slow' stage that corresponds to L), where  $\times$  is the oxide thickness. Observation of characterized by two stages: a 'fast' stage that oxygen incorporation and oxide film growth. The chemisorption stage is described by First-order substrate layers. (Author) ABSTRACT:

\*DXYGEN, \*ATOMIC STRUCTURE, \*SILICON, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A284 684

AD-A284 684

UNCLASSIFIED

88

**14155**F

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

ANILINES, COMPLEX IONS, INDRGANIC COMPOUNDS, ELECTRODES, IMIDAZOLES, ETHYL RADICALS, METHYL RADICALS.

CONTINUED

AD-A264 683

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102f, WUAFOSR2303A1, \*Lewis acid, \*Superacid, 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium, Electroactive,

Polyaniline, Bronsted acid

IDENTIFIERS:

9// 4/1 7/2 AD-A264 683

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALD AMHERST

(U) Studies in Lewis Acid and Superacid Ionic Liquids.

Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Jun 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

33P APR 83

Osteryoung, Robert A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0098 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-83 0338, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

chloroaluminate molten salt composed of aluminum chloride and 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride were carried out were obtained, and the behavior of dimethylaniline in the presence and absence of a Bronsted acid was examined. The presence of both Lewis and Bronsted adducts was confirmed near neutral melt, and a procedure to buffer the neutral Electrochemistry, Nuclear magnetic resonance, Superacid chemistry and electrochemistry of solutes as influenced techniques. Gutmann donor/acceptor numbers of the melts melts was examined. A number of electrochemical studies several inorganic complexes ions was investigated in a A variety of topics were investigated. The behavior of electroactive polymers, mainly polyaniline, was investigated, and simultaneous EPR and electrochemical with emphasis on the use of fast pulse voltammetry at very small microelectrodes were carried out. Finally, experiments were carried out. The stoichiometry of .. Chloroaluminates, Ionic liquids, Molten salt, by the presence of a proton (Bronsted) acid were investigated by means of electrochemical and NMR Studies in an ambient temperature

\*ALUMINATES, \*CHLORINE, ACIDS, ALUMINUM, BUFFERS, CHEMISTRY, MELTS, NEUTRAL NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE, POLYMERS, PROTONS, PULSES, SOLUTES, STOICHIOMETRY, TEMPERATURE, VOLTAMMETRY, \*IONS, \*LIQUIDS, \*MOLTEN SALTS 9 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 683

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**T416**5F

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING VINU SNIXADH SNHOD AD-A264 682

(U) Analytical Foundations of Gain Scheduling.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 90-28 Feb 93,

MAR 83

Rugh, Wilson J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0138 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0325, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Principal Investigator and his students over the three-year period of support. Results reported include development of a basic theory of gain scheduling in nonlinear systems, solution of output regulation problems based on an exogenous system assumption for the exogenous degradation in the case of rapidiy-varying scheduling signals, and an exploratory application of these results to an autopilot design example. Publications describing the results in detail are listed... Control Theory, Nonlinear Control Systems, Gain Scheduling. signals (including disturbance and scheduling signals), initial development of methods to alleviate performance flight control applications that were obtained by the research results on a theory of gain scheduling for This final report briefly describes

SYSTEMS, CONTROL THEORY, DEGRADATION, FLIGHT, GAIN, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, DUTPUT, SCHEDULING, SIGNALS, THEORY \*AUTOMATIC PILOTS, \*FLIGHT CONTROL ŝ DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2304AS ĵ CDENTIFIERS:

7/4 8/4 AD-A264 681

DALHOUSIE UNIV HALIFAX (NOVA SCOTIA) DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

Neurophysiological Analysis of Circadian Rhythm Entrainment. 9

Final rept. 1 Jan 80-31 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 MAR

Rusak, Benjamin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0104 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0335, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the NMDA receptor subtype, is important for conveying photic information to suprachiasmatic nucleus (SCN) cells. We have also found that a sub-region of the SCN still shows Fos-lir after blockade of EAA receptors, and we have evidence suggesting that these cells are innervated by a distinct subdivision of the retinal projection to the SCN. In addition, we have found that photic responses We review recent studies in our laboratory which have investigated the neural mechanisms underlying photic entrainment of the mammalian circadian system. The immunoreactivity (-11r) indicate that excitatory amino acid (EAA) transmission, and particularly, activation of of cells in the intergeniculate leaflet (which projects to the SCN) and of SCN cells are modulated by serotonin results from studies of extracellular single-unit via a receptor that resembles the SHI1A subtype. recordings and of photic induction of Fos-like

RHYTHMS, ACTIVATION, AMINO ACIDS, LABORATORIES, SEROTONIN, DOCUMENTS, GENES, LIGHT PULSES, NERVES, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, PEPTIDES, SENSITIVITY, RESPONSE(BIOLOGY). DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312CS Ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A264 679

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND COMPUTER SCIENCE Nonsmooth Optimization Algorithms, System Theory, and Software Tools. E

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 89-31 Dec 92

<u>ල</u> APR Polak, Elijah PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0068 CONTRACT NO. AF0SR, XC TR-83-0327, AF0SR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

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systems with control, state and shape constraints, and (5) efficient numerical procedures for the integrated design finding design parameters satisfying specifications, (4) optimal control algorithms for discrete and distributed deals with the development of (1) efficient, consistent discretization techniques for use in semi-infinite optimization, optimal control algorithms that solve problems with dynamics governed by partial differential of flexible structures and their control systems.... Optimization, Optimal shape design algorithms. The research described in this report equations, (2) superlinearly converging semi-finite optimization algorithms, (3) various techniques for

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ALGORITHMS, \*OPTIMIZATION, \*SOFTWARE ENGINEERING, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DYNAMICS, FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, PARAMETERS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, SHAPE, SPECIFICATIONS, NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING, PROBLEM SOLVING, TOOLS. DESCRIPTORS:

ť.

5/2 AD-A264 678

TENNESSEE UNIV KNOXVILLE

Efficient Algorithms and Data Structures in Geometric Design. 3

Final rept. 1 Jun 91-31 Mar 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 83

Bajaj, Chandrajit L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0276 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-93-0328, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of a numerically stable and topologically robust algorithm for boolean set operations between solids with Research has been conducted on the design algorithms surface patches of arbitrary degree ABSTRACT: (U)

\*BOOLEAN ALGEBRA, \*ALGORITHMS. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*800L INFORMATION PROCESSING. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2304DS Ê IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 R79

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS INST FOR MATHEMATICS AND ITS #/B **APPLICATIONS** AD-A284 677

(U) Linear Algebra for Signal Processing

Final rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 93

ż Friedman, Avner; Miller, Willard, PERSONAL , IUTHORS:

F49620-82-J-0149 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

ĘS TASK NO. AFDSR, XC TR-83-0320, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Linear Algebra for Signal Processing, part of the IMA 1891-82 program in Applied Linear Algebra. Specifically the grant supported 12 one-month visitors-during the April-May 1892 period devoted to signal processing and also provided support for the workshop Liner Algebra for Signal Processing (April 8-10, 1992) organized by Adam Bojanczyk and George Cybenko, including some funds for publication costs of the proceedings as an IMA Volume.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*LINEAR ALGEBRA, \*SIGNAL PROCESSING, \*APPLIED MATHEMATICS, ALGEBRA, COSTS, GRANTS, SIGNALS, WORKSHOPS, ALGORITHMS, RESEARCH MANAGEMENT.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304ES Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

12/3 AD-A264 676

12/1

TENNESSEE UNIV KNOXVILLE

Statistical and Numerical Methods in Control and Identification.

Final rept. 1 Oct 80-31 Dec 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

ō DEC 92 Fitzpatrick, Ben PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0021 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-83-0326, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

statistical computing in inverse problems, identification in conservation laws, cooling of viscoelastic films, and We have computing facilities and the structures lab of Phillips Lab, in order to tailor the statistical and numerical techniques under study to those problems of interest to AFOSR. We have also visited AFESC at Tyndall analysis and empirical distributions, and in analysis of funded by grant AFOSR-81-0021. Substantial progress has been made in statistical areas, especially in Bayesian inverse problems in structures and groundwater modeling Our numerical studies have focused oil parallel a general problem involving the estimation of measures. We report on several research projects AFB to discuss mathematical issues in groundwater modeling problems of interest to the Air Force

CERAMIC MATERIALS, PIEZOELECTRIC MATERIALS, CONTROL, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, BAYES THEOREM, PROBLEM SOLVING, STATISTICAL DISTRIBUTIONS. APPROXIMATION (MATHEMATICS), WATER POLLUTION, TRUSSES, \*STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, \*NUMERICAL DURES, AIR. AIR FORCE, CONSERVATION METHODS AND PROCEDURES, AIR, AIR FORCE, CONSERVAT COOLING, DISTRIBUTION, FACILITIES, FILMS, GRANTS, IDENTIFICATION, OILS, STRUCTURES, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2304AS € IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 676

AD-A264 677

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

CONTINUED

AD-A264 B75 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 675 6/1

PITTSBURGH UNIV PA DEPT OF PSYCHIATRY

(U) Organization of the Human Circadian System.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, BOUNDARIES, CATS, CONTRAST, DISTRIBUTION, FETUS, FIBERS, HUMANS, HYPOTHALAMUS, MAMMALS, MATERIALS, MONKEYS, MORPHOLOGY, NERVE CELLS, PEPTIDES, POPULATION, QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS, ACTUATORS, BODIES, COSTS, BUDGETS, ROBOTICS, COMPUTERS,

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312CS.

NERVE CELLS. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Firal rept. 1 Feb 91-31 Jan 93,

JAN 93 10P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, Robert Y.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0175

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0338, AFOSR

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

neuronal populations have a different distribution in the rucleus. In contrast to all other mammals, the ruman SCN fibers and varicosities and a fairly dense plexus of very fine fibers and small varicosities. These are very similar in morphology to GHT projections in other mammals From age-50-80, it is sometimes evident and and sometimes fetuses (33-38 weeks), newborns and young individuals to approximately age 50, the SCN is virtually always identifiable as a discrete nucleus with clear boundaries. contains a population of NPY + neurons that overlaps the on the SCN. Among the NPY + neurons are scattered coarse VIP + group but extends dorsally beyond it in the center not evident in the material. We have completed analysis including quantitative analysis. Sections are routinely stained for VIP, VP, NPY and NT. This analysis has the SCN is always evident as a distinct nucleus in immunocytochemical material. Second, it appears as the first component of the hypothalamus to be found in a revealed several interesting aspects of the human SCN. in contrast to what is found in Nissi material, rostrocaudal set of coronal sections. Third, the human In brains obtained from late gestation SCN is characterized by four separate populations of 22 hypothalami prepared for immunocytochemistry, neurons that have different peptide content. These particularly the cat and monkey ABSTRACT: First,

AD-A264 675

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PAGE 93 TAISSY

DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A264 674 5/8 6/4

AD-A284 874 CONTINUED

PENNSYLVANIA UNIV PHILADELPHÍA

EVALUATION, TRANSFORMATIONS, WORK.

(U) The Dynamics of Visual Representation, Attention, Encoding, and Retrieval Processes.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Oct 92,

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2313BS.

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sternberg, Saul

REPORT NO. \$AFDSR-91-0015

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0339, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This is the Final Technical Report of Work supported by a grant entitled The dynamics of visual representation: Attention, encoding, and retrieval processes. After a section describing the objectives of the work, the report provides a synopsis of the principal accomplishments, in five categories: (1) Investigation of the relation between location-probe and probed-reciting paradigms, to test whether the transformations that underlie performance changes with probe delay in the two paradigms are the same or different; (2) Investigation of the transformation associated with the location-probe paradigm at Zero probe delay, manipulating the legibility of the displayed characters as another approach to studying the transformation required for response; (4) Application of variants of a traditional visual search paradigm to investigate effects of properties of the early representation on the order of search, again by manipulating legibility; (5) Development of new tests of stage models of mental operations. Psychology, Information-processing, Visual, Memory, Reaction-time

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*INFORMATION PROCESSING, \*REACTION TIME, \*MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), \*VISUAL PERCEPTION, ATTENTION, CODING, DELAY, DYNAMICS, GRANTS, LEGIBILITY, MODELS, OPERATION, PROBES, PSYCHOLOGY, RESPONSE, TEST AND

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UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/3 9// 20/8 AD-A284 671

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

CONTINUED AD-A264 671

Phosphorescence Investigation of the Conformation of a Bromphaphthalene-Labeled Poly(acrylic acid), Ξ

TEMPERATURE, WATER

Turro, Nicholas J.; Kim, Jin-Baek; Caminati, Gabriella PERSONAL AUTHORS:

PEB1102F, \*Conformation, Pendant, Bromonaphthalene 3 IDENTIFIERS:

> AF0SR-89-215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO.

500 1100

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0331, AFOSR

MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Macromolecules, v28 p1830-1835 1893. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ketone and acrylic acid (BNPAA) has been prepared by free radical polymerization. The pendant bromonaphthalene (BN) group endow the polymer with the unusual property of readily observable phosphorescence in solution at room temperature. The phosphorescence of BNPAA was concentration, solvent structure, and other variables and polymer conformation. Employing the phosphorescence lifetime criterion as a probe, the conformation of BNPAA was studied under a variety of conditions. The effect of temperature as a function of polymer concentration, sait investigated and the strength of solvent-polymer interactions was found to decrease in the order water > A copolymer of 4-bromo-1-naphthly vinyl different solvents on the polymer conformation was shows that phosphorescence can serve as a probe of investigated systematically in solution at room methanol > dioxane. Phosphorescence, Polymers, Bromonaphthalene-labeled Poly(acrylic acid) 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*BROMINE, \*NAPHTHALENES, ACIDS, ACRYLIC ACID, COPOLYMERS, DIOXANES, FREE RADICALS, FUNCTIONS, INTERACTIONS, KETONES, METHANOLS, VINYL RADICALS, REPRINTS, PHOSPHORESCENCE, POLYMERIZATION, POLYMERS, PROBES, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SALTS, SOLVENTS, STRUCTURES, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 671

UNCLASSIFIED

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88 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A264 647 SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIV TIBURON CA ROMBERG TIBURON # /8 AD-A264 668 CENTERS

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Inhibition of DNA Binding by the Phosphorylation of Poly ADP-Ribose Polymerase Protein Catalyzed by Protein Kinase C.

Annual rept. 1 Apr 92-31 Mar 93 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

500 APR 93 Kun, Ernest PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0232 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO

TASK NO

TR-93-0319, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) Purified type II (beta) and type III (alpha) protein kinase C phosphorylates highly purified polyADP-ribose polymerase in vitro whereby 2 mols of phosphate are transferred from ATP to serine and threonine ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, \*ENZYME INFIBITORS, ADENOSINE PHOSPHATES, CELLS(BIOLOGY), PHOSPHATES, PHOSPHORUS TRANSFERASES, PHOSPHORYLATION, PROTEINS, RESIDUES, RIBOSE, SERINE, THYMUS, CATALYSIS, IN VITRO ANALYSIS, IN VIVO ANALYSIS

)ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, PolyADPribose, Polymerase, Protein kinase C, Cellular signal transduction, Chemical binding, Threonine IDENTIFIERS:

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORP SAN JOSE CA

Fundamental Studies of Friction, Lubrication, and Wear by Atomic Force Microscopy. 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

APR 93

McCleeland, Gary M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-89-C-0068 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0333, AFUSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

between 0.2 and 0.8 depending on load and location. Stickvariation on the (100) surface are tentatively associated force microscope was developed. It measures both parallel on an atomic scale, a capacitance-based ultrahigh vacuum micronewton showed a sublinear dependence of friction on slip behavior resulting from both surface heterogeneity and static/dynamic friction was observed. A CVD process was developed for growing single crystal diamond tips with radii as small as 30 nm. The normal force between these tips and diamond (100) and (111) surfaces agrees field emission technique was developed for continuously To probe friction, lubrication, and wear nanonewtons independent of loads up to 100 nanonewtons. with calculated dispersion forces. The frictional force asymmetric tip shape, while the (111) surface exhibits features which cannot be simply associated with the surface structure. Friction is approximately 3 load, with the effective friction coefficient varying observing the motion of individual adsorbed atoms and molecules. The hopping of individual Cs atoms between and perpendicular forces between a tip and a surface friction between a diamond tip and chemical-vaporsites on a fungsten tip was observed with 2 ps and deposited (CVD) diamond films at loads below one with a reconstructed geometry convoluted over an Angstrom resolution.

\*FRICTION, \*LUBRICATION, \*MICROSCOPES, \*WEAR, ATOMS, CAPACITANCE, COEFFICIENTS, DIAMONDS, DISPERSIONS, DYNAMICS, FIELD EMISSION, FILMS, GEOMETRY, € DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 847

AD-A264 868

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 647

HETEROGENEITY, MOLECULES, MOTION, PROBES, RESOLUTION, SCALE, SHAPE, SINGLE CRYSTALS, SITES, STATICS, STRUCTURES, TUNGSTEN, ULTRAHIGH VACUUM, VARIATIONS, PARALLEL ORIENTATION, VAPOR DEPOSITION, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, LOADS (FORCES), ADSORPTION, CESTUM, SURFACE ANALYSIS.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Atomic force microscopy, Perpendicular, IDENTIFIERS: (U) Tips, Hopping.

38.4 .....

9/2 AD-A264 843 INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS INC PISCATAWAY NJ

Topical Meeting of Broadband Analog and Digital Optoelectronics. 3

Final rept. 1 May-31 Dec 92,

326P 85 Wangemann, Robert PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0199 CONTRACT NO.

2863 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0318, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ISTRACT: (U) Partial Contents: Analog Systems;
Multichannel Video Distribution; Digital Video and
Compression Techniques; Digital Transmission Technology;
Linearization and Harmonic Distortion. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ELECTROOPTICS, \*ANALOG SYSTEMS, \*DIGITAL SYSTEMS, BROADBAND, FIBER OPTICS, DATA LINKS, VIDEO SIGNALS, MULTICHANNEL COMMUNICATIONS, CABLE TELEVISION, COMPRESSION, SIGNAL PROCESSING, TRANSMITTING, ANTENNAS, LINEAR SYSTEMS, HARMONICS, DISTORTION, TRANSMISSION LINES DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 643

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AD-A264 847

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY PRINCETON NJ DEPT OF 20/4 12/1 MATHEMATICS AD-A264 640

1.34 3

Localization and Transport in Random Media.

Final rept, 1 Oct 91-30 Sep 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 93

9

Spencer, Thomas PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0023 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-93-0321, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Chorin, B Engquist, A Majda, G Papanicolaou and V Rokhlin. There were a total of about fifteen members participating mathematicians who formed the core of this Program were A applied mathematics with special emphasis on computational fluid dynamics. This was the first time since the days of von Neumann that the Institute has had in the Program. AFOSR helped make this ambitious program possible by providing partial support for George Papanicolaou and Michael Shelly. They were both major Participants in the Program and interacted intensively During the 1991-1992 academic year the Institute for Advanced Study conducted a Program in a major presence in applied mathematics. The senior with their colleagues,

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*APPLIED MATHEMATICS, \*COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS, CORES, FLUID DYNAMICS, FLUIDS, MATHEMATICS, CONVECTION, DIFFUSION, MEDIA.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304CS 9 DENTIFIERS

9/5 AD-A264 635 STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L. GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS

(U) Subpicosecond Electrooptic Sampling

Interim rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

131P JAN 83 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bloom, David M

F49620-92-J-0099 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO

TR-93-0258, AF0SR AFOSR, MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

been the workhorse for high speed measurements made in this lab. This report documents the continuing effort to improve this tool and highlights its most recent uses. In addition, we report the development of a time-lens, a new tool that gives us electronic control of the shape of optical pulses. The development of a time-lens has opened lenses. A Ph.D. thesis detailing the Stanford time-lens and pulse compression experiments is included as an appendix. Electro-optic sampling, Time-lens, Erbium doped electronically control the temporal characteristics of optical pulses just like glass lenses control the spatial characteristics. Our results to date include the creation demonstration of the time-reversal properties of time-ISTRACT: (U) The electro-optic sampling system developed under AFOSR contract no. F49820-85-0018 has of 7 ps pulses from a CW laser, active focusing (compression) of 55 ps pulses down to 2 ps, and tip a new field of research. It is a tool to fiber ampliffers

APPLICATIONS, \*TEST EQUIPMENT, ADDITION, AMPLIFIERS, COMPRESSION, CONTROL, DEMONSTRATIONS, ELECTRONICS, ERBIUM, FIBERS, FOCUSING, GLASS, LASERS, MEASUREMENT, OPTICS, PULSE COMPRESSION, PULSES, SAMPLING, SHAPE, THESES, TIME, TOOLS, VELOCITY, LIGHT PULSES, CONTINUOUS WAVE LASERS, PULSED LASERS, RECEIVERS, FIBER OPTICS, CIRCUITS, \*LENSES, \*ELECTROOPTICS, \*LASER 9 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 635

AD-A264 840

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAIBSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 635

DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES, RESONATORS, LIGHT MODULATORS, MODE LOCKED LASERS

\*Time lenses, Optical WUAFOSR2301AS, pulses, \*Electrooptic sampling. 9 IDENTIFIERS:

7/2 AD-A264 633

20/2

STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS

Workshop on the Road to Room Temperature Superconductivity. €

Final rept. 15 Oct 82-14 Jan 83, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 JAN 93 Geballe, Theodore H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-83-1-0038 CONTRACT NO.

1 3

0440 PROJECT NO.

5 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0257, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

higher transition temperatures than are presently known. foreseen as simple and logical next steps in an ongoing scientific enterprise. The Bednorz-Muller discovery of superconductivity in the copper-oxide pervoskite family was just such a revolutionary jump. But evolutionary research aimed at the synthesis and characterization of families of superconductors. Discoveries in this field new compositions can also give insightful and even unexpected results. To this end, a 2-day workshop was recently held in which a diverse group of researchers discussed the possibility of reaching substantially History shows right from the beginning that there has been no successful prediction of new have been unexpected, even revolutionary, and not

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*HIGH TEMPERATURE SUPERCONDUCTORS, \*SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, \*SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), SYMPOSIA, TRANSITION TEMPERATURE, COPPER COMPOUNDS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR044031, Copper oxide 9 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

MINNEAPOLIS DEPT OF ELECTRICAL 12/3 17/11 15/4 MINNESOTA UNIV AD-A264 623

Multiscale and Multigrid Information Representation, Extraction and Fusion. ENGINEERING

Final rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

71P APR 83 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tewfik, Ahmed

F49620-92-J-0134 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR: FASK NO

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0322, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

researchers focused their attention primarily on surveillance applications. As part of their research, they studied two problems that arise in surveillance. If first problem was that of determining the directions of arrivals of a set of plane waves in the presence of a background noise of unknown correlation structure. The second problem involved selecting an optimal set of N waveforms, with N fixed, to obtain the best STRACT: (U) The basic goal of this research was to study the role that wavelet theory can play in reconstruction of a distributed range-doppler target information representation and extraction. The reflectivity function.

\*WAVEFORMS, SCRIPTORS: (U) \*PLANE WAVES, \*SURVEILLANCE, \*WAVEFOR \*DIRECTION FINDING, \*TARGET DETECTION, ATTENTION, BACKGROUND NOISE, CORRELATION, EXTRACTION, FUNCTIONS, NOISE, RECREATION, REFLECTIVITY, STRUCTURES, TARGETS, THEORY, DOPPLER SYSTEMS, SIGNAL PROCESSING, TRANSFORMATIONS(MATHEMATICS), MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, INFORMATION THEORY. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFDSR2304ES, PEB1102F, Wavelet Wavelet theory. transforms, DENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 623

9/1 AD-A264 570 PITTSBURGH PA WESTINGHOUSE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER

Electronic Materials

Improved Gallium Nitride and Aluminum Nitride

Annual rept. 20 Feb 92-18 Feb 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 93

Partlow, W. D.; Choyke, W. J.; Devaty, n T., Jr.; Bornschauer, Karl-Heinz R. P.; Yates, John T., PERSONAL AUTHORS:

93-9582-ALGAN-R1 REPORT NO. F49620-91-C-0032 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-83-0347, AFUSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

experiments to control and understand the surface reactions associated with the growth of gallium nitride. By subjecting a physisorbed monolayer of trimethyl gallium (TMG) to a cool beam of atomic hydrogen atoms, we successfully converted it to metallic Ga, which is much more reactive with nitriding species, and will result in spectra were measured for epitaxial AIN films. The reflectance spectra were compared to a Lorentz oscillator second year of a three year program to improve the quality of gallium and aluminum nitride electronic materials. In this period we completed surface chemistry a more stoichiometric and higher purity gallium nitride. In the materials characterization effort of the program, This report describes the progress in the equipment modifications and characterization, and began contribution of the AIN even when the bands of the film infrared reflectance spectral and cathodoluminescence model which make it possible to separate out the and substrate overlapped.

\*NITRIDES, \*ALUMINUM, SURFACE CHEMISTRY, LAYERS, ATOMIC PROPERTIES, HYDROGEN, METALS, PURITY, INFRARED SPECTRA, \*ELECTRONICS, \*MATERIALS, \*GALLIUM DESCRIPTORS: (U)

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF

AD-A264 570 CONTINUED

AD-A264 553 6/2

VIRGINIA UNIV

REFLECTANCE, CATHODOLUMINESCENCE, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, FILMS, OSCILLATORS, MODELS, SUBSTRATES, LORENTZ FORCE, ADSORPTION, ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS.

(U) Control and Circadian Behavior by Transplanted Suprachiasmatic Nuclei.

CHARLOTTESVILLE DEPT OF BIOLOGY

**4**/9

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2305ES, Physisorbed monolayer, Trimethyl gallium, Bands.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Nov 88-14 Nov 82

NOV 92 10P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Menaker, Michael

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0098

PROJECT NO. 2312

FASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0337, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

third ventricle of hamsters bearing complete SCN lesions restores the circadian locomotor rhythm with a period that depends exclusively on the genetically determined period of the tissue donor. If the host is only partially lesioned and thus retains rhythmicity with its own genetically determined period, an implant from an animal of a different genotype can induce a second rhythm with a period determined by the donor genotype. Both rhythm can be present simultaneously in the record of such a temporal chimera, interacting only superficially (i.e., not at the level of the pacemaker). Our data support the interpretation that under such circumstances the graft is able to capture part of the locomotor output of the circadian system but does not make functional connections with the host SCN pacemaking system.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*GENETICS, \*MUTATIONS, \*CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, HAMSTERS, LESIONS, OUTPUT, PACEMAKERS, SURGICAL TRANSPLANTATION, VENTRICLES, BOUNDARIES, FUNCTIONS, OUTPUT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312CS, \*Circadian behavior, \*Suprachiasmatic nuclei, Homozygous mutants

AD-A264 553

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

DREXEL UNIV PHILADELPHIA PA ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES INST

AD-A264 439

Development of Novel Models for Describing Multiple Toxicity Effects.

Annual rept. 20 Sep 91-19 Sep 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

36 SEP 92 Haas, Charles N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFOSR-91-0428 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO.

TR-93-0242, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

relating to the work have been submitted and/or presented in the following locations: International Association on Water Pollution Research and Control, Water Science and Technology, Eastern North American Regional Meeting of the Biometric Society, Environmental Toxicology and multicomponent toxic response data; (3) analysis of a sample of data sets using the developed software; and (4) refinement of the theory of copulas with respect to multicomponent dose-response relationships. Papers Major accomplisments during the first year of the project were: (1) refinement of data analysis software; (2) The project was initiated October 1, 1991. conduct of a literature review of binary and Chemistry

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*TOXICOLOGY, \*COMPUTER PROGRAMS, \*DATA BASES, BICMETRY, CHEMISTRY, POLLUTION, RESPONSE, THEORY, THESES, WATER POLLUTION, ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS.

PE61102F, WUAFJSR2312A4 Ê IDENTIFIERS:

8/15 6/1 AD-A264 438

(U) Molecular Approach to Hypothalamic Rhythms. LA JOLLA CA SCRIPPS RESEARCH INST

15 Mar 92-14 Mar 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept.

ø Sutcliffe, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0188 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0280, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

sites of expression within the brain have been determined for each of the genes. Expression in mammalian cells demonstrates that each new protein is a receptor for compared to known receptors. Two of the new receptors are We have utilized polymerase chain reaction indoleamine receptors. We have determined complete amino serotonin receptors to identify clones of 4 putative new coupled to CAMP, one negatively (G) and one positively (Gs). The latter is a candidate for the serotonin acid sequences of these 4 receptors which fall into 3 subfamilies; two of these subfamilies are novel. The sequences within membrane-spanning regions of known serotonin and each has a distinct pharmacology when with primers corresponding to conserved amino acid receptor that mediates phase advances in circadian rhythms of the SCN.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHAIN REACTIONS, \*SEROTONIN, AMINO ACIDS, BRAIN, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, CLONI GENES, MEMBRANES, PHARMACOLOGY, PRIMERS, PROTEINS, DESCRIPTORS: SEGUENCES

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2312CS, Indoleanine 

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

WESTINGHOUSE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER PITTSBURGH PA AD-A284 410

(U) High Temperature Superconducting Films and Multilayers for Electronics

: 1 ( Annual rept. 21 Feb 92-20 Feb 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Gavaler, John R.; Talvacchio, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

93-9SL2-SUPER-R1 REPORT NO.

F49820-91-C-0034 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-83-0284, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

which exhibited a superconducting gap structure to within 2K of the transition temperature of the BKBO electrodes. the dielectric constant were greatly superior. Systematic studies were made of the processing parameters for stepmaterial, Sr-Al-Ta-O (SAT), was developed as an epitaxial insulator in multilayer YBCO circuits to replace Sr-Ti-O. the dc resistivity and surface morphology were as good as address problems fundamental to the understanding of the superconducting state in HTS films, the application of edge S-N-S YBCO Josephson junctions. The critical parameters for junction reproducibility were found to be Junctions were demonstrated with Sr-Ti-O tunnel barriers HTS films in passive microwave circuits, the realization BKBO systems. The criticality of optimizing both oxidation steps involved in YBCO growth to obtain low rf surface resistances was demonstrated. A new insulating observed at certain compositions in the YBCO, LSCO, and Progress is reported on four tasks which of HTS digital electronics, and the development of new superconducting devices. An anti-correlation between those of Sr-Ti-O while the real and imaginary parts of critical temperature an normal state resistivity was conductivity normal-metal barrier. All-BKBO tunnel a step angle of approximately 15 deg and a high-

#### CONTINUED 4D-A264 410

Epitaxial Sr-Ti-O films were also used as buffer layers to permit single-orientation BKBO films to be grown on practical La-Ai-O or Nd-Ga-O substrates. . . . Superconductors, Yttrium, Barium, Cooper, Oxides, High, Critical, Temperature, Thin films, Tunneling, Barriers, Sputtering. \*ELECTRONICS, \*FILMS, \*HIGH TEMPERATURE, \*SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, ANGLES, BARIUM, BARRIERS, BUFFERS, CIRCUITS, CONDUCTIVITY, CONSTANTS, CORRELATION, CRITICAL TEMPERATURE, DIELECTRICS, ELECTRODES, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, UOSEPHSON JUNCTIONS, LAYERS, MATERIALS, METALS, MICROWAVES, MORPHOLOGY, OXIDATION, OXIDES, PARAMETERS, REPRODUCIBILITY, RESISTANCE, SPUTTERING, STRUCTURES, SUBERCONDUCTORS, SURFACES, TEMPERATURE, THIN FILMS, TRANSITION TEMPERATURE, TUNNELING, TUNNELS, YTTRIUM, COPPER, PASSIVITY, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, LANTHANUM, BISMUTH, STRONTIUM, POTASSIUM, RADIOFREQUENCY, ALUMINUM INSULATION, TITANIUM, NEODYMIUM, GALLIUM DESCRIPTORS:

SENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305GS, Multilayers, Resistivity, LSCO(Lantharum Strontium Copper Oxide), BKBO(Barium Potassium Bismuth Oxide), SAT(Strontium Aluminum Tantalum Oxide), Step edge IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A284 410

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

AD-A284 405

BUSEK CO INC NEEDHAM MA 7/4 AD-A264 405

7/2

(U) A High Thrust Density, C80 Cluster, Ion Thruster

DESCRIPTIVE MOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 92-31 Dec 92,

\*FULLERENES, \*IONS, \*SPACECRAFT, \*THRUST, \*THRUSTERS, \*CARBON, \*ALUMINUM OXIDES, ACCELERATION, CATHODES, CONTAMINATION, EFFLUENTS, ELECTROSTATICS, ENERGY, FILAMENTS, FRAGMENTATION, FUELS, GRIDS, IONIZATION, LITHIUM, LOSSES, MASS, MOLECULAR BEAMS, PHASE, QUARTZ, REDUCTION, SPECTROSCOPY, TUNGSTEN, UTILIZATION, VAPORIZATION, XENON, ION BEAMS, MOLYBDENUM, BORON NITRIDES, NITRIDES, VOLTAGE, ELECTRONS, PLUMES.

FEB 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mruby, V. J.

BCI-028-1 REPORT NO. F49620-92-C-0039 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0221, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

PPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates. All DIIC reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

molecular beam were not detected by FIIR spectroscopy, (6) SST, Mo, BN, AlN, Al203 and quartz do not react with simultaneous reduction of relative losses by a factor of 5.5. Its basic feasibility has been experimentally verified during the Phase I program. Vaporization and discharge chambers as well as simple acceleration grid STRACT: (U) A C80 fullerene ion thruster represents a major advance in the evolution of electrostatic controllable fullerene vapor generation, (2) stable discharge at approximately 180 volts using 2% thoriated tungsten cathode filament, (3) fullerene acceleration with beam ion energy cost of about 800 to 1000 eV/beam ion at a mass utilization of 70%, (4) no detectable fullerene fragmentation due to vaporization, ionization is comparable to that predicted for lithium. Methods to reduce it were identified. Fullerene, Ion thruster, Ion spacecraft contamination by fullerene thruster effluent propulsion. It could provide up to a factor of 30 increase in thrust density over Xe thruster as well as and acceleration, (5) fullerenes in a highly diffused were designed and constructed. A set of unique experiments were performed which demonstrated: (1) fullerene vapor during limited exposure, and (7) fuel, C60, Electric propulsion.

\*DENSITY, \*ELECTRIC PROPULSION 9 DESCRIPTORS:

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AD-A264 405

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 404 9/1 20/14 25/8 20/3

AD-A264 404 CONTINUED

TRISTAN TECHNOLOGIES SAN DIEGO CA
(U) Advanced Microwave Frequency Sources and Filters Based

on Superconducting Photonic Band Gap (PBG) Structures.

NOISE, PHASE, PLATES, RESONATORS, SIMULATION, TEMPERATURE, SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, FILTERS, END ITEMS.

\*Band gap, Inverse.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul-31 Dec 92,

MAR 93 16P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Crum, Duane; Anderberg, Joseph; Schultz,

REPORT NO. 825BIRPBGFinal

CONTRACT NO. F49820-92-C-0045

PROJECT NO. 1602

TASK NO. 04

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0291, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The applicability of photonic band gap structures in high q resonators has been studied. A review of numerical simulations, experiments, and system design studies are presented. These results confirmed the technical feasibility of utilizing, 2-D photonic band gap structures with high temperature superconducting end plates as high q resonators for fabricating low phase noise oscillators. A particularly important result of the numerical simulations is that inverse structures (dielectric host with air holes) exhibited useful photonic band gap properties. Experiments performed at 10 GHz demonstrated two methods of modulating the defect mode frequency. A supplier of high temperature superconducting films, suitable for millimeter-wave photonic band gap resonators has agreed to collaborate with Tristan Technologies in a Phase II effort. Potential commercial and government applications for photonic band gap resonators with high temperature superconducting end plates have been identified

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PHOTONICS, \*STRUCTURES, \*MICROWAVE FREQUENCY, \*MICROWAVE OSCILLATORS, AIR, DIELECTRICS, FILMS, FREQUENCY, HIGH TEMPERATURE, MILLIMETER WAVES.

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 7/8 7/4 AD-A264 380

CONTINUED AD-A264 380

\*Mechanisms

CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY STANFORD UNIV Comments on 'On the Concept of Stoichiometry of Reaction Mechanism', 3

25 83

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ross, John

AF0SR-91-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

TR-93-0226, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. Physics Chemical, v97 n2798 1p 1983. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

refers to the stoichiometry of a reaction mechanism, and is concerned roughly with a balanced transformation of starting materials into final products that is implied by the mechanism. Further, Valdes-Perez states 'the concept of mechanistic stoichiometry, and its relation to ideal yield, by formalizing the derivation of In an article by R. E. Valdes-Perez, views stoichiometry of a mechanism need not be unique, since it stoichiometry which require comment. Valdes-Perez states, The concept of stoichiometry is used in chemistry in decision of which intermediates shall be regarded as a stoichiometric product. 'Finally, 'we have clarified the are presented on the relation of reaction mechanisms to different contexts. One use refers to an abstract, balanced transformation of a set of species (reactants) depends in some quite ordinary cases on an arbitrary into another set of species (products). Another use stoichiometry. 3 ABSTRACT:

(U) \*STOICHIOMETRY, \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, MATERIALS, TRANSFORMATIONS, YIELD, REPRINTS, REACTANTS (CHEMISTRY) DESCRIPTORS: (U) CHEMISTRY.

PEB1102F. WUAFOSR2303B1, Product IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A264 380

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/8 AD-A264 376

CONTINUED AD-A264 376

DESCRIPTORS:

step 1.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, ALGORITHMS, BUFFERS, COGNITION, CONTROL, PERCEPTION, PLANNING, REALTIME, REASONING, PARALLEL PROCESSING, STRATEGIC INTELLIGENCE, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE.

PE62702F, WUAFOSR558100

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IDENTIFIERS:

STANFORD UNIV CA KNOWLEDGE SYSTEMS LAB

Strategic Control of Reactive Behavior in Intelligent Agents Ê

Final rept. 15 Dec 90-14 Dec 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

32P FEB 93 Hayes-Roth, Barbara; Brownston, Lee; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Collinot, Anne

KSL-83-18 REPORT NO. AF0SR-81-0131 CONTRACT NO.

5581 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-83-0212, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

notice possible operations; (2) choose the best operation with respect to the current control plan; and (3) execute the chosen operation. Because the executed operations can a real-time context is the unbounded time associated with control its own behavior. The problem with this cycle in algorithm for the execution cycle. The experiments focus architecture whose key features include: distribution of planning; dynamic focus of attention; and a satisficing A series of experiments was conducted to processes; Ilmited-capacity I/O buffers with best-first evaluate the real-time performance of a proposed agent architecture. The architecture is a blackboard change the agent's control plan, this cycle allow the algorithm for the execution cycle, which is the unitperformance. The execution cycle has three steps: (1) reasoning and critical to real-time performance. The agent to dynamically construct and modify plans that on the architecture's satisficing algorithm for the experiments focus on the architecture's satisficing retrieval and worst-first overflow; dynamic control process of all reasoning and critical to real-time execution cycle, which is the unit-process of all perception, action, and cognition among parallel

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/14 AD-A264 355

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Origin of Spontaneous Wave Generation in Excitable Chemical Systems, Ê

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, Spontaneous wave generation, Belousov-Zhabotinskii system, Oregonator model, Chemical waves, Fluctuations.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

DXYGEN, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, ANIONS, IONS, CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM, THERMAL PROPERTIES.

CONTINUED

AD-A264 355

Mort, Eugents; Ross, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO

**6**0 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0224, AFOSR MONITOR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v96 n20 p8054-8060, 1992. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

diffusion equations of an Oregonator mode) with the initial profiles possessing an excitation of varying concentration of either HBrO2 or Br(-) and the excitation occurs within a region of different length. The equilibrium stochastic calculation of the recurrence time concentration of the threshold excitation necessary for a wave to propagate depends on the length within which the sufficient volume for a wave to propagate. The smallest recurrence time calculated is 10(exp 17). We compare our STRACT: (U) We investigate the origin of spontaneous chemical wave generation in an excitable Belousov-Zhabotinskii system. We solve one-dimensional reactionconclude from all the evidence that an internal thermal results with previous experiments and calculations and fluctuation is highly unlikely to generate a chemical wave in an excitable chemical solution. initial excitation is applied. We further perform an for a thermal fluctuation to induce a change in concentration of a sufficient magnitude within a ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*EQUATIONS, \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMICALS, DIFFUSION, EXCITATION, INTERNAL, LENGTH, MODELS, ONE DIMENSIONAL, PROFILES, VOLUME, WAVE PROPAGATION, CONCENTRATION(CHEMISTRY); HYDROGEN, BROMINE, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 355

AD-A284 355

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DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 354 11/2 20/2 7/4

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING AND MATERIALS SCIENCE (U) Structural Development in Ceramic Precursor Sols and Gels.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Mar 89-14 Mar 92,

MAR 93 52F

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mecartney, Martha L

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-C-0050

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0218, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The effect of water of hydrolysis on nucleation, crystallization, and microstructural development of soi-gel derived single phase LiNb03 thin films has been studied using transmission electron microscopy (TEM), atomic force microscopy (AFM), x-ray diffraction (XRD), and differential lithium and nioblum in ethanol was used for the preparation of soil DSC results indicated that adding water to the solution for hydrolysis of the double ethoxides lowered the crystallization temperature from 500 deg C (no water) to ggo deg C (2 moles water per mole ethoxide). The amount of water has no effect on the short range order in amorphous LiNb03 gels but rendered significant microstructural variations for the crystallized films. AFM studies indicated that surface roughness of dip hydrolysis

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*GERAMIC MATERIALS, \*PRECURSORS, \*GELS, \*CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, WATER, HYDROLYSIS, NUCLEATION, CRYSTALLIZATION, LITHIUM NIOBATES, OXIDES, NIOBIUM, ETHANOLS, TEMPERATURE, THIN FILMS, SURFACE ROUGHNESS, COATINGS, GLASS, HEAT TREATMENT.

[DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Sol-Gel Process. Ethoxides, PE61102F

AD-A264 354

AD-A264 353 17/5.

NICHOLS RESEARCH CORP NEWPORT BEACH CA

(U) Outlier Detection in Infrared Signatures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Mar 91-14 Sep 92,

JAN 92 2

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Chernick, Michael; Magnuson, Jon A.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-91-C-0029

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0220, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

This paper considers the statistical properties of the outlier detection algorithms as applied to simulated LWIR signatures. We consider possible statistical models for outilier detection provides an useful approach for finding in the signature after editing and minimize the number of good observations deleted from the signature. Ultimately, we are seeking the data editing algorithm which produces and removing the outliers caused by specular occurrences. outilers (1.e. the specular occurrences) are not removed from the data, the estimated performance of modifications might minimize the number of outliers left discrimination algorithms can be misleading. Statistical wavelength infrared (LWIR) signatures have been used to decoys. Such signatures sometimes exhibit specular behavior, a characteristic displaying a sudden increase in radiant intensity of short duration. This specular determine the ability to classify military targets and targets as it is for decoys. Unfortunately, if these For a number of years, simulated long behavior is sporadic and is as likely to show up for outliers in order to determine whether or not the best possible discrimination performance. 3

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*INFRARED DETECTION, \*INFRARED SIGNATURES, ALGORITHMS, BEHAVIOR, DECOYS, DISCRIMINATION, EDITING, LONG WAVELENGTHS, MODELS, MODIFICATION, NUMBERS, OBSERVATION, RADIANT INTENSITY, TARGETS.

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 7/4 AD-A284 349

CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY STANFORD UNIV

Thermodynamic and Stochastic Theory for Nonequilibrium Systems and Multiple Reactive Intermediates: The Concept and Role of Excess Work,  $\Xi$ 

JAN 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ross, John; Hunt, Katharine L.; Hunt,

AF0SR-91-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

MONITOR:

TR-83-0223, AFOSR AFOSR, XC

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v96 n1 pd18-628, 1 Jan 92. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

a global thermodynamic and stochastic theory of open chemical systems far from equilibrium with an analysis of a broad class of isothermal, multicomponent reaction mechanisms with multiple steady states, studied under the assumption of local equilibrium. They generalize species-specific affinities of reaction intermediates, obtained The authors continue their development of in prior work for nonautocatalytic reaction mechanisms, to autocatalytic kinetics and define with these affinities an excess free energy differential. E ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY, \*THERMODYNAMICS, \*REACTION KINETICS, NONEQUILIBRIUM FLOW, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, REPRINTS, STABILITY, STEADY STATE. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

6/15 8/11 AD-A284 348

OHIO STATE UNIV COLUMBUS COLL OF PHARMACY

Xenobiotic Kinetics and Toxicity Among Fish and Mammals. 3

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 83

Hayton, William L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0349 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-83-0255, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

possible metabolic differences that might contribute to interspecies differences in toxicity. Binding of the test substances in blood to formed elements and plasma hypothesis, experiments were proposed to characterize the test compound converted to each of its metabolites by the proteins were to also be characterized. The LC50s and LD50s of the test compounds were to be determined and the various toxicokinetic transformations. The transformation The purpose of this project is to develop three groups of animals were to be an 'index of relative the target organ rather than the dose to the animal. The (lindane, pentachlorophenol and paraoxon) in small trout values were to be converted to free concentrations using techniques that account for interspecies differences in exposure' that would provide an estimate of the dose to proposed is that toxicity occurs after exposure of the via Water exposure, and large trout and rats via intravascular injection. Compartmental toxicokinetic models were to be used. The fraction of a dose of each area under the free concentration-time curve was to be target organ to a characteristic concentration of toxicant for a particular period of time. To test the that gave a common concentration for toxicity in the the pharmacokinetics of xenoblotics. The hypothesis pharmacokinetics of three representative chemicals test animals were to be determined to account for ABSTRACT:

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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substitution for research purposes of fish for mammalian species, and in a better understanding of interspecies differences in the dosage of chemicals that produce toxicity. The research was also to provide useful the starting point for development of the exposure index. Successful development of such an index should result in information about the toxicokinetic and toxicologic properties of the test compounds. \*MAMMALS, ANIMALS, BLOOD PROTEINS, CHEMICALS, \*TOXICITY, \*MAMMALS, ANIMALS, BLOOD PROTEINS, CHEMICALS, DOSAGE, INJECTION, METABOLITES, MODELS, RATS, TARGETS, TEST AND EVALUATION, TRANSFORMATIONS, TROUT, WATER, ORGANS(ANATOMY) . CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS. DESCRIPTORS:

JENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A3, \*Xenobiotic Kinetics, Lindane, Pentachlorophenal, \*Paraoxon, Intravascular injection, Interspecies differences, Index of relative exposure. IDENTIFIERS:

5/8 AD-A284 345

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Neural Mechanisms of Attention,

12P MAR 93 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Olton, David S.

AFDSR-89-0481 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

Š TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR, XC TR-93-0254, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

describing the experimental strategy and the results. The last part of the project examined the role of the basal forebrain cholinergic system and its projections to the developing an animal model to examine the neural mechanisms of attention. The concepts and procedures were successfully produced and resulted in two publications frontal cortex. This system is important for attention as results have implications for behavioral, cognitive, and This project attained its objectives of assessed in the two-choice reaction time task. These neural descriptions of the mechanisms involved in attention. Attention, Frontal cortex, Divided attention, Cholinergic system. ABSTRACT:

COGNITION, MODELS, REACTION TIME, SELECTION, STRATEGY, TIME, VALIDATION, TEST METHODS, BEHAVIOR, HUMANS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PERCEPTION(PSYCHOLOGY), PERFORMANCE TESTS, \*ATTENTION, \*NEURAL NETS, ANIMALS, DESCRIPTORS: PSYCHOLOGY

PE81102F, AF0SR2313A4, \*Neural mechanisms, Frontal cortex 9 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 346

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

\*METASTABLE STATE, BIPHENYL,

\*MOLECULES,

3

DESCRIPTORS:

DECOMPOSITION, ELECTRONICS, GRADIENTS, METALS,
METHODOLOGY, MONOPROPELLANTS, RINGS, SYMMETRY, ELECTRONIC
STATES, AZOLES, AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, ENERGETIC PROPERTIES,
EXPLOSIVES, NITRAMINES, HARTREE FOCK APPROXIMATION,
QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, CHEMICAL BONDS,
ACTIVATION, BARRIERS, HEAT OF REACTION, EXCITATION,
VIBRATIONAL SPECTRA, NITROGEN.

ring, Abelian symmetry, ROHF(Restricted Open-Shell Hartree Fock), Nitropentazoles, Ab initio calculations, CC(Coupled-Cluster), MBPT(Many Body Perturbation Theory).

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B3, \*Pentazole

3

IDENTIFIERS:

CONTINUED AD-A264 344 20/10 7/3 20/8 7/4 AD-A264 344

FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE

Final rept. 1989-1992 (U) Metastability in Molecules. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

24P MAR 93 Bartlett, Rodney J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0207 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 FASK NO

TR-93-0250, AFUSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

is unknown experimentally. We subjected HNS to theoretical analysis. At the correlated level we find that for the reaction, 2HNS - 5N2 + H2 DeltaE is -128 i kcal/mol resulting in an I(sub sp) of 346 as a monopropellant. Considering that derivatives of the basic metastable molecule since even though it offers a perfectly logical, even aromatic electronic structure, it methodology developments have been accomplished in this project. These methods, mostly unique to our effort, make than was previously possible. These include the following (1) Direct product decomposition approach to the full use structure should be made to stabilize the pentazole ring, it possible to perform high-level, accurate correlated calculations on much larger potential metastable species making and using pentazoles is promising. Several recent analogous to bipheny! and possibly a dinitramine pentazole (D2N)N-N5, and numerous metal, MN5 structures, where M could be L! e.g.. The prospects for actually (ROHF) based CC and MBPT methods. (3) Analytical first derivatives (1.e. gradient) for open-shell CC/MBPT methods.... Metastable, Molecules, HEDM. Pentazole (HNS) has the fingerprints of applications. (2) Restricted open-shell Hartree Fock (examples include nitropentazole, and a bipentazole we can consider some which will be quite energetic of Abelian symmetry in coupled-cluster and MBPT Ξ

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

AD-A264 343

20/5 AD-A264 343 LAFAYETTE IN SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL PURDUE UNIV ENGINEERING

(U) II-VI Semiconductor Superlattices.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 92,

DENTIFIERS: (U) Photonic devices, LED(Light Emitting Diode), Lasing, Heterovalent, PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308B1

IDENTIFIERS:

ITERATIONS, ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, MICKUSIMULIONE, VALENCE, DOPING, SUBSTRATES, ZINC, SULFUR, SELENIUM, CURRENT DENSITY, PULSES, QUANTUM EFFICIENCY, NITROGEN, TELLURIUM, LAYERS, RESISTANCE.

92 DEC Gunshor, R.L.; Otsuka, N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0438 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

<u>a</u> TASK NO MONITOR:

AF0SR, XC TR-03-0245, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

both doping types. The Purdue/Brown collaboration has obtained CW operations at 77K as well as pulsed operation at room temperature using a Zn(S,Se)-based device configuration emitting in the blue (490nm at room the dislocation levels resulted from an iterative process where the growth could be modified in response to the TEM analysis. The AFOSR funded interface studies have led to team effort shared by Purdue and Brown Universities. As a The first operational semiconductor diode result of the close collaboration between MBE and TEM groups within the grant, the structures for lasing and LED (as well as display device) operation were realized with the lowest defect concentrations ever reported for II-VI structures grown on GaAs by MBE. The reduction of Independently by two US groups, one at 3M and the other equal success in making laser diodes with substrates of our appreciation of the electrical and microstructural interfaces. As a result the Purdue/Brown group has had considerations obtaining at II-VI/III-V heterovalent lasers were demonstrated in the summer of 1991 temperature) ABSTRACT:

ISCRIPTORS: (U) \*SUPERLATTICES, SEMICONDUCTORS, GROUP
IV COMPOUNDS, PHOTONS, LIGHT EMITTING DIODES, LASERS,
DISPLAY SYSTEMS, CRYSTAL DEFECTS, GALLIUM ARSENIDES,
MOLECULAR BEAMS, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, DISLOCATIONS, DESCRIPTORS:

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# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 342 6/8

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT

(U) Representations of Shape in Object Recognition and Long-Term Visual Memory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Jan 92-14 Jan 93,

FEB 93 31P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tarr, Michael J.

CONTRACT NO. F49820-92-J-0169

PROJECT NO. 2313, 2313

TASK NO. AS, BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0237, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

g., above, left) encode the relationship between figural and reference objects as a gradient that decreases with distance from the qualitative or veridical relations. Results indicate that spatial prepositions (e. mechanisms. Results here indicate that humans learn both orientation-dependent representations regardless of the initial learning context. Other results indicate that task conditions mediate whether structural descriptions mechanisms and representations underlying human object recognition have been conducted. One track has investigated the role of view-based object representations in perception and recognition. Results or episodic representations of objects are used in performing an implicit memory task. Finally, a third track has investigated the nature of spatial relations part be a lexical effect, in that stronger qualitative position. Moreover, results indicate that this may in object-based, orientation-independent and view-based, between objects, as well as the relationship between indicate that certain classes of viewpoint-dependent features may be used to define boundaries between characteristic views of objects. A second track has dependent and orientation-independent recognition perceptual and lexical representations of spatial investigated the interaction between orientation-A variety of studies examining the ABSTRACT:

AD-A264 342 CONTINUED

effects are found when subjects have lexically encoded the relationship - although further results indicate that qualitative gradients are present in purely perceptual judgments... Object Representation, Object Recognition, Visual Cognition.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*RECOGNITION, \*MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), \*VISUAL PERCEPTION, BOUNDARIES, COGNITION, GRADIENTS, INTERACTIONS, LEARNING, TRACKS, PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), PERCEPTION(PSYCHOLOGY).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313AS, WUAFOSR2313BS.

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT DEPT OF APPLIED PHYSICS

20/5

21/2

AD-A264 341

Nonlinear Spectroscopy of Multicomponent Droplets and Two- and Three-Dimensional Measurements in Flames.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93,

CHARGE COUPLED DEVICES, DIFFUSION, DISSIPATION, DISTORTION, DISTORES, FLUORESCENT DYES, IMAGES, LASERS, LIQUIDS, LUMINOSITY, MEASUREMENT, QUANTITY, RATES, RAYLEIGH SCATTERING, SCATTERING, SEEDING, SEGMENTED, SHAPE, SIGNALS, SPRAYS, STREAMS, SUPERSONIC FLOW, SUPPRESSION, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TOMOGRAPHY, VELOCITY, DROPS, TWO DIMENSIONAL, SCALAR FUNCTIONS, CHEMICAL COMPOSITION, FUELS, RAMAN SPECTRA, INERTIA,

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2308CS, Nonpremixed

flames, Mixture-fraction, Premixed flames.

DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

CAMERAS, CAVITIES,

AMPLIFICATION,

ACETALDEHYDE.

CONTINUED

AD-A264 341

Chang, Richard K.; Long, Marshall B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0150 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0240, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Raman scattering (SRS) in order to increase the detectivity (by as much as 10X) of minor species in a multicomponent liquid droplet that contains a fluorescent STRACT: (U) Significant progress has been made in the following areas: (1) Nonlinear spectroscopy of micrometer sized droplets, and (2) Development and application of two- and three-dimensional scalar and velocity measurement techniques in flames. In the nonlinear spectroscopy area, the following achievements are reported: (1) Fluorescence seeding of the stimulated ABSTRACT:

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dye: (2) Temporal precession of the SRS as a means of determining the shape distortion (7 parts out of 10(exp 3) scattering, Laser-induced fluorescences, Three-dimensional measurements, Laser diagnostics, Flow imaging, rates of 15 droplets in a segmented stream where the few lead droplets evaporate faster than the remaining droplets; and (4) Suppression of lasing by the SRS and amplification of the SRS in microdroplets, leading to an increased SRS signal. Supersonic flow, Mixture fraction and Scalar dissipation rate, Shape distortion, Precession of cavity modes and Lasing, Premixed flames, Nonpremixed flames, Rayleigh of a flowing droplet because of inertial force; (3) Preliminary measurements of the relative evaporation

\*FLAMES, \*SPECTROSCOPY, \*NONLINEAR € DESCRIPTORS:

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**1415**8£ PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/3 AD-A264 340

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA

Sensitive Detection of New Superconductors Created at Ultra High Pressures.

Final rept. 1 Aug 90-31 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 93

Schultz, Sheldon PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0365 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

ັວ TASK NO

TR-93-0248, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Interesting transitory pressure effects had been reported ISTRACT: (U) In the original proposal we presented the evidence that by utilizing Low Field Modulated Microwave (LFMM) spectroscopy we could sensitively detect the onset of superconductivity in either films, pellets, or single studying the significant phase space corresponding to the many years prior to the discovery of the superconducting pressure axis. The primary goal was to detect new normal metal to superconducting phase transitions, starting for other non-superconducting phases. We suggested that by incorporating this technique in conjunction with the diamond anvil cell approach to high pressures, we could crystals. The technique does not require leads, nor a percolation path, and is unperturbed by the presence of open up new opportunities for rapidly and sensitively with those copper compounds for which cuprates example, ABSTRACT:

\*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SUPERCONDUCTORS, \*DETECTION, \*HIGH PRESSURE, SENSITIVITY, SPECTROSCOPY, FILMS, PELLETS, SINGLE CRYSTALS, DIAMONDS, METALS, PHASE TRANSFORMATIONS, COPPER, ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) Ultra high, LFMM(Low Field Modulated Microwave), Anvil cell method, WUFDSR2306C1 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 339

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTROPHYSICS

Applications of the Photorefractive Effect and Damage Induced Effects in Fibers. 3

Final rept. 1 Mar 90-31 Oct 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

34P OCT 92 Anderson, Dana Z. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-90-0198 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

AS A TASK NO.

TR-93-0247, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

concerns photoinduced effects in fibers, especially the processes of self-organized second-harmonic generation in fibers. For the most part we have developed the microscopic theory of defect formation in glass. The basic physics involved in second-harmonic generation in fibers has to led to a number other possible experiments and applications. For example it is known that a photogenerated current cannot be produced by a single This focus is two-fold. One aspect 3

harmonic generation in fibers does not appear to be a practical means of frequency doubling conventional lasers. optical beam illuminating a centrosymmetric medium but it is now recognized that a current can be generated in a centrosymmetric medium by illumination with two Thus until a conceptual or practical breakthrough occurs, we have brought to a close the experimental and secondharmonically related optical fields. However, we have concluded that as an application, self-organized secon theoretical work on this subject

\*GLASS FIBERS, FIBERS, DEFECTS(MATERIALS), DOPING, SECOND \*FIBER OPTICS, \*GRATINGS(SPECTRA) HARMONIC GENERATION, OPTICAL FILTERS, RESONATORS. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Photorefraction, Photorefractive Ĵ DENTIFIERS

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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AD-A264 338

VANDERBILT UNIV NASHVILLE IN DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

demands that are being placed on the mental capacities of people who live and work in our modern, post-industrial

CONTINUED

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\*MAGNETGENCEPHALOGRAMS, \*NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, \*BRAIN, \*COGNITION, OPTICAL IMAGES, BRAIN DAMAGE, DIAGNOSIS(MEDICINE), INTELLIGENCE(HUMANS), MEDICAL RESEARCH, DISEASES, WORKSHOPS, SYMPOSIA.

\*ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY,

DESCRIPTORS:

society

PET(Postion Emission Tomography)

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Report of the 1982 AFOSR Workshop on the Future of EEG and MEG. ĵ

Final rept. 1 Apr 92-30 Sep 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 93

dr.; Gevins, Alan; Wikswo, John, Willtamson, Samuel J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0214 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

9 TASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-83-0258, AFOSR MONITOR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with EEG Systems Lab, San Francisco, CA and New York Univ., Dept. of Physics, New York, NY.

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facilitation of recovery of function from head trauma and ISTRACT: (U) A workshop on the prospects of the electroencephalogram (EEG) and the magnetoencephalogram (MEG) for elucidating human brain function was held at Virginia Beach, Virginia from May17-22 1892. The purpose relation to other rapidly advancing imaging modalities such as PET, SPECT, and functional MRI (MRI), and in terms of the recognized research, medical, and personnel evaluation needs for advanced brain imaging. Medical areas where these and other advanced technologies will undoubterly be utilized include the diagnosis and stroke, and the quantitative assessment of the effect on the brain of toxins and other bioenvironmental hazards. Non-medical applications of these techniques include a furthering of our understanding of the factors that are intelligence, particularly in recognition of increasing Hmiting the development and full utilization of human of the workshop was to discuss the EEG and the MEG in treatment of diseases of the brain such as epilepsy. Alzheimer's and schizophrenia; the monitoring and ABSTRACT:

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/11 AD-A264 337 PURDUE UNIY LAFAYETTE IN DEPT OF MATERIALS ENGINEERING

(U) Damage Mechanics in 2-D and 3-D Microstructures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Jul 89-Jun 92,

\*MICROSTRUCTURE, COMPUTERS, CONDUCTIVITY, FAILURE, HARDNESS, WATERIALS, MODELS, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, POLYCRYSTALLINE, RESOURCES, RESPONSE, STRATEGY, TWO DIMENSIONAL, BRITTLENESS, THREE DIMENSIONAL.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2302BS

9

IDENTIFIERS:

Stochastic, Elasticity, Two-dimensional.

Mechanics, DESCRIPTORS:

**CONTINUED** 

AD-A264 337

\*FAILURE (MECHANICS)

\*DAMAGE

500 FEB 93 Bowman, Keith J.; Ostoja-Starzewski, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Martin

AF0SR-89-0423 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

2302

85 MONITOR: TASK NO

TR-93-0213, AFOSR AFOSR, XC

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Prepared in cooperation with Michigan State Univ., Dept. of Met. Mech. and Materials. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

The theoretical models are designed to be elegant and efficient in the use of computing resources as opposed to damage and strategies for the research effort is collaborative one on mesomechanics microstructure relationships via stochastic models which 0423). What distinguishes this effort from others is the assessing damage when it has occurred in structural materials is the primary focus of this research program. plasticity and hardness and associated damage processes. different scales by scaling up the size of the computer. The essence of this work is to explore sample size called 'Damage in 2D and 3D Microstructures' (AFOSR-89attempt to perform incisive model experiments to assist research integrates the effects of microstructure and in evaluating stochastic models for constitutive laws concerns with effective properties of materials. Thus, reflect the same types of variability present in the response of real materials. This leads directly to (elasticity and conductivity) mechanical response Icrostructure, Damage, Brittle Fracture, Fallure brute force procedures which handle systems with preferred orientation on the effective tensorial properties of polycrystalline materials. The evolution of 3 ABSTRACT:

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CHARLOTTESVILLE DEPT OF ASTRONOMY 3/1 VIRGINIA UNIV AD-A264 338

The 12 UM Contribution of Nearby Galaxies to the Infrared Background 3

Annual rept. 1 Oct 81-30 Sep 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 93

Thuan, Trinh X PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0487 CONTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO

TR-83-0241, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of magnitude less than 14.5. Most of the far infrared color trends as a function of galaxian morphological type can be reproduced by dust models with three components. The far infrared properties of normal noncombined with an appropriate dust heating spectral energy infrared-bright galaxies were studied as a function of their morphological type using a sample of 1544 galaxies galaxies. The trends observed are consistent with a twocomponent model, with the citrus fraction as the second performed on dwarf and low surface brightness galaxies and starburst galaxies at intermediate red shifts. infrared luminosity as a star formation indicator in parameter and the star formation rate as the first parameter. Observations have been made and studies distribution, Work has been done on the use of far

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*FAR INFRARED RADIATION, \*GALAXIES, \*STARS, BRIGHTNESS, COLORS, DUST, ENERGY, HEATING, INDICATORS, LUMINOSITY, MODELS, OBSERVATION, SPECTRAL ENERGY DISTRIBUTION. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2311BS 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 335

12/8

COLLEGE PARK CENTER FOR AUTOMATION MARYLAND UNIV RESEARCH

(U) Qualitative Methods in Computer Vision

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 91-30 Sep 92,

<del>o</del>o UAN 93

Rosenfeld, Azriel PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0239 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

A7 TASK NO.

TR-93-0214, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

appearances and develop a search procedure called MOSS (MOdel Space Search) to find instances of these models in two-dimensional image data. The VAPOR model is an idealization of the object; all instances of the model in variations are evaluated by the description length of the only recognize a limited class of objects. Objects having shapes cannot be modeled and recognized by these systems demonstrated how the system performs in a simple domain The PI proposed the use of a data structure called the VAPOR (Variable Appearance Object Representation) model variable numbers of parts and only loosely constrained Current object recognition systems can of circles and polygons and in the complex domain of finding cloverleaf intersections in aerial images of the image are variations from ideal appearance. The model, measured in information-theoretic bits. MOSS selects the best model for the given image data by to represent objects with these kinds of variable choosing the minimal length description. It was ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMPUTER VISION, \*IMAGE PROCESSING.
CIRCLES, IMAGES, LENGTH, POLYGONS, REPORTS, ABSTRACTS,
ROADS, SHAPE, TWO DIMENSIONAL, INFORMATION THEORY, VAPORS,
VARIABLES, VARIATIONS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

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14155F 1.9 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

9/1 AD-A264 334 WUAFOSR2304A7, \*Object recognition CONTINUED ĵ IDENTIFIERS: AD-A264 335

CA DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND STANFORD UNIVENGINEERING

7/4

(U) Fundamental Studies of the Mechanical Behavior of Microelectronics Thin Film Materials.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Nov 88-31 Dec 92,

APR 93

NIX, WILLIAM D. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0185 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

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TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0272, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

report for AFOSR Grant No. 89-0185. The research program supported under this grant involved a fundamental study of the mechanical properties of microelectronic thin film materials. The focus of the work was on the microscopic processes that lead to stresses in microelectronic thin metals, passivation glasses and heteroepitaxial thin film Our overall understanding of misfit dislocations in Si-Ga layers is described in the first report. That report also describes our work on the effect of capping layers on the This document represents a final technical done of the mechanical properties of passivation glasses and interconnect metals and the processes of failure of interconnect metals. In this final report we highlighted semiconductors. In previous reports we highlighted work determine the way in which mobile threading dislocation materials. Our work ranged form studies of interconnect contains two reports of our work on misfit dislocations films and control the mechanical properties of these formation of misfit dislocations. The second report formation of misfit dislocations in Si-Ge films. By measuring the change of substrates curvature as a function of time during annealing we were able to heteropitaxial thin films. The body of the report describes our in situ studies of the kinetics of our work on misfit dislocation formation in

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 334

density changes during the course of annealing.

KINETICS, LAYERS, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, METALS, MOBILE, SEMICONDUCTORS, SILICON, STRESSES, SUBSTRATES, GLASS, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, HETEROGENEITY, GERMANIUM. ANNEALING, CAPPING, CONTROL, CURVATURE, DENSITY, DISLOCATIONS, EYEGLASSES, FAILURE, FILMS, FUNCTIONS, \*THIN FILMS, \*MICROELECTRONICS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2305C1, Interconnect metals, Passivation, Misfit, In situ studies. IDENTIFIERS:

20/4 AD-A264 333 CINCINNATI UNIV OH

Unsteady Viscous Flows Using Navier-Stokes Equations. Simulation, Characterization and Control of Forced 3

Final rept. Feb 80-May 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

133P NOV 92 Ghia, K. N.; Ghia, U. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFL-RN-82-11-78 REPORT NO. AF0SR-90-0249 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

A3

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-83-0207, AFBSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

research project was pursued by the present investigators to study dynamic stall phenomenon under AFOSR sponsorship between February 1990 - May 1992. The major objective of scales in a vortex-dominated unsteady flow. A multi-block grid generation analysis is developed for a 3-D enhancement of accuracy and officiency, an adaptive-grid time-accurate flow solution technique has been developed The analyses developed included a two-dimensional Navier involved in computational fluid dynamics (CFD) research. this study was to predict and control the dynamic stall phenomenon in 2-D and 3-D flows. In the process of achieving these objectives, significant effort was directed towards developing mathematical models and the solution philosophy, the difficulties experienced were clearly discussed in the annual report submitted a year analysis using velocity-vorticity variables and direct-Stokes (NS) analysis for a general body undergoing arbitrary three-degree-of-freedom maneuvers; detailed results are provided for this class of flows. For rectangular planform wing. For the corresponding flow available to interested researchers and organizations A two-and-a-quarter-year multi-tasked to enable improved resolution of the various length corresponding computational methods which were made directed towards developing

AD-A284 333

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### CONTINUED AD-A264 333

further in a subsequent grant, and the progress made on it will be reported in a forthcoming annual report for that grant. In the current grant, the study of 3-D flows was continued, using an iterative solution methodology. Hence, a 3-D unsteady Navier-Stokes analysis, again using velocity-vorticity variables, and an iterative solution ago in November 1991. This 3-D flow analysis was therefore temporarily set aside. It will be pursued technique with multi-grid acceleration have been developed \*COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS, \*NAVIER \*UNSTEADY FLOW, \*VISCOUS FLOW, \*URACY, AIRFOILS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, ATTACK, STOKES EQUATIONS, \*UNSTEADY FLOW, \*VISCOUS FLOW,
ACCELERATION, ACCURACY, AIRFOILS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, ATTACK
AUGMENTATION, BODIES, CAVITIES, CONTROL, DELAY, DELTA
WINGS, EDGES, EFFICIENCY, FLUID DYNAMICS, GRANTS, GRIDS,
HIGH ANGLES, INJECTION, LAYERS, LEADING EDGES, LENGTH,
MANEUVERS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, METHODOLOGY,
ORGANIZATIONS, PLANFORM, RESOLUTION, ROCK, RUPTURE,
SEPARATION, STRATEGY, SUCTION, THESES, TIME, TWO
DIMENSIONAL, VARIABLES, VELOCITY, WINGS, WORK, TWO
DIMENSIONAL FLOW, THREE DIMENSIONAL FLOW. Ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2307A3 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A284 332

ARIZONA STATE UNIV TEMPE DEPT OF INDUSTRIAL AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS ENGINEERIN G

Studies of the Effect of Image Degradation and Recombination on Visua: Perception. 9

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Mar 92-1 Mar 93,

APR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Uttal, William R.

PERLAB-1 REPORT NO. F49620-92-J-0176 CONTRACT NO.

2313, 1123 PROJECT NO.

AS, 00 TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0263, AFDSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

was made on two major series of experiments. In the first, we examined the effect of noise, brightness, contrast, and geometrical artifacts on a detection task simulating enhanced night vision devices in a series of 10 experiments. An article has been submitted based on this study. In the second, we explored the effects of noise, Fourier filtering, reduced acuity (by means of blocking) experiments also have been carried out in this series and are now been analyzed and a publication is being prepared In the first year of this grant progress and combinations thereof in a discrimination task. Ten ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*NIGHT VISION DEVICES, \*RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, ACUITY, ARTIFACTS, BLOCKING, BRIGHTNESS, CONTRAST, DETECTION, DISCRIMINATION, FILTRATION, GRANTS, NIGHT, NIGHT VISION, NOISE, EXPERIMENTAL DATA.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, PEB2205F, WUAFOSR2313AS WUAF05R112300.

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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DISSIPATION,

ENERGY, FREQUENCY, GRAVITY, HIGH FREQUENCY,

INSTABILITY, INTERACTIONS, MIXING, MOMENTUM, MOTION, PHYSICS, PROFILES, PROPAGATION, SHAPE, STABILITY, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TRANSVERSE, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VARIATIONS, VORTICES, WAVE PROPAGATION, WIND, PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2310CS

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER LAB FOR ATMOSPHERIC AND SPACE PHYSICS Numerical Modeling and Parameterization of Gravity Wave Processes and Effects in the Atmosphere. E

Annual rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Fritts, David C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F48620-92-J-0138 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-83-0262, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

1 1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

frequency gravity wave is a convective instability comprised of counter-rotating vortices aligned transverse to the direction of wave propagation (a horizontal wavenumber normal to that of the gravity wave) Thus wave instability is inherently three-dimensional, and twowave breaking and instability processes in two and three new spectral parameterization of gravity wave transports spectral shape of the gravity wave motion field throughout the atmosphere to assess the potential for wave transports and variations with background wind and either the physics of wave breaking or the implications dimensional models are unlikely to adequately describe for wave transports and eddy mixing. A parallel effort has emphasized the statistical effects of wave interactions and dissipation processes and developed a collocation code has been developed to examine gravity spatial dimensions. Initial studies have demonstrated that the preferred mode of instability within a highenergy and momentum and their atmospheric effects. A nonlinear, compressible, spectral This scheme relies on the approximately universal stability profiles Ξ ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ATMOSPHERE MODELS, \*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, ATMOSPHERES, ATMOSPHERICS, BACKGROUND, COUNTERS, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

14/2 NORTHWESTERN UNIV EVANSTON IL 20/5 18/7 AD-A264 330

Final rept. 15 Sep 89-30 Nov 92, (U) Center for Surface Radiation Damage Studies. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 FEB Marks, Laurence D. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

0650-350-W410 REPORT NO. AF0SR-90-0045 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

S

TASK NO

TR-83-0273, AFOSR AFDSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

models with a high degree of success. Attempts to produce Techniques for obtaining clean and well-ordered surfaces and understand the image obtained have been developed and surface damage processes at the atomistic microstructure upper bound on this ratio of < 10, whereas values in the microscopy in ultra-high vacuum and by other techniques. literature are as high as 10. Surface Radiation Damage. combined with other high resolution electron microscopy a small atomic oxygen source based upon electron stimulated desorption of oxygen neutrals led to the conclusion that literature estimates are much too high for the neutral to ion ratio. We have placed a strong Research focussed around understanding data has been combined with analytical and numerical Electron Microscopy, Electron Stimulated Desorption. level was performed using high resolution electron used to characterize damage processes. This data, ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY, \*RADIATION DAMAGE, \*ATOMIC STRUCTURE, DAMAGE, DESORPTION, ELECTRONS, HIGH RESOLUTION, HIGH VACUUM, IMAGES, IONS, MICROSTRUCTURE, MODELS, OXYGEN, RADIATION, SURFACES, VACUUM, DAMAGE ASSESSMENT, SINGLE CRYSTALS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1103D, WUAFOSR3484CS € DENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 330

7/4 AD-A264 318

7/2

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Origin of Spontaneous Wave Generation in an Oscillatory Chemical System,

86 8 Zhang, Y1-Xue; Foerster, Petra; Ross, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0225, AF0SR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

p8898-8904, 1992. Available to DIIC users only. No copies Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v98 n22 furnished by NTIS.

fluctuation to induce a change in the HBrO2 concentration fluctuation is highly unlikely to generate a trigger wave of sufficient magnitude within a sufficient volume for a the first time. Perturbations smaller than the threshold perturbations or in regions with smaller radii lead to reaction has been investigated by numerical calculations threshold perturbations in the phase of oscillations and in the concentrations of HBrO2 and Br- within areas of space with varying radii necessary to initiate trigger phase-diffusion waves. Our equilibrium stochastic calculations show that the recurrence time for a thermal phase shift in the perturbed region with respect to the bulk solution have been observed in the calculations for modified Oregonator model and by equilibrium stochastic of the deterministic reaction-diffusion equations of a waves. Inward propagating trigger waves initiated by a ISTRACT: (U) The origin of spontaneously generated chemical waves in an oscillatory Belousov-Zhabotinskii trigger wave to propagate is many orders of magnitude calculations. From numerical calculations, we obtain larger than the observation time of traveling wave experiments. We concluded that an internal thermal in an oscillatory chemical solution.

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T4155F SEARCH CONTROL NO DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 318

\*\*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*OSCILLATION, \*WAVE PROPAGATION, \*CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM, DIFFUSION, INTERNAL, MODELS, OBSERVATION, PERTURBATIONS, PHASE SHIFT, REGIONS, TRAVELING WAVES, VOLUME, REPRINTS, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, RADIUS(MEASURE), THERMAL PROPERTIES, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, HYDROGEN, BROMINE, OXYGEN, RADIOFREQUENCY. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR230381, Chemical waves, Generation, Kinematic waves, Trigger waves 3 IDENTIFIERS:

4/1 AD-A264 317

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Multiple Steady States in Coupled Flow Tank Reactors,

MAY 92

Hunt, Katharine L.; Kottalam, J.; Hatlee, Michael D.; Ross, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

<u>.</u> TASK NO.

TR-93-0227, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemistry Physics, v98 n9 p7018-7033, 1 May 82. Available to DIIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

that new steady states may appear with increase (K sub x), iodate-arsenous acid reaction, a cubic model suggested by Noyes, and two quintic models. Stable steady states correspond to minima of psi and unstable steady states to typically correspond to saddle-node points. We illustrate between tanks(K sub x). For fixed (K sub o) values, We analyze the changes in numbers and types of steady states fixed initial conditions, the steady state ultimately reached in a mixing experiment may depend on the exchange the variation in psi due to changes in the rate constant when the reaction mechanism is sufficiently complex. For ISTRACT: (U) Coupling between continuous-flow stirred tank reactors (CSTR's), each having multiple steady states, can produce new steady states with different mechanism permits a single-variable description of the for externalmaterial intake (K sub c) and for exchange states disappear by pairwise coalescence; we also show concentrations of the chemical species in each of the coupled tanks. In this work, we identify a kinetic potential psi that governs the deterministic time as (K sub x) increases from zero. We show that steady evolution of coupled tank reactors, when the reaction states of the individual tanks; examples include the maxima or saddle points; marginally stables states ABSTRACT:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY rate constant as a function of time(K sub  $\times$ ) (t): Adiabatic mixing is obtained in the limit slow changes in (K sub  $\times$ )(t) and instantaneous mixing in the limit CONTINUED

REACTIONS, \*ARSONIC ACID, \*IODATES, STEADY STATE, STABILITY, ADIABATIC CONDITIONS, REPRINTS, REACTION KINETICS, STEADY FLOW. DESCRIPTORS:

remains small

PEB1101F, WUAFOSR2303B1. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A284 316

7/2

20/3 20/8 Slowing Down Near the Critical Point in Optically Bistable ZnSe, 9

8 JAN 92 Wolff, Anita N.; Ross, J.; Harding, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Robert H.

AF0SR-81-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2303 8 PROJECT NO. TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0228, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v98 n3 p1602-1608, 15 Jan 92. Available to DIIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

the hysteresis region is large, we find slowing down near the left hysteresis limit in accordance with our long, narrow illuminated region has boundaries at a temperature near and below that of the lower state. We determine the critical angle, the angle of incidence of light at which the hysteresis limits coalesce to form a critical exponents for perturbations which increase the those for perturbations which decrease the input power. In either case the critical exponents increase as the angle of incidence approaches the critical angle. When input power beyond the critical point are greater than critical point, and perturb the system by changing the exponentially as the critical point is approached. The critical point and the left hysteresis limit of an optically bistable system, a ZnSe interference filter Our ZnSe system has an inhomogeneous geometry where a angles equal to or slightly greater than the critical angle, we find that relaxation rates increase calculations based on a one-dimensional inhomogeneous input power beyond the critical point. For incidence We measure relaxation rates near the

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 316 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ZINC SELENIDES, \*OPTICS, \*STABILITY, ANGLE OF INCIDENCE, BOUNDARIES, FILTERS, GEOMETRY, HYSTERESIS, INPUT, INTERFERENCE, LIGHT, MODELS, ONE DIMENSIONAL, PERTURBATIONS, POWER, RATES, REGIONS, RELAXATION, TEMPERATURE, REPRINTS, HOMOGENEITY, CRITICALITY(GENERAL), MAGNETIC FIELDS.

ENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, \*Slowing down. \*Critical point, Inhomogeneous models, Bistable systems. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A264 315 7/4

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Stationary Solutions of the Master Equation for Single and Multi-Intermediate Autocatalytic Chemical Systems,

JAN 92 12P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Zheng, Qiang; Ross, John; Hunt, Katharine L.; Hunt, Paul M.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0215

PROJECT NO. 2303

MONITOR: AFOS

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TASK NO.

OR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0229, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v96 n1 p830-640, 1 Jan 92. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

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hypothesized form of (Sub s) (X,Y) globally by comparison with numerical solutions of Eq. (1.13) in the limit of long-time evolution to a stationary distribution. In the numerical studies, the total number of X and Y molecules numerical studies, the total number of X and Y molecules present is computationally limited because the time required for relaxation to the stationary distribution (Sub s) (X,Y) scales as e (n) with increasing particle number N. In order to isolate the discrepancies between the approximation and the numerical solutions that result from system-size effects, in Sec. II we first investigate numerical solutions of the master equation for systems with a single chemical intermediate X. For these systems, the corresponding approximation to Ps(X) is exact in the limit of large particle number, though it is not exact for the smaller systems studied. Our calculations size, short of the thermodynamic limit. The results provide the benchmarks for later comparisons between the hypothesized approximation and the numerical solutions of the master equation, in cases with two variables.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CATALYSIS, \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS,

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED 4D-A264 315

STATIONARY, REPRINTS, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), EQUATIONS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PARTICLES, APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS), THERMODYNAMICS, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, STEADY STATE, DISTRIBUTION, CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM.

DENTIFIERS: (U) Same product, Auto catalysis, Intermediates, Differential excess work, Species specific affinities, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B1 IDENTIFIERS:

7/2 1/3 AD-A264 314

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

A TR ESR Study of the Quenching of Photoexcited Dioxouranium (VI) Saits by Stable Nitroxyl Free Radicals, E

Khudyakov, I. V.; Turro, N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0340 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. AF0SR, XC TR-83-0230, AF0SR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Research on Chemical Intermediates. v19 n1 p15-30, 1993. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

electron. The role of polyelectrolytes in the enhancement observed, distinguishing 002 (2+\*) from its organic analog, the triplet benzophenone. The probable reason for the lack of polarization in uranyl photoreduction is the presence of TEMPO leads to CIDEP signals of TEMPO due to a radical triplet pair mechanism (RTPM). Polarized of the quenching of excited states is discussed. Results are in agreement with the statement that photoexcited solvated radical UO2 + (V); this stom bears the unpaired study of the quenching of excited dioxouranium (VI) (uranyl)nitrate and sulfate by stable nitroxyl radicals of the 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl (TEMPG) family. Photoexcitation of uranyl in solutions of polyelectrolyte sodium poly(styrene-sulfonate) NaPSS, (the presence of the nitroxyl with a positively charged trimethylammonium group. Photolysis of uranyl salts in difficult access of free radicals to the U atom of the TR ESR spectroscopy was applied to the alcohols of moderate viscosity (ETA = 3-10 cP) in the solutions of alcohols leads to the generation of free radicals of alcohols. No CIDEP of these radicals was nitroxyls were also observed in solutions of uranyl has a triplet multiplicity. ABSTRACT:

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 314

ACCESS, ALCOHOLS, ANALOGS, ATOMS, AUGMENTATION, BENZOPHENONES, ELECTRONS, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, SALTS, SIGNALS, SODIUM, SPECTROSCOPY, STYRENES, SULFONATES, VISCOSITY, REPRINTS, EXCITATION, NITROGEN COMPOUNDS, POLYMERS, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, PIPERIOINES. \*ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE, \*NITRATES, \*SULFATES, \*URANIUM \*FREE RADICALS, \*URANYL RADICALS, DESCRIPTORS:

Photoexcitation, \*Dioxouranium, \*Nitroxyl, TEMPO(2-2-6-6-ctetra methyl piperidine-1-oxyl), Triplet pair, Positive charge, Trimethylammonium, CIDEP, Unpaired electron PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, 3 IDENTIFIERS:

7/4 AD-A264 311

20/10

20/8

20/14

CRYDGENIC TECHNOLOGY INC WALTHAM MA

(U) Molecular Hyperpolarizabilities,

FEB 93

Sekino, Hideo; Bartlett, Rodney J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFGSR-89-0207 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO AFOSR. XC MONITOR

TR-93-0232, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v98 n4 p3022-3037, 15 Feb 93. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

molecules at a consistent level of theory and basis sets Coupled cluster (CC) methods for correlation, analytical high-order time dependent Hartree-Fock (TDHF) theory for dispersion effects, and polarizability-consistent basis sets give agreement to about 10% between the calculated hyperpolarizabilities and the gas phase experiments for the nonpolar molecules, H2, N2, C02, and C2H4, and effectively nonpolar CO. Results for the polar molecules We report a systematic study of the first basis functions. For H2O and NH, there is good ( - 10%) agreement with experiment. However, a - 20% difference between experiment and theory for the FH molecule. Hyperpolarizabilities, Molecules, Wavefunction, Tensor. persists; this difference is discussed in some detail.. H20, NH3, and H2S are improved by adding lone-pair and second hyperpolarizabilities of several small 3

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MOLECULES, \*POLARIZATION, CORRELATION, DISPERSIONS, FUNCTIONS, PHASE, TENSOPS, THEORY, TIME, REPRINTS, HARTREE FOCK APPROXIMATION, GASES, HYDROGEN, NITROGEN, CARBON DIOXIDE, ETHYLENE, NONLINEAR OPTICS, WATER, AMMONIA, HYDROGEN SULFIDE. COEFFICIENTS, EXPANSION, ENERGY, DIPOLES, ELECTRIC FIELDS, OSCILLATION, QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, FLUORINE, WAVE FUNCTIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

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# OTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 311 CONTINUED

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B3,
Hyperpolarizabilities, Consistent level, Basis sets,
CC(Coupled Cluster), TDHF(Time Dependent Hartree-Fock),
Nonpolar, ab Initio calculations, MBPT(Many Body
Perturbation Theory), SCF Theory

AD-A264 304 5/8

OREGON UNIV EUGENE DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Laboratory Investigations of the Cognitive Mechanism of Suppression. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 15 Jun 91-14 Dec 92.

MAR 93 37P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Gernsbacher, Morton A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0323

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0253, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

previous work (supported by AFOSR-89-0305), we found that inappropriate meanings of ambiguous words (e.g., the playing card meaning of spade when they riad the sentence He dug with the spade). Less-skilled comprehenders are also less efficient in suppressing the incorrect forms of homophones (e.g., the concept of patients when they read the sentence, He had a lot of patience.) Less-skilled efficient in ignoring superimposed words while looking at understand the cognitive mechanism of suppression. In our Inappropriate, or less efficient in suppressing typical-but-absent members of scenic arrays (e.g., a tractor in ar array of objects typically found in a farm scene). We suggest that lessmechanisms. In the research we conducted while supported to-be-ignored information is not restricted to the language domain: Rather, less-skilled comprehenders are Our goal in this research was to further comprehenders are less efficient in ignoring pictures skilled comprehenders have less efficient suppression less-skilled comprehenders are less efficient in suppressing inappropriate, irrelevant, or should-becomprehenders are less efficient in suppressing the while reading superimposed words, and they are less pictures. Furthermore, less-skilled comprehenders gnored information. For instance, less-skilled Inefficiency in suppressing irrelevant,

# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 304 CONTINUED

by AFOSR-91-0323, we discovered that the mechanism of suppression is under comprehenders' strategic control. and we discovered that the left cerebral hemisphere appears to be specialized for suppressing ambiguous words

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COGNITION, \*SUPPRESSION, \*COMPREHENSION, ARRAYS, CARDS, CONTROL, HEMISPHERES, LANGUAGE, PATIENTS, PICTURES, READING, TRACTORS, LABORATORY TESTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313A7.

AD-A264 303 9/

STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS

(U) Research Studies in Electromagnetically Induced Transparency. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Dec 91-14 Oct 92,

APR 93 16P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Harris, S. E.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0066

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0307, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) To make an atom transparent at a given laser frequency, one applies a second laser whose frequency is equal to the difference of an otherwise empty state and the point in frequency space to which a probing laser is tuned. This type of transparency exhibits an essential nonreciprocity where, though absorption and refractive index may be negated, the nonlinear susceptibilities and coefficients for stimulated and spontaneous remain unchanged. We believe that there may be a new regime of nonlinear optics with special properties as resonances are approached...

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ATOMS, \*X RAY LASERS, \*ULTRAVIOLET LASERS, ABSORPTION, FREQUENCY, LASER APPLICATIONS, NONLINEAR OPTICS, RESONANCE, ELECTROMAGNETISM, TUNABLE LASERS, LASERS, OPTICS, REFRACTIVE INDEX, TRANSPARENCIES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2301AS, Electromagnetically
induced transparency.

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

ADVANCED FUEL RESEARCH INC EAST HARTFORD CT

(U) Superconducting Flux Coupled Fast Switching Device From YBCU Films.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 91-29 Feb 92

APR 92 24

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Fenner, David B.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-91-C-0067

PROJECT NO. 1802

TASK NO. 01

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0282, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

flow dynamics, and (4) can be implemented in switching or magnetic switch, superconducting transformer, and flux-flow (transistor-like) switch. The use of Si wafers not only allows high-quality quality films on large (or very Film Microelectronics, Superconducting Transistor, Three Innovation for this program was demonstration of a 'luxamplifying circuits. In Phase I we have demonstrated our hybrid integration with semiconductor electronics. Thin Magnetic-flux-coupled devices are less limited by these from dc to at least 10 GHz. The flux-flow devices (FFD) we have fabricated, include: externally-activated thin) and inexpensive substrates, but also many design superconducting (HTSC) materials, especially thin-film YBaCuO (123), to microelectronic devices have been coupled device that was: (1) simple to fabricate, (2) based on silicon substrates, (3) shows excellent fluxzirconia (YSZ)-buffered Si substrates. Our devices are designed to take advantage of these new materials potential for developing this device utilizing high critical-current YBCD thin films on yttria-stabilized fabrication constraints, and are projected to operate configurations with great potential for wafer-scale, limited by materials-related fabrication problems. opportunities, are within realistic materials and problems but have not been widely explored. The Applications of high-temperature ABSTRACT:

AD-A264 301 CONTINUED

Terminal Active Device, Pulsed Laser Ablation-Deposition.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SWITCHING, \*SUPERCONDUCTIVITY,

\*YTTRIUM, \*BARIUM, \*COPPER, \*OXIDES, ABLATION, CIRCUITS,
CONFIGURATIONS, DEPOSITION, DYNAMICS, ELECTRONICS,
FABRICATION, FLOW, HIGH TEMPERATURE, INTEGRATION, LASERS,
MATERIALS, MICROELECTRONICS, PHASE, PULSED LASERS,
SEMICONDUCTORS, SILICON, SUBSTRATES, SWITCHES, THIN FILMS,
TRANSFORMERS, TRANSISTORS, WAFERS, FLUX(RATE), COUPLINGS,
MAGNETIC FIELDS, AMPLIFICATION, CURRENTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR160201, Fast switching devices, Three terminal active device, YSYttria-Stabilized Zirconia), FFD(Flux-Flow Devices).

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A264 300

SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INST SAN ANTONIO TX

Diagnostics of Magnetic Substorms Using Satellite Observations of Magnetic Pulsations. Ê

Final rept. 1 Oct 88-31 Oct 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**65**P OCT 92 Lin, Chin S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

SWRI-15-2570 REPORT NO. F49620-89-C-0008 CONTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO

TR-93-0293, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

This project has demonstrated that one

waves observed by geostationary satellites in the afternoon sector is characterized by oscillations of magnetic field with a period from 2 to 10 minutes, easily The delay time depends on the propagation velocity, which region of a stormtime PC 5 event has a longitudinal extent varying between 30 and 90 degrees. The study shows that stormtime Pc 5 waves have a wave amplitude confined stormtime PC 5 waves agrees better with the perpendicular Comparison of the statistical properties of stormtime Pc detected by magnetometers on communication or weather sate lites. The estimated substorm onset times are found to be within 20 minutes of the actual substorm onset class of magnetic pulsations known as stormtime Pc 5 waves is correlated with substorm onsets. Stormtime Pc 5 Geosynchronous satellites in the afternoon sector hours after a substorm onset occurring at local midnight frequency and with the magnetic field inclination angle. would detect these low frequency wave events about 2-4 5 waves with theoretical calculations of propagation varies from a few km/s up to 50 km/s. The disturbed propagation velocity is found to increase with wave velocity suggests that the propagation velocity of with about 10 deg from the magnetic equator. The times.

CONTINUED AD-A264 300

determined by wave parallel wavelength, which is in turn determined by the inclination angle or the magnetic field properties of magnetic pulsations during storm times is important for the satellite operation since it can be Velocity of stormtime Pc 5 waves appears to be mainly topology. The obtained results about the propagation used to predict the plasma environment a synchronous group velocity of drift mirror mode. The propagation satellite might encounter

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ARTIFICIAL SATELLITES, \*MAGNETIC FIELDS, \*MAGNETIC STORMS, AMPLITUDE, ANGLES, DRIFT, FREQUENCY, GROUP VELOCITY, LOW FREQUENCY, MAGNETOMETERS, MIRRORS, OSCILLATION, VELOCITY, EIGENVALUES, WAVE DESCRIPTORS: **PROPAGATION**  PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2311A1, \*Geostationary satellites, Pc 5 Waves, Magnetic pulsations. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY WUAFOSR3005A1, SHB(Spectral Hole

CONTINUED

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IDENTIFIERS:

Burning).

9/2 12/7 AD-A264 298

SPARTA INC LEXINGTON MA

(U) 40 Interconnect Experimental Development.

Final technical rept. 1 Oct 91-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

58 NA

MSUNAL AUTHORS: Henshaw, Philip D.; Lis, Steven A.; Chelfetz, Michael Q. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

LTR93-003 REPORT NO. F49620-91-C-0002 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO.

4 FASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0289, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Information. Expectations are that this architecture can be extended to capacities of 10(exp 12) interconnects or greater... Neural network, Optical computing, This report summarizes the work performed The results obtained clearly demonstrate the fundamental burning (SHB) materials. SHB materials were synthesized and excellent quality holograms were recorded and network based on the unique properties of spectral hole demonstrated with no apparent crosstalk. We assembled a retrieved. Both wavelength and angle multiplexing were tested it as a bidirectional associative memory system during a two-year program aimed at demonstrating the network and feasibility of constructing a 4-dimensional neural ability to fully connect two 2D planes of digital demonstration holographic optical neural ABSTRACT:

\*SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, \*COMPUTER NETWORKS, \*FOUR DIMENSIONAL, ANGLES, CROSSTALK, DEMONSTRATIONS, HOLOGRAMS, MATERIALS, MULTIPLEXING, QUALITY, COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN, COMPUTATIONS, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE. \*NEURAL NETS, \*OPTICAL PROCESSING, E DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A284 288

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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MARTIN MARIETTA LABS BALTIMORE MD

(U) Tensile Study of Single-Crystal Ternary L12 Trialuminide Al68Ti25Mng.

Final rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Jan 93 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2306A1, Uniaxial, S11p, Octahedral planes, CRSS(Critical Resolved Shear Stress), HIP(Hot Isotatic Pressing)...

ANALYSIS, SURFACES, TEMPERATURE, TENSION, TEST AND EVALUATION, VARIATIONS, YIELD STRENGTH, AXIAL FLOW, SHEAR STRESSES, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, MICROSTRUCTURE, TERNARY

COMPOUNDS

MAR 93

S. A.; Kumar, K. S. Brown. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

MML-TR-93-01 REPORT NO. F49620-91-C-0099 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO

TR-83-0287, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

confirmed the Burgers vectors to be of the type a<110> at both 298K and 1073K. A few unlaxial tension tests were conducted near (001) at 1073K; the HIPed specimens contained a small amount of residual porosity and second phases, which resulted in elastic fallure even at this high temperature. Efforts to produce additional crystals with even better microstructures for tension testing are tension. Yield strengths in compression for orientations near 001 and (111) continuously decrease with increasing temperature in a manner similar to other single crystal L1 2 trialuminides, and also to polycrystals of these materials. Slip was determined to occur on the (111) octahedral planes using two-surface analysis. Critical resolved shear stress (CRSS) variation with temperature produced and tested in compression as well as unlaxial calculated for the (111) (101) slip system, overlaps Dislocation analysis Single crystal Al66Ti25Mn9 has been closely for both orientations. underway.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SINGLE CRYSTALS, \*TENSILE PROPERTIES, \*ALUMINUM COMPOUNDS, \*TITANIUM, \*MANGANESE, \*ALUMINIDES, COMPRESSION, DISLOCATIONS, FAILURE, HIGH TEMPERATURE, MATERIALS, OVERLAP, PHASE, POROSITY, RESIDUALS, SURFACE

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

11/4 SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH ASSOCIATES INC GLASTONBURY CT 20/2 20/3 **6** 4D-A264 296

Numerical Studies of Low Temperature Gallium Arsenide Buffer Layers and Their Influence on Device Operation.

Annual rept. 15 Jan 92-15 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 93

Grubin, H. L.; Kreskovsky, J. P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

SRA-R-93-9134-1 REPORT NO. F49620-91-C-0023 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

LASK NO.

TR-93-0286, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

device operation. During this reporting period the drift and diffusion equations were modified to include the contributions of clusters in one and two dimensions. In addition, the effects of high resistance material on the operation of FETS was begun. Specifically numerical simulations of clusters in LT GaAs were performed in which the electrical characteristics of the clusters were for a single cluster in one dimension, two clusters in one dimension, and an array of clusters in two dimensions. The one-dimensional simulations of a single cluster. interaction between the clusters results in an insulating material. Finally, a macroscopic model of the LT material is utilized in the simulation of an FET with an LT layer under the gate. The results suggest that such structures effect of overlapping depletion regions. Two-dimensional development and application of an algorithm for studying cluster and barrier-like electrostatic behavior. Double charge transport in low temperature gallium arsenide (L) nodeled as local trap sites. Simulations were performed GaAs) buffer layers and the influence of such layers on demonstrate the depletion of mobile charge around the cluster simulations, also in one dimension, show the simulations of arrays of clusters show how the The focus of the program is the

CONTINUED AD-A284 298

adversely affecting performance. Interaction with Wright Laboratories and Lincoln Laboratories on organization of directions is also summarized.... LT Material, Clusters, should have enhanced breakdown characteristics without an APS-focused session on LTR materials and future

EQUATIONS, INTERACTIONS, LABORATORIES, MOBILE, MODELS, ONE DIMENSIONAL, OPERATION, RESISTANCE, SIMULATION, SITES, STRUCTURES, TEMPERATURE, TRANSPORT, TRAPS, TWO DIMENSIONAL, FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, ELECTRONS, CURRENT DENSITY, ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BUFFERS, \*GALLIUM ARSENIDES, \*LAYERS, \*LOW TEMPERATURE, \*MATERIALS, ALGORITHMS, ARRAYS, BARRIERS, DEPLETION, DIFFUSION, DRIFT, ELECTROSTATICS, EQUATIONS, INTERACTIONS, LARDBATOPIEC HOLES (ELECTRON DEFICIENCIES). DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFDSR2305BS, Device operation, Charge transport, Clusters, LT(Low Temperature). IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 298

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A264 295

CAMBRIDGE MA HARVARD UNIV

(U) Research on Collaborative Planning.

Final rept. 1 Feb 89-28 Feb 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

<del>6</del>

Grosz, Barbara J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0273 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-93-0211, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of collaborative problem-solving by multiple human agents, determined the properties needed by a computer system to this project are included with this report. We have also been published. The report itself summarizes our results. This project investigated characteristics about multi-agent actions and collaborative plans. They defined a set of core action relations, designed an action representation language and a representation that participate in collaborative plan-based activities, and collaborative activity GS90 to provide for a greater variety of action relations and more complex act-types. designed formalizations for representing and reasoning mutual beliefs, negotiation in collaborative activity, Copies of technical papers reporting work supported by and modelling of intentions all of which have not yet appended to this report descriptions of our work on significantly modified the SharedPlan model of representations from partial information, and provides for incrementally building action

COMPUTERS SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, COMPUTERS Humans, Language, models, problem solving, reasoning, Computerized Simulation, computer logic. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2304A7, PE61102F, SHAREDPLAN Computer program IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A264 295

4/3 AD-A264 294

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF ASTROPHYSICAL PLANETARY AND ATMOSPHERIC SCIEN CES U.S. National Weather Experiment STORM-FEST 1982: Wave and Turbulence in Frontal Zones. 3

Annual interim rept. 1 Jan-1 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 92

Blumen, William PERSONAL AUTHORS:

1533136 REPORT NO. F49620-82-J-0137 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-93-0239, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

modeling of the frontal scale contraction process that is currently poorly understood... Waves and Turbulence, data are being analyzed to identify significant internal gravity wave and turbulent activity that occur in association with low-level frontal passages. The principal analysis method is local decomposition using determined using data obtained during STORM-FEST. This information will be used in conjunction with theoretical accumulated during the STORM-FEST Experiment in the central United States (1 February-13 March 1992). These A high density of surface and upper air Dissipation of kinetic energy in frontal zones will be information on both scale and translation of coherent wavelets as basis functions. These functions provide observations, including aircraft observations, were events, and are well-suited for frontal analyses,. Frontal dynamics, STORM-FEST Experiment.

OBSERVATION, SURFACES, TURBULENCE, ATMOSPHERIC MOTION SCRIPTORS: (U) \*FRONTS(METEOROLOGY), AIRCRAFT, DECOMPOSITION, DENSITY, DISSIPATION, ENERGY, GRAVITY WAVES, HIGH DENSITY, KINETIC ENERGY, LOW LEVEL, ATMOSPHERIC DENSITY. DESCRIPTORS:

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

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PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2310CS, STORM-FEST.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A284 278 23/1 6/4 6/3
AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR COMPOSITES DAYTON OH

8/8

(U) Biotechnology and Composite Materials.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 80-31 May 81,

APR 93 43P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Woolsey, Barbara C.; Narayan, R.; Schiavone, R.C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0283

PROJECT NC. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0249, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Biotechnology, in general terms, is the science and engineering of using living organisms for making useful products such as pharmaceuticals, foods, fuels, chemicals, materials or in waste treatment processes and clinical and chemical analyses. It encompasses the prosaic form of using yeast cells to make bread and alcohol to the more exciting world of using recombinant DNA technology for producing critically important pharmaceuticals such as human insulin. However, the use of biotechnology in composite materials has just recently been recognized as a potential contributor to the aerospace materials and structures industry. Examples of various biotechnology fields of research that may offer potential applications are: biodegradation, biomimetics, biomining, bio-optics/ bioelectronics biosynthesis and bioprocessing. This paper will examine research in the areas of biomimetics, biosynthesis and bioprocessing.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BIOTECHNOLOGY, \*SYMPOSIA, BIODETERIORATION, BIOSYNTHESIS, BREAD, CHEMICALS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, FOOD, FUELS, HUMANS, INDUSTRIES, INSULIN, PAPER, STRUCTURES, WASTE TREATMENT, YEASTS, BIOENGINEERING, AEROSPACE SYSTEMS, BEHAVIOR, BIOMEDICINE, CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, EXOSKELETON, HIP, LONG RANGE(TIME), MANMADE, DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS.

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 278 CONTINUED

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, Blubber, Elastin, Collagen chiten, Hip prosthetics, Fiber reinforced composites, Connective tissue, Fats/mechanical properties.

AD-A284 275 7/2

GORDON RESEARCH CONFERENCES INC KINGSTON RI

(U) Gordon Research Conferences, 1981,

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 91-31 May 92,

APR 93 61

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Cruickshank, Alexander

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0268

PROJECT NO. 2303

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

**B**2

TASK NO.

TR-93-0248, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Conferences were held during 1991 on the following topics/ Inorganic Chemistry. Topic-High Performance Thermosetting Polymeric Materials/Subtopics-None Specified. Topicsubtopics: Topic-Inorganic Chemistry/Subtopics-Materials and the Solid State; Catalysis; New Chemistry of Theoretical Interpretations. Topic-Elastomers/Subtopics-Fillers and Vulcanization. Topic-Dynamics of Gas-Surface Bioinorganic Chemistry, Chemistry of Surfaces, Mechanistic Studies and Ligand Transformations, General Synthesis; Networks; Thermoplastic Elastomers; History; Directions in the Chemistry of Coordination Complexes; Flow, Miscibility, and Diffusion; Toughening Plastics; Polymetallic Complexes, Organometallic Chemistry; New Molten Salts and Liquid Metals/Subtopics-Metal-Molten A series of Air Force-supported Gordon Interactions/Subtopics-Surface Vibrations; Electronic fransitions; Ultrafast Surface Processes; Dynamics of Simulations and Dynamics of Film Growth; Surface Chemical Processes; Electrochemistry; Surface Phenomena; Metal-Nonmetal Salt Solutions; Molten Salts; Dynamic Properties; Adsorption; Surface Diffusion; Liquid Interfaces; Transitions; Novel States of Matter; Special Topics.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CATALYSIS, \*ELECTROCHEMISTRY, \*INDRGANIC CHEMISTRY, \*MATERIALS, \*MOLTEN SALTS, \*SURFACES, ADSORPTION, CHEMICALS, DIFFUSION, DYNAMICS,

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF OTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 275

SURFACE INTERACTIONS, HISTORY, INTERACTIONS, INTERFACES, LIGANDS, LIQUID METALS, LIQUIDS, METALS, NETWORKS, NONMETALS, PLASTICS, SALTS, SIMULATION, SOLIDS, SYNTHESIS, TRANSFORMATIONS, VIBRATION, VULCANIZATION, SYMPOSIA, POLYMERS, SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY. ELECTRONICS, FILLERS, FILMS, FLOW, GAS ELASTOMERS.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 249

7/4

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Transition State Spectroscopy of Bimolecular Chemical Reactions, 9

25P

Neumark, Dantel M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0084 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

<u>.</u> TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0233, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Annual Rev. Phys. Chem, v43 p153-178, 1992. Available to DIIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

observable properties of a reaction, including the reaction cross-section and the product angular and energy distributions. Indeed, the key issue in chemical reaction dynamics is to deduce the relationship between these asymptotic properties of a reaction and the detailed features of the transition state region, such as (in the case of a direct reaction) the saddle point location, barrier height, and bend potential near the saddle point. state region: the region of the surface where chemical bonds are broken and reformed. The microscopic forces at One of the fundamental goals of chemical occur. Much of this interest focuses on the transition physics has been to understand the nature of the potential energy surfaces on which chemical reactions play in the transition state region often control the 3

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, \*BIOLOGY, \*MOLECULES, BARRIERS, CHEMICAL BONDS, CONTROL, CROSS SECTIONS, DISTRIBUTION, DYNAMICS, HEIGHT, POTENTIAL ENERGY, SURFACES, TRANSITIONS, REPRINTS, MOLECULAR STATES, RESONANCE, PHOTODISSOCIATION, COLLISIONS, SPECTROSCOPY. DESCRIPTORS:

state spectroscopy, Angular, Saddle point location, Bend PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, \*Transition 9 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 249

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 249

potential, Photodetachment,

7/4 7/3 AD-A264 248 CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Photoelectron Spectroscopy of CN-, NCO-, and NCS-,

JAN 93

RSONAL AUTHORS: Bradforth, Stephen E.; Kim, Eun H.; Arnold, Don W.; Neumark, Daniel M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0084 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

<del>8</del> TASK NO.

TR-93-0234, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unl. of Chemical Physics, v98 n2 p800-810, 15 Jan 93. Available to DIIÇ users only. No copies furnished by NIIS.

determined: EA(CN) =3.862 + or - 0.004 eV, EA(NCO) =3.609 + or - 0.005 eV, and EA(NCS) = 3.537 + or - 0.005 eV. The adiabatic electron affinity of cyanide is in disagreement change in bond lengths between anion and neutral are also determined. For NCO- this yields R sub zero(C-N) = 1,17  $\pm$ revealing transitions to the A 2 pi state as well as the ground X 2 sigma(+) state of the CN radical. The following adiabatic electron affinities (EAs) are and for CN- the equilibrium bond length is found to be R sub e(C-N) = 1. 177 + or - 0.004 a. The gas phase fundamental for CN- is determined for the first time: recent theoretical estimates that dispute the literature NCO-, and NCS- have been recorded with a puised time-of-flight photoelectron spectrometer. The photoelectron vibrational progressions observed in each spectrum, the The 266 nm photoelectron spectra of CN-, experimental value. By Franck-Condon analysis of the or - 0.01 A and R sub zero(C-0) = 1.28 + or - 0.01 A. measurement of the electron affinity of NCS confirms with the currently accepted literature value. Our spectrum of CN- has also been recorded at 213 nm v=2035 + or 1 40 /cm.

\*ANIONS, \*CYANIDES, \*PHOTOELECTRON DESCRIPTORS: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 248 SPECTRA, \*CYANATES, \*THIOCYANATES, ELECTRONS, LENGTH, MEASUREMENT, NEUTRAL, PHASE, SPECTROMETERS, TRANSITIONS, REPRINTS, CHEMICAL RADICALS, COMPLEX IONS, PULSES, VIBRATION, CHEMICAL BONDS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2303B1, EA(Electron Affinities), Franck Condon analysis, Progression

AD-A264 247

20/5

7/2

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Transition-State Spectroscopy via Negative Ion Photodetachment, 3

83

Neumark, Daniel M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0084 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-93-0235, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Accounts of Chemical Research, v28 n2 p33-39, 1993. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

complete potential energy surface for a chemical reaction. Given such a surface, one can, in principle, calculate all attributes of the reaction, down to the most detailed  ${\rm STRAC7}$ : (U) One of the most ambitious goals in the field of reaction dynamics is to be able to construct the 'bottleneck' in a chemical reaction, with the consequence developed with the goal of extracting chemically accurate reasonable to concentrate on the regions of the surface that play the largest role in determining the dynamics of a chemical reaction. A fundamental concept in physical potential energy surfaces for reactions. This is a daunting problem; at present, the H + H2 reaction is the state-to-state cross section. Thus, in recent years, an array of experimental and theoretical methods has been constants, are largely determined by the nature of the that many of the measurable properties of a reaction, only system for which such a surface is available. However, while the construction of a full potential energy surface is certainly desirable, it seems more reaction, a dividing surface between reactants and products. The transition state often acts as a chemistry is the idea of the transition state of a ranging from differential cross sections to rate potential energy surface in the vicinity of the

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

transition state.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*TRANSITIONS, \*SPECTROSCOPY, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CONSTANTS, DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTIONS, DYNAMICS, PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY, POTENTIAL ENERGY, RATES, RECREATION, SURFACES, ANIONS, GEOMETRY, MOLECULAR STATES, REPRINTS, IONS. DESCRIPTORS:

JEMITIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, \*Negative ton photodetachment, State to State. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

7/2 AD-A264 248

20/5

ATHENS DEPT OF CHEMISTRY GEORGIA UNIV

N (U) Photodissociation Spectroscopy of the Mg+ -CO sub Complex and Its Isotopic Analogs,

Yeh, C. S.; Willey, K. F.; Robbins, D. L.; Pilgrim, J. S.; Duncan, M. A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0001 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 B TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONI TOR:

TR-93-0236, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availbility: Pub. in Unl. of Chemical.Physics, v93 n3 p1867-1875, 1 Feb 93. Available to DTIC users only. No coples furnished by NIIS.

complexes is studied with mass-selected photodissociation progression in the metal-CO2 stretching mode (('omega sub spectroscopy in a reflectron time-of-filight mass spectrometer. Two excited electronic states are observed: (2)2 sigma(+) and 2 pi. The 2 state has a vibrational Corresponding spectra are measured for each of the 24, 25 and 26 isotopes of magnesium. These results are compared Mg(+) -C02 ton-molecule cluster complexes e'  $\equiv$  381.8 /cm). The complexes are linear (Mg(+) -0 $\overline{c}$ 0) and are bound by the charge-quadrupole interaction. The are produced by Taser vaporization in a pulsed nozzle cluster source. The vibronic spectroscopy in these to theoretical predictions made by Bauschlicher and dissociation energy (D sub o) is 14.7 kcal/mol. ABSTRACT: (U) COWORKERS.

\*PHOTODISSOCIATION, \*SPECTROSCOPY, \*CARBON DIOXIDE, DISSOCIATION, ELECTRONIC STATES, ENERGY, INTERACTIONS, IONS, LASERS, MASS, MASS SPECTROMETERS, METALS, MOLECULES, NOZZLE CLUSTERS, NOZZLES, PREDICTIONS, SPECTRA, SPECTROMETERS, VAPORIZATION, REPRINTS, CLUSTERING, PULSES, VIBRATION, LIGANDS, COMPLEX IONS. \*ISOTOPES, \*MAGNESIUM DESCRIPTORS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 246 (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3, VIBRIONIC, Time of flight, Stretching mode, Charge-Reflectron, quadrupole IDENTIFIERS:

12/6 12/7 AD-A264 230 BATON ROUGE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND LOUISIANA STATE UNIV COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Multiprocessing Systems: Reliability Modelling and Analysis Using Multimode Components and Dependent Failures. 3

Final rept. 1 Oct 90-31 Oct 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

109P

85

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Rat, Suresh PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0025 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

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TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0251, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

excluange network with an extra stage (SENE). In the SENE, each input is connected to each output by a pair of complicte binary trees such that the input is connected by a directed edge to each of the roots, ad the leaves of both trees are identical. These very regular paths from and efficient algorithms for terminal reliability (7%) and broadcast reliability (8R) evaluation of the shufflean input to the outputs offer the structure necessary to solve the TR B $\lambda$  problems efficiently. The researchers have established simple  $\widehat{\Xi}$ ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMPUTER NETWORKS, \*RELIABILITY(ELECTRONICS), \*MULTIPROCESSORS, \*MULTIMODE, ALGORITHMS, EDGES, EXCHANGE, INPUT, OUTPUT, PATHS, TERMINALS, TREES, FAILURE(ELECTRONICS), INFORMATION DESCRIPTORS: (U) EXCHANGE

WUAFOSR2304ES IDENTIFIERS: (U)

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AD-A264 246

### T4155F SEARCH CONTROL NO. DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CALIFORNIA UNIV DAVIS DEPT OF MATHEMATICS AD-A264 229

Parametric and Combinatorial Problems in Constrained Optimization. 3

Final rept. 1 Mar 90-30 Sep 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 93

Wets, Roger D PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0050 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO

TR-93-0298, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Relationships were developed between asymptotic results for statistical estimators and those for the solution of optimization was exploited to build an algorithmic, progressive hedging, for solving such problems. stochastic optimization problems. ABSTRACT.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS, \*COMBINATORIAL ANALYSIS, OPTIMIZATION, PROBLEM SOLVING, ESTIMATES, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2304DS € IDENTIFIERS:

11/2 AD-A264 227

20/5

20/2

TECH CAMBRIDGE CERAMICS PROCESSING MASSACHUSETTS INST OF RESEARCH LAB

Design. Synthesis, and Chemical Processing of Hierarchical Geramic Structures for Aerospace Applications. 3

Final rept. 1 Aug 89-28 Feb 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

218P MAR 93 Rhine, Wendell E.; Cima, Michael J.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Bowen, H. K.

F49620-89-C-0102 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0284, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

hierarchical levels - namely the molecular-, nano-, micro LINDO3 films from alkoxide precursors are also described. Ceramic materials are beginning to replace for synthesizing and processing ceramics, it is possible to develop synthetic and processing methods to control the molecular and nanostructure of ceramic powders. This report describes our efforts to synthesize submicron SiC Ceramic processing, Ceramic powdars, Ceramic composites, Nanocomposites, SiC, TiB 2, TiN, TiC, Cordierite, A1203, applications, but further advances are needed to improve ceramics, it is useful to consider the structure on four materials. With the development of chemical approaches various levels of structure exert important and often their reliability. To analyze the complex behavior of quite specific influences. The research conducted for conventional materials in high temperature structural synthesize and process ceramic powders to create and preceramic polymers. Efforts to synthesize epitaxial nanocomposites from and macroscales. Interactions at and between these this effort involved using chemical approaches to control these hierarchical structures in ceramic AIN, Synthesis, Metal organic precursors riB2, TiC, and TiN powders, and

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 227

20/4 AD-A284 226 NORTHWEST RESEARCH ASSOCIATES INC BELLEVUE WA

CHEMICALS, CONTROL, FILMS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, INTERACTIONS, METALS, MINERALS, POLYMERS, POWDERS, PRECURSORS, PROCESSING, RELIABILITY, SYNTHESIS, TEMPERATURE, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, SILICON CARBIDES, TITANIUM BORIDE, CARBIDES, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, LITHIUM NIOBATES, OXIDES, NITRIDES, METALS, ORGANIC MATERIALS. \*CERAMIC MATERIALS, \*STRUCTURES DESCRIPTORS:

(U) Laboratory Studies of Gravity Wave/Mean Flow Interactions.

83 MAR PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3, Nanoscale, DENTIFIERS: (U) PEB11 Microscale, Macroscale. IDENTIFIERS:

Annual rept. 15 Nov 91-14 Nov 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Delist, Donald P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

NWRA-CR-92-R095 REPORT NO. F49620-82-C-0005 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0265, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

each propagating with a different phase speed. Thus, the critical layer for each wave is distinct in the vertical. The results for the two-wave case are compared to similar results for the one-wave case. In the one-wave case, only of single monochromatic waves propagating in a stratified fluid with a vertical velocity shear. The new results the tank and packets of turbulence were seen in the lower software of the facility are also reported, and plans for measurements of gravity wave/critical layer interactions. Previous results have been reported for the interactions the coming year are discussed. Gravity wave, Critical layer, Internal wave, Stratification, Shear, Turbulence. weak overturning appeared in the upper part of the tank for interaction times longer than about 13 minutes, and sustained overturning was observed in the upper part of part of the tank. Velocity profiles are currently being presented here are for two monochromatic forcing waves regular, periodic turbulence was observed in the lower part of the tank. In contrast, in the two-wave case, differences. Other improvements in the hardware and Progress is reported on laboratory examined to attempt to understand these observed

\*GRAVITY WAVES, \*FLOW VISUALIZATION ŝ DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 226

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A284 228 \*TURBULENT FLOW, INTERACTIONS, INTERNAL WAVES, LAYERS. MEASUREMENT, PACKETS, STRATIFICATION, TURBULENCE, VELOCITY, SHEAR STRESSES, SOFTWARE ENGINEERING, FLUID FLOW, HYDRAULIC MODELS.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2310CS IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A264 224

5/8 12/5 OREGON STATE UNIV NEWPORT HATFIELD MARINE SCIENCE CENTER

(U) Parallel Processing and Learning: Variability and Chaos in Self-Organization of Activity in Groups of Neurons.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Jan 92-1 Feb 93,

30

Mpitsos, George J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0140 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO. AF0SR, XC TR-93-0238, AF0SR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

(e.g., Mpitsos and Soinia, 1883) indicate, not only to understand neural organization in a simple animal, but also to examine the applicability of the findings to higher animals, and, if possible, to humans. Molecular biological studies of muscarinic receptors: In previous AFOSR-published work, Murray et al. (1885) and Murray and AFOSR-published work, Murray et al. (1985) and Murray and Mpitsos (1988) showed further that brief pharmacologic blocking of these receptors enhances 1-Trial associative vectors for generating fusing proteins to all of the five Andrade et al (1983) have recently published the results of our first simulations, and have addressed the problem Computer simulations of catalytic networks distributed function in neurotransmission and neuromodulation (Soinila and Mpitsos, 1982; Soinila et al system dynamics. Simulations of large networks are being learning. Over the past year, we have developed cloning known muscarinic receptor subtypes in humans. Our next Imminohistochemical studies have examined mammalian tissues that may be useful as model systems to examine designed in order examine spatio-temporal dynamics in reaction-diffusion systems. The aim is to develop of the effect that catalytic error has in controlling visualization and analysis methods to apply large networks composed of biologically realistic neurons. ABSTRACT:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A264 224

antisera. The findings will be applicable not only to our experimental animal, but also to studies of learning and between step will be to determine the specificity of the containing the different muscarinic receptors. The instep is to obtaine immunofluorescent antisera to the fusion proteins in order to visually identify cells pathologies in humans.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*PARALLEL PROCESSING, \*LEARNING, CHAOS, COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, NETWORKS, MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY). DESCRIPTORS:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Tina(Time Invariant Noise Aigorithm). Muscarinic receptors, Catalytic networks, PE61102F, WUAFOSR231A1

24/7 4D-A264 223

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS INST FOR MATHEMATICS AND ITS APPLICATIONS Environmental Studies: Mathematical, Computational and Statistical Analyses.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul-31 Dec 92

34P MAR 93 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Friedman, Avner; Miller, Willard,

F49620-92-J-0410 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO.

TR-93-0317, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the stratospheric ozone-layer, global increase in carbon dioxide and other radiatively important trace gases, acid have now bridged the realms of academic research and societal applications. Mathematical modelling and large-scale data collection and analysis lie at the core of all improper disposal of toxic wastes have all been shown as pressing problems for the 1890's. Environmental studies Unfortunately, scientists, mathematicians, and engineers twentieth century, environmental protection has become a universal issue with world-wide support. Destruction of rain, urban smog 'water pollution of various types, and protection of the ozone-layer, climate change, regional environmental studies. Examples of such issues are the involves extremely complex interplay of many physical, chemical and even human interactions, mathematical pollution. While each of these environmental problems perturbing impact of direct environmental experiments, computational models become the prevalent tool in identifying, assessing and resolving these problems. and urban pollution, toxic waste disposal and water Because of the well-recognized highly intensive and As we enter the final decade of the analysis serves as the single unifying foundation. immersed in developing and applying environmental computational methods, statistical techniques and

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 223 CONTINUED

computational hardware advance with separate and often discordant paces. The Summer Program on Mathematical, Computational and Statistical Analyses in Environmental Studies was designed to provide a much needed interdisciplinary forum for joint exploration of recent advances in the formulation and application of (A) environmental models, (B) environmental data and data assimilation, (C) stochastic modeling and optimization, and (D) Global climate modeling.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ENVIRDNMENTAL PROTECTION, \*STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, \*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, ACID DEPOSITION, ACIDS, AEROSOLS, ASSIMILATION, ATMOSPHERICS, CARBON, CARBON DIOXIDE, CHEMICALS, CHEMISTRY, CLIMATE, CLOUD PHYSICS, CLOUDS, CORES, DESTRUCTION, DIOXIDES, DISPOSAL, DYNAMICS, ENGINERS, EQUATIONS, FLOW, FORMULATIONS, GLOBAL, HUMANS, IDENTIFICATION, IMPACT, INTERACTIONS, INVERSE SCATTERING, KINETICS, LAYERS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MEDIA, PROTECTION, QUANTITY, RAIN, SCALE, SCATTERING, SCIENTISTS, SMOG, STATISTICS, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, SUMMER, SYMPOSIA, THEORY, TIME, TIME SERIES ANALYSIS, TOOLS, TRACE GASES, WASTE DISPOSAL, WASTES, WATER, WATER, POLLUTION, WORKSHOPS, STATISTICAL SAMPLES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304BS.

AD-A264 162 21/4

ARIZONA UNIV TUCSON

(U) The Chronic Effects of JP-8 Jet Fuel Exposure on the Lungs.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 1 Apr 92-1 Apr 93

APR 93 1;

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Witten, Mark L.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0199

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0302, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

light microscopy. However, when light microscopy was performed on lung sections from rats exposed to JP-8 jet fuel for 7 and 28 days at the 'high' dose concentration, the evidence for injury to the alveolar-capillary barrie ISTRACT: (U) The second year of this project concentrated on using a 'high' dose of UP-8 jet fuel in our exposure regimen. We selected a target dose of approximately 1,000 mg/m3 based on a published epidemiological study conducted at NATO Air Force Bases that demonstrated jet fuel concentrations as high as 1, fuel (500 mg/m3) for one hour/day for 7 and 28 days did 'high' dose studies were exposed to an average of 813.8 Mg/m 3 for one hour/day for 7 and 28 days. In our overwhelming. In these rats, we observed red blood 020 mg/m3 during refueling operations. The rats in the not show any significant changes in lung structures by bronchial airways, and loss of epithelial cells in the alveoli. These findings were substantiated by electron microscopy which showed epithelial cells missing their previous work, a 'low' dose concentration of JP-8 jet cells in the alevolar air spaces, distortion of the alterations of type II alveolar epithelial ceils. basement membrane, airways devoid of cilia, and Nas

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BLOOD CELLS, \*JET ENGINE FUELS,

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

\*HISTAMINE, \*KIDNEYS, \*SPLEEN, ALVEOLI, BARRIERS, CILIA, DISTORTION, ELECTRON MICROSCOPY, WOUNDS AND INJURIES, LUNG, MEMBRANES, NATO, RATS, REFUELING, BLOCKING, CHEMICALS, ENZYMES, FUNCTIONS, HYDROCARBONS, IDENTITIES, LIVER, MICE, PERMEABILITY, PULMONARY FUNCTION, CONTINUED SENSITIVITY

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312AS, \*Red Blood IDENTIFIERS: (U)

8/4 AD-A264 117

23/1

(U) Intermediate Levels of Visual Processing. HARVARD COLL CAMBRIDGE MA

Annual rept. 1 Oct 91-30 Sep 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

85 SEP Nakuyama, Ken PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49820-92-J-0016 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO AFDSR, XC TR-93-0308, AFDSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

perceived depth in untextured stereograms which relies on the principle of generic image sampling. (2) Conducted experiments on visual search and visual texture segregation which show that early filter outputs are not which relies heavily on the importance identification of accessible to either of these two operations. (3) Discovered a new form of implicit memory which is uniquely shortlasting (approx 30 seconds) and which assists in enabling more speedy popout with repeated trials. (4) Developed a new theory of binocular vision (1) Developed a theory to explain half-occlusions.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*DEPTH, \*IMAGES, \*VISUAL PERCEPTION, FILTERS, IDENTIFICATION, OUTPUT, SAMPLING, TEXTURE, THEORY, VISION, PHOTOGRAPHIC TEXTURE, MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), STEREOSCOPIC DISPLAY SYSTEMS, EYE.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313A5, Binocular € IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 117

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

24/4 9/4 AD-A284 106

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY

Geochemical, Genetic, and Physiological Control of Pollutant Biodegradation. Ĵ

Annual rept. 30 Sep 81-29 Sep 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 82

Madsen, Eugene L.; Lion, Leonard W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0438 CONTRACT NO.

4 PROJECT NO. TASK NO.

2312

AFOSR, XC MONITOR

TR-93-0303, AFUSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

electron acceptors, electron donors, or inorganic or organic nutrients; and (4) PAHs may persist simply due to biodegradation of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) These and related compounds are among the chemicals whose PAHs persist at a site where freshwater sediments are fed environmental pollutants, these include: (1) the rate of delivery meets or exceeds the rate of biodegradation; (2) by PAH-contaminated ground water. Hypotheses to be tested conducted a prior, independent study that has shown that, the PAHs are not available to microbial populations due to sorption onto the sediment organic matter, complexation reactions with dissolved organic carbon, or the presence of preferred metabolic substrates or toxic or inhibitory substances, or by the lack of proper final utilize a combination of laboratory and field studies to (3) the microorganisms may be physiologically limited by despite the presence of PAH mineralizing microorganisms. restricted distribution and abundance of biodegradation identify physical, chemical, genetic, and physiological which prevents contact between PAHs and microorganisms; due to the physical arrangement of the sediment matrix address fundamental mechanisms for the persistence of environmental fate has been targeted by the U.S. Air The proposed research was designed to Force Bioenvironmental Research Program. We have influences that govern the accumulation and ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A284 108

Working in an iterative minner between field observations and controlled laboratory determinations, we intend to systematically test the above hypotheses and thus genes in naturally occurring microbial populations. By identify constraints on microbiological processes that mineralize PAHs (naphthalene and phenanthrene) at the field site. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*MICRODRGANISMS, \*AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, \*BIODETERIORATION, \*ACCUMULATION, POLLUTANTS, PHENANTHRENES, GEOCHEMISTRY, CONTAMINANTS, PHYSIOLOGY, NAPHTHALENES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A4, Blodegradation, Environmental fate, Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. 9 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 106

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/6.1 9/1 20/7 AD-A264 102

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LAB OF ELECTRONICS (U) Microwave Emission From Relativistic Electron Beams Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

188P APR 93

Bekeff, George PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0082C CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

ES TASK NO. AF0SR, XC TR-83-0309, AF0SR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

operate at 450 kV and a peak current of approximately 500 A. The advantage of this system over the previous one is our ability to operate at higher voltages and thus study the various coherent radiation mechanisms at considerably assembly of six focusing coils is designed so that their magnetic field lines lie along the zero-magnetic field electron trajectories. This field configuration gives the be varied over a wide range without greatly affecting the slectron beam temperature. Only the inner portion of the beam is used; an aperture limits the beam radius to r sub electron beam is presently generated by a thermionically emitting, electrostatically focused, Pierce-type electron gun (250 kV, 250 A) removed from a SLAC klystron. An b = 0.254 cm. Consequently, the net current available for the different experiments is in the range of 1-8 A. In addition to the above gun, we have recently procured from SLAC a brand-new, state of the art, electron gun that can of the experimental studies described below will be performed using our Physics International 815MR Pulserad least scalloping of the electron beam (low transverse temperature) and allows the magnetic field amplitude to Accelerator with a maximum voltage of 500 kV and peak currents of 4 kA and the 1.5MV, 30kA Pulserad 110A. The Below we summarize the various research activities. All Microwave Emission from Relativistic electron Beams. This is a continuation proposal on

CONTINUED AD-A264 102

shorter wavelengths.

THERMIONIC EMISSION, CYCLOTRONS, ELECTRON EMISSION, MASERS, ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION, PARTICLE ACCELERATORS, RADIANT INTENSITY, MAGNETIC FIELDS, COHERENT RADIATION, MAGNET COILS, SOLENOIDS, AIR FORCE RESEARCH. \*MICROWAVES, \*FREE ELECTRON LASERS, \*ELECTRON GUNS, \*LASER AMPLIFIERS, \*OPTICAL WAVEGUIDES, RESONANCE, \*ELECTRON BEAMS. DESCRIPTORS:

Wigglers € IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 102

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92 PAGE

**14155**F

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A264 100

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Enhanced Convergence Adaptive Detection.

DETECTORS, INVARIANCE, TARGETS, IAN NOISE. ADAPTIVE FILTERS.

CROSS SECTIONS, DETECTION, DETECTORS, INVARIANCE, TAK TEST AND EVALUATION, GAUSSIAN NOISE, ADAPTIVE FILTERS MATCHED FILTERS, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, SIGNAL PROCESSING,

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2304AB

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

CONVERGENCE.

COVARIANCE

ARRAYS,

\*TARGET DETECTION,

E

DESCRIPTORS: AD-A264 100

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DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb-30 Nov 81,

FEB 93

Steinhardt, Allan 0 PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0149 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0313, AFOSI. MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

theory of invariance in hypothesis testing. This involves calculating a low dimensional basis set of functions called the maximal invariant, the statistics of which are often tractable to obtain, thereby making analysis feasible and facilitating the search for tests with some structure into likelihooc procedures. Such approaches are (1) intractable, requiring iterative solution, (2) not CFAR, and (3) not optimal. We have approached this covariance case and show that the Kelly and AMF detectors to the number of unknown parameters). This problem arises with large arrays, and/or low cross section targets. Past problems in a reduced dimensional space by exploiting the techniques for addressing this problem incorporated prior concerned with devising means of obtaining reliable detection with a small number of samples (small relative matrices, we gain some insights and propose several new targets using an array of active sensors. We have been optimality property. Using this approach, we obtain a locally most powerful test for the unstructured form an algebraic span for any invariant detector. Applying the same framework to structured covariance We addressed the problem of detecting introduce a framework for exploring array detection problem using group symmetries. Specifically, we detectors which are shown to outperform existing AD-A284 100

AD-A264 100

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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AD-A284 099

DESCRIPTORS:

6/1 AD-A264 099 TEXAS A AND M UNIV COLLEGE STATION DEPT OF BIOLOGY

(U) Melatonin, The Pineal Gland and Circadian Rhythms

Annual rept. 1 Mar 92-30 Apr 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, \*HORMONES, \*PINEAL GLAND, \*SENSITIVITY, CONTROL, COUPLINGS, EVE, FUNCTIONS, HYPOTHESES, INTERACTIONS, LIGHT, LOCOMOTION, MANMALS, MELATONIN, NUCLEI, OSCILLATORS, OUTPUT, PATTERNS, PHOTORECEPTORS, RAIS, SECRETION, SLEEP, SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM, SYNTHESIS, TEMPERATURE CONTROL, PHASE, TEST AND EVALUATION, PHASE STUDIES.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312CS, Melatonin

€

IDENTIFIERS: sensitivity

22P APR 92 Cassone, Vincent M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0244 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0308, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

indicated that pineal melatonin feeds back on SCN rhythmicity to modulate circadian patterns of activity and other processes. However, the nature and system-level activity rhythms are severely disrupted in LL. These data published work indicates that while pinealectomy does not the SCN which serve as 'master pacemakers' in the control photoreceptors located in the hypothalamic suprachiasmatic nuclei (SCN), the pineal gland and the eyes. In mammals, circadian organization is dominated by affect rat circadian rhythms in LD or DD, wheel-running of a wide array of behavioral and physiological rhythms circadian synthesis and secretion of the pineal hormone melatonin which relies on a multi-synaptic pathway via the sympathetic nervous system to maintain and entrain suggest that either (1) pineal feed back regulates the coupling among circadian oscillators within the SCN or including locomotion, sleep/wake, thermoregulation, cardiovascular function and many endocrine processes. Among the rhythms under SCN control in mammals is the Amniote circadian organization derives significance of this feed-back is unknown. Recently light sensitivity of the SCN and/or (2) it affects rhythmicity in this hormone. Several studies have laboratory is currently addressing each of these between the SCN and its output. Research in our from the interaction circadian oscillator and ABSTRACT:

AD-A264 099

hypotheses

AD-A264 099

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

20/12 7/2 AD-A264 098

QUMBS ASSOCIATES INC EAST BRUNSWICK NU

Ultrafast, Passive, Broad-Band, Optical Shutter Based on Novel Semiconductor/Conducting Polymer Interfaces.

Final rept. 15 Jan-15 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

92 DEC Chandrasekhar, P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49820-82-C-0040 CONTRACT NO.

1602 PROJECT NO

5 LASK NO.

TR-93-0301, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

efficiencies at 532 nm, calculated as Delta OD= OD(laser)-OD(rest), of between 0.3 and 0.6 at pulse energies as low as 0.1-1.0 mJ/pulse (7 mm beam). Tests with CdSe, AlSb yielded similar Delta OD values. Tests with single crystal CdSe did not yield promising results. The conclusion appears to be that much additional work is obtained from interfacing inorganic semiconductors to conducting polymers, which then switch on activation by a high intensity radiation source in the ultrafast regime, Se/P(DPA) interfaces were prepared and yielded switching needed, especially on a scientific level probing the The project sought to implement a new physical aspects of the phenomenon, before practical technology for a novel solid state optical shutter devices can become feasible. 3 ABSTRACT:

ELECTRONICS, \*ELECTROOPTICS, ACTIVATION, CRYSTALS, HIGH INTENSITY, INTERFACES, LASERS, POLYMERS, RADIATION, SEMICONDUCTORS, SINGLE CRYSTALS, TEST AND EVALUATION, INORGANIC MATERIALS, CADMIUM SELENIDES, CHEMICAL \*OPTICAL SWITCHING, \*SOLID STATE PROPERTIES, CHARGE TRANSFER, SYNTHESIS (CHEMISTRY).

PE63218C, WUAFOSR160201, Optical shutter, Antimonide/aluminum. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD A264 098

AD-A264 097

FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VMF and Electric Fields Measurements E

Annual rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

92

Thomson, Even M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0093 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0305, AF0SR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

developed, additional remote calibration signals were added, and new sensor amplifiers were implemented so that we could record the derivative of the electric field, dE/dt. These improvements enabled us to increase our bandwidth from 3.5 MHz to 7 MHz and to record sharper The network established in 1991 to measure 1992. New microprocessor-controlled remote controls were electric fields in a 600 Hz to 3.5 MHz 3dB bandwidth at data on close lightning. Meteorological data were also five stations at Kennedy Space Center was enhanced in storms formed over our network and provided excellent During the week of August 17-25 several days worth of signals (dE/dt) that allow better location accuracy. obtained for these storms. ABSTRACT:

PHYSICS, ACCURACY, AMPLIFIERS, BANDWIDTH, CALIBRATION, METEOROLOGICAL DATA, MICROPROCESSORS, REMOTE CONTROL, SIGNALS, STORMS, VERY HIGH FREQUENCY, WEATHER STATIONS. \*ELECTRIC FIELDS, \*LIGHTNING, \*CLOUD € DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2310CS IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A264 097

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

TEXAS UNIV HEALTH SCIENCE CENTER AT SAN ANTONIO 6/7 AD-A284 096

(U) Investigation of Laser-Induced Retinal Damage

Annual rept. 1 Apr 92-31 Mar 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

7 APR 93 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Glickman, Randolph D.; Lam, Kwok-Wai

UTHSCSA-0PH-83-01 REPORT NO.

AF0SR-91-0208 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO AF0SR, XC TR-93-0304, AF0SR MONITOR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

resulting from photosensitizers and free radicals activated by the light exposure. Welanin, in the retinal pigment epithelial (RPE) cells, during illumination formed a free radical that rapidly oxidized ascorbic acid thermal damage was also started initial results suggested following laser-induced thermal stress in RPE cells. This dehydro-L-ascorbic acid (DHA), and are able to reduce DHA photochemical damage. Development of assays indicative of cells have a high capacity for utilizing AA; the cells have different transporters for AA and its oxidized form In these studies. Light-activated melanin was also shown Laser-induced damage in ocular tissue was damage was identified by evidence of exidative reactions to react with linoleic acid, a model lipid. Thus, in the that extrace]]ular potassium ion concentration increased change was hypothesized to result from damage to sodium-Laser bioeffects, Photochemical, Thermal, Photooxidation to AA. The kinetics of these transporters were measured potassium ionic pumps in the cell's plasma membrane.... characterize cellular damage mechanisms. Photochemical (AA). This specific reaction may safely direct excess photons into a chain of coupled redox reactions. RPE initiate lipid peroxidation, a known concomitant of absence of sufficient AA, the melanin radical may studied with biochemical measures designed to ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A264 096 Melanin, Ascorbic acid, Linoleic acid.

ILLUMINATION, KINETICS, LIGHT, LINDLEIC ACID, LIPIDS, MELANIN, MODELS, PHOTONS, PIGMENTS, THERMAL STRESSES, PHOTORECEPTORS, EYE. FREE RADICALS \*OXIDATION REDUCTION REACTIONS. DAMAGE, ASCORBIC ACID, CELLS(BIOLOGY) E DESCRIPTORS:

JENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Retinal damage, HPCE(High Performance Capillary Electrophoresis), Photooxidation IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 096

AD-A264 098

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A264 092 12/9 8/2

NEW YORK UNIV MEDICAL CENTER NY

(U) Computing with Neural Maps: Application to Perceptual and Cognitive Function.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Jul 92,

MAR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Schwartz, Eric L

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0275

PROJECT NO. 2313, 2305

TASK NO. A8, B3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0315, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

problems in motor control, attention, space-variant image used in the application of a space-variant active vision system, described below. It has been demonstrated that stereo fusion limits, such as Panum's fusional area, scale in a manner which is determined by the size of a cortical hypercolumn, and the local value of cortical magnification factor, supporting a model in which stereo disparity is computed by a local correlational operator defined on the span of a single pair of ocular dominance topographic cortical maps have led to important insights attentional space as a two dimensional map have led to a systems. A prototype space-variant active vision system has been constructed, with funds for hardware support classification problems have been developed. Models for concerning the use of neuronal map data structures for have begun to studied. One book has been published in this project period: Computational Neuroscience, Eric model of visual attention which has been successfully and space-variant pattern classification, into the pattern level description of these cortical the solution of perceptual, attentional and pattern visual attention, based on the representation of an columns. Methods for numerically modeling conformal In this report, a series of studies from DARPA, and a number of difficult algorithmic Schwartz, MIT Press (1990) Willch presented the processing,

AD-A264 092 CONTINUED

proceedings of an earlier conference which introduced the term 'Computational Neuroscience' into its current widespread use... Visual cortex, Vision, Pattern recognition, Active vision.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PATTERN RECOGNITION, \*CONFORMAL MAPPING, \*TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS, \*COMPUTER VISION, CLASSIFICATION, CONTROL, IMAGE PROCESSING, IMAGES, MAGNIFICATION, MODELS, MAPS, MOTORS, PATTERNS, PROTOTYPES, SCALE, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VALUE, VISION, VISUAL CORTEX, COMPUTATIONS, VISUAL PERCEPTION, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, COGNITION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2313A8, WUAFOSR2305B3, \*Neural maps.

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

**6** 12/6 AD-A264 071

CONTINUED AD-A264 071

> NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL AND TECHNICAL STATE UNIV GREENSBORD

WUAFDSR2305B1, PEB1102F. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

> Applications of Error Correcting Codes in Fault-Tolerant Logic-Design for VLSI Circuits. Ê

Final rept. 1 Jun 89-14 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

689 AUG 92 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lala, P. K.; Martin, H. L.

F49620-89-C-0069 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

<u>-</u> TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0300, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

modifications as used in the currently popular scan-based codes in self-checking and fault-tolerant logic design has been receiving considerable attention in recent years. checking capability. We also proposed a technique which allows detection of single, and up to three bits of multi circuit rather than its internal complexity. A technique for implementing fully testable sequential circuits from their specifications has also been proposed. This technique eliminates the post-design circuit the major advantage of this technique is that the error detecting capability depends on the output bits of a developed a technique based on low-cost residue code to investigation in the application of such codes. We have design arbitrary combinational logic circuits with self The use of error detecting/correcting In this report we present the results of our techniques.

\*ERROR CORRECTION CODES, ATTENTION, CIRCUITS, COSTS, DETECTION, ERRORS, FAULTS, INTERNAL, LOGIC, LOW COSTS, MODIFICATION, OUTPUT, RESIDUES, SPECIFICATIONS, FAULT TOLERANCE, VERY LARGE SCALE INTEGRATION. \*DESIGN CRITERIA, \*LOGIC CIRCUITS, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A264 071

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSE DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/3 AD-A284 062 MARYLAND UNIV BALTIMORE

Some Statistical Inference Problems in Linear Models and Variance Components Models and Their Applications.

Final rept. 1 Jan 89-31 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR

Mathew, Thomas PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-89-0237 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

ES TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0312, AF0SR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the articles that were completed under the grant are on the following topics: (1) improved nonnegative estimation of variance components. (2) exact and/or optimum tests for applications in all areas where the mixed model methodology is used and the applications are highlighted in in most of the articles that were written based on the for the fixed effects, and (3) exact and/or optimum tests univariate and multivariate linear models having effects. for variance components. The results have the potential statistical inference problems in the context of The proposal dealt with several problems in the proposal.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*STATISTICAL INFERENCE, \*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, GRANTS, METHODOLOGY, MODELS, TEST AND EVALUATION, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304ES, Univariate analysis, \*Linear Analysis. IDENTIFIERS:

6/11 AD-A264 061

WAYNE STATE UNIV DETROIT MI

(U) Bioenvironmental Hazards and DNA Repair

Final rept. 15 Jun 90-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 93

٥ Smith, P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0289 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0310, AF0SR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

repair mechanism in organisms is excision repair and evidence has accumulated that these mechanisms are highly conserved. Using the fruit fly as a eukaryotic model, we undertook the molecular cloning of excision repair genes on the basis of their potential structural and functional and the human ERCC-2 genes, the polymerase chain reaction was used to recover a Drosophila cognate sequence. Using our CDNA library as template, a single NA band was genes in yeast. cDNA libraries were constructed from mRNA vector, pYES 2.0, and subsequently used to rescue a yeast which humans respond to exposure of their cellular genes to toxic chemicals in the environment. The principal DNA does have a RAD3 cognate but it was not represented in a isolated from Drosophila embryos in a yeast expression functional cognate Drosophila gene was recovered. On the basis of conserved DNA sequence between the yeast RAD3 functional form in our cDNA library to allow rescue of rad3 mutant strain, known to be defective in excision identified. We interpret this to mean that Drosophila Information is needed on mechanisms by similarity to the well-characterized excision repair equivalents were screened for complementation, no repair. Although the equivalent of four genome

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*TOXICOLOGY, \*DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, CHAIN REACTIONS, CHEMICALS, DROSOPHILA, EMBRYOS, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

the rad3 mutant strain

AD - A284 061

AD-A264 062

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

ENVIRONMENTS, EXCISION, GENES, HUMANS, HAZARDOUS MATERIALS, REPAIR, SEQUENCES, TEMPLATES, YEASTS.

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AD-A264 061

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312AS, Sloenvironmental hazards. Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

20/14 9/1 AD-A264 060

COLLEGE PARK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL MARYLAND UNIV ENGINEERING (U) Improved Design Concepts for Millimeter Wave Power Sources.

15 Mar 92-14 Mar 93 Final rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**23**p MAR 93

Granatstein, V. L.; Guo, H.; Carmel, Y. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0142 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

ES

TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0311, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

implementation of mode selective interaction circuits. The proof-of-principle cold test results of such circuitry have recently been obtained indicating that the This progress report summerize's the work harmonic, inverted gyro-twistron, known as The phigtron combines a subharmonic gyroto March 14, 1883. In the past year, we have designed a Power Sources, ' covering the period from March 15, 1892 higher phase-locking gain and wider bandwidth than the two cavity phase-locked gyroklystron oscillator. The efficient and stable of operation of this phase-locked done on 'Improved Design concepts for Millimeter Wave IMT amplifier input section with a gyroklystron type output cavity. The phigtron is expected to reach much feasible. The construction of the phigtron hot test technical realization of this research concept is harmonic gyrotron will be obtained through the laboratory facility is now actively proceeding. the phigtron. phase-locked,

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*GYROTRONS, \*MILLIMETER WAVES, AMPLIFIERS, BANDWIDTH, CAVITIES, CIRCUITS, GAIN, HARMONICS, INTERACTIONS, OSCILLATORS, POWER, TEST AND EVALUATION, DESIGN CRITERIA, KLYSTRONS, SECONG HARMONIC ELECTRON BEAMS. GENERATION, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A264 060

AD-A264 081

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/8 AD-A264 056

NEW YORK UNIV MEDICAL CENTER NY

Phigtron.

3

IDENTIFIERS: AD-A264 060

CONTINUED

(U) Computing With Neural Maps: Application to Perceptual and Cognitive Function.

Annual rept. 1 Aug 90-30 Jul 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAR 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Schwartz, Eric L.

AF0SR-88-0275 CONTRACT NO.

2313, 2305 PROJECT NO.

A8. B3 TASK NO.

TR-93-0314, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

space-variant active vision system, described below. Also, image level models of the mapping of ocular dominance and orientation column systems at the level of primary visual determined by the size of a cortical hypercolumn, and the computed by a local correlational operator defined on the which we term the 'protocolumn algorithm', which provides motor control, attention, space-variant image processing, and space-variant pattern classification, have begun to DARPA, and a number of difficult algorithmic problems in it has been demonstrated that stereo fusion limits, such as Panum's fusional area, scale in a manner which is which has been successfully used in the application of a space-variant active vision system. An initial prototype Models for visual attention, based on the system has been constructed under hardware support from dimensional map have led to a model of visual attention studied. .. Visual cortex, Vision, Pattern recognition, project have reached fruition in the construction of a local value of cortical magnification factor. This in cortex. Finally, many of the ideas developed in this span of a single pair of ocular dominance columns A generalized image warp technique has been developed. turn supports the notion that steneo disparity is representation of an attentional space as a two Active vision.

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A264 056

\*PATTERN RECOGNITION, \*VISUAL

PERCEPTION, AIR, ATTENTION, CLASSIFICATION, CONSTRUCTION, CONTROL, IMAGE PROCESSING, IMAGES, MAGNIFICATION, MAPPING, MAPS, MODELS, MOTORS, NUMBERS, PATTERNS, PROCESSING, PROTOTYPES, RECOGNITION, SCALE, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VALUE, VISION, VISUAL CORTEX, COGNITION. AIR, DESCRIPTORS:

\*Neural Maps, PEG1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A264 015

FLORIDA STATE UNIV TALLAHASSEE DEPT OF STATISTICS

(U) Easy-to-Apply Results for Establishing Convergence of Markov Chains in Bayesian Analysis.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

FEB 93

Athreya, Krishna B.; Doss, Hani; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Sethuraman, Jayaram

FSU-TR-884

REPORT NO.

DAAL03-90-G-0103, AF0SR-90-0202 CONTRACT NO.

27868.28-MA, TR-10, ARD ARO, AFOSR, XA MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with Iowa State University, Department of Statistics, Ames, Iowa. Sponsored in part by grant NSF-DMS82-04938 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

distribution. We give two carefully stated theorems, whose conditions are easy to verify, that establish this convergence. We give versions of our conditions which are simpler to verify for the Markov chains that arise most The Markov chain simulation method has become a powerful computational method in Bayesian analysis. The success of this method depends on the convergence of the Markov chain to its stationary commonly in Bayesian analysis... Bayesian Poisson regression; Calculation of posterior distributions; Ergodic theorem; Markov chain simulation method. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHAINS, \*CONVERGENCE, \*MARKOV PROCESSES, DISTRIBUTION, PROBABILITY, SIMULATION STATIONARY, THEOREMS. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Markov chains ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

UNCLASSIFIED

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

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AD-A263 607

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AD-A263 607 9/1 9/5 11/4

MATERIALS RESEARCH SOCIETY PITTSBURGH PA

(U) Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings Held in Boston, Massachusetts on 4-8 December 1991. Low Temperature (LT) GaAs and Related Materials. Volume 24.

COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CRYSTALS, SILICON, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, MOLECULAR BEANS, INDIUM PHOSPHIDES, WAFERS, SPECTROSCOPY, ELECTRON PARAMAGNETIC RESONANCE, QUANTUM WELLS, PHOTODIODES, FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Optoelectronic devices.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Sep 91-14 Sep 82.

SEP 92 311P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Witt, Gerald L.; Calawa, Robert; Mishra, Umesh; Weber, Eicke

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0399

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. C1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0181, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 240, AD-A262 531.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

ABSTRACT: (U) The response to this symposium, less than two years later, accurately reflects the increasing avareness of the rich combination of fundamental materials science and electronic optoelectronic applications that are at play in the subject. The gradual and incomplete understanding of the basic mechanisms responsible for the remarkable properties of these materials have produced a confusion of names. At the time of planning for this symposium the organizers attempted to select a suitable name, one reflecting the understanding to date. However, events would have it otherwise. The then common phrase low temperature of LT GaAs was adopted reluctantly. In doing so, it was realized that this phrase is misleading and inaccurate. More appropriate are two other phrases used in these proceedings. GaAs with arsenic precipitates or GaAsAs and low temperature grown or LTG GaAs. This issue of terminology remains to be resolved.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*GALLIUM ARSENIDES, \*SEMICONDUCTORS, SYMPOSIA, LOW TEMPERATURE, ARSENIC, OPTICS, ELECTRONICS,

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A283 418 20/2 11/4 1/4 <u>~</u> AD-A283 418

MAIERIALS RESEARCH SOCIFTY PITTSBURGH PA

WUAF0SR2306B1, PE61102F CONTINUED

(U) Wide Band-Gap Semiconductors. 1991 Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Sep 91-14 Sep 92,

8100 SEP 92 Ballance, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0411 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-83-0180, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

mixtures; Deposition of flame grown diamond films in a controlled atmosphere; Sequential growth of high quality diamond films from hydrocarbon and hydrogen gases; Diamond growth from sputtered atomic carbon and hydrogen gas; The CVD diamond nucleation mechanism on Si overlaid diamond surface chemistry and diamond-metal interfaces; diffusion barrier in microwave plasma assisted chemical Selective nucleation of diamond crystals on the apex of silicon pyramids; and Effect of laser irradiation on Chemical vapor deposition of diamond films using water alcohol:organic-acid solutions; Remote ECR plasma vapor deposition of diamond on iron based substrates; Topics include: Theoretical studies of Growth technique for large area mosaic diamond films; With sp2 carbon; and investigation into the use of a deposition of dismond thin films from water-methanol carbon-implanted copper substrates ABSTRACT:

CARBIDES, NUCLEATION, CRYSTALS, \*DIAMONDS, SYMPOSIA, CARBIDES, NUCLEATION, CRYSTALS, ELECTRONS, ATOMIC PROPERTIES, CATHODOLUMINESCENCE, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, ZINC SELENIDES, TANTALUM, CARBON, NITRIDES, BORON NITRIDES, BORON ENTIFFED. DESCRIPTORS: (U) GROWTH SUBSTANCES,

\*Wide band gap, Chalcopyrites,

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CAMBRIDGE HYDRODYNAMICS INC PRINCETON NJ AD-A263 145

Reconstruction, Enhancement, and Visualization. Development of a New Technique for Image 3

Final rept. 15 Apr 90-14 Oct 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 93

Orszag, Steven A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-90-C-0028 CONTRACT NO.

TR-83-0255, AFUSR AFOSR. MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DTIC and NTIS reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

the surface information is given on a uniform grid, the surface is best described by a set of contour plotting routines that exploit the GL graphics libraries both in a soild as well as a wire-mesh framework; (2) if the to a uniform grid. Numerous examples are given which show advantages of these methods for specific applications enhancement, Edge enhancement, Surface mapping, Delaunay reconstructing a surface, both analytically and visually been extensively addressed in this work. Various algorithms have been developed, tested, and compared and sophisticate graphics computer, or by interpolation back the several conclusions have been reached. They are: (1) if surface information is given on a non-uniform grid, the surface can be described by Delaunay triangulation, a Irlangulation, Image reconstruction, Image The problem of describing and triangulation. ABSTRACT: the

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ALGORITHMS, \*SURFACE ANALYSIS, \*IMAGE INTENSIFICATION, AUGMENTATION, COMPUTERS, CONTOURS, EDGES, GRIDS, IMAGES, INTERPOLATION, LIBRARIES, MAPPING, MESH, PLOTTING, SOLIDS, SURFACES, TRIANGULATION, WIRE, COMPUTER DESCRIPTORS:

13/7 AD-A263 049

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF AERONAUTICS

(U) Flow Phenomena in Turbomachines

AND ASTRONAUTICS

Final technical rept. 20 Oct 89-19 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 93

:RSONAL AUTHORS: Creitzer, E. M.; Epstein, A. H.; Giles, M. B.; McCune, J. E.; Tan, C. S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0035 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-93-0194, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the Gas Turbine Laboratory at MIT during the period 10/20/89 - 10/19/92, as part of our multi-investigator effort on basic unsteady flow phenomena in turbomachines. Within instabilities in Multistage Axial Compressors; IV. Vortex Wake-Compressor Blade Interaction in Cascades: A New the overall project four separate tasks are specified. These are, in brief: (1) The Influence of Inlet Temperature Noruniformities on Turbine Heat Transfer and Dynamics; (2) Assessment of Unsteady Losses in Stator/ Rotor Interactions; (3) Unsteady Phenomena and Flowfield This report describes work carried out at Rapid Method for Unsteady Separation and Vorticity Flux Calculations.

XXE TURBINES, HEAT TRÂNSFER, INLETS, INTERACTIONS, LABORATORIES, LOSSES, MECHANICS, ROTORS, SEPARATION, STABILITY, STATORS, TEMPERATURE, TRANSFER, TURBINES, FLOW FIELDS, AXIAL FLOW, VORTICES, CASCADES(FLUID \*TURBOMACHINERY COMPRESSOR BLADES, DYNAMICS, FLUID MECHANICS, GAS \*UNSTEADY FLOW, DYNAMICS), AERODYNAMICS 3 DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) Computational fluid mechanics. Transonic compressors, PE61102F, WUAFDSR2307DS. 9 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A283 049

AD-A263 145

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/6 20/13 11/4 AD-A263 048 NORTHWESTERN UNIV EVANSTON IL DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

(U) Tailored Interfaces for Metal-Matrix Composites-Fundamental Considerations. Final technical rept. 1 Oct 88-30 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 93

Fine, Morris E.; Weertman, Julia R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0043 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO. MONITOR:

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TASK NO.

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TR-93-0190, AFDSR AFOSR, XC

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

substantial increase in strength and modulus but a reduction in ductility. Like steel, parts could be formed in the ductile state and then heat treated to increase hardness and modulus. At still higher temperatures, Al recrystallize at the interface forming semicoherent boundaries and to a high level of metallic binding between Al and II in IiC. On holding at 640 C the kinetics of the reaction, 13Al + 3TiC - A14C3 + 3Al3Ti, is rapid enough to be observed. This reaction leads to a received from Dow Chemical Corp.: Mg-6% Zn with SiC, Mg-8% Ce-1% Mn with SiC, Mg-8% Al-1% Zn with SiC, and Mg-8% interface and the phases in the composite, nature of the metal matrix composites. Thermodynamic stability of the resolution electron microscopy showed a sharp interface investigate the interface properties nee or successful reaction occurs. Four Mg alloy matrix composites were and TiC are the thermodynamically stable phases so no composite is remarkably ductile even at 15 vol.% TIC loading. This attributed to the ability of the Al to The objective of this research was to bonding across the interface, and the energy and structure of the interface were studied. With TiC dispersed in Al prepared by the XD process, atomic with large areas of partial coherence. The Al-TiC

CONTINUED AD-A263 048 A1-1% Zn with A1203. All particle matrix interfaces appeared to be incoherent. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*INTERFACES, \*METAL MATRIX COMPOSITES, ALLOYS, ALUMINUM, BONDING, BOUNDARIES, CARBIDES, CHEMICALS, COHERENCE, DUCTILITY, ELECTRON MICROSCOPY, ENERGY, HARDNESS, HEAT, KINETICS, PARTICLES, PHASE, REDUCTION, SILICON CARBIDES, SPINEL, STABILITY, STEEL, STRUCTURES, TEMPERATURE, THERMODYNAMICS, TITANIUM, DISPERSIONS, RECRYSTALLIZATION, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, MAGNESIUM ALLOYS. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) Metal matrix composites, Interfaces, Aluminum matrix, Magnesium matrix, Titanium carbide, Spinel, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A1, Atomic resolution, XD Process. DENTIFIERS:

AD-A263 048

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A262 892 20/2 7/2 11/4 11/2

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK MATERIALS RESEARCH LAB (U) Crystallization of Nanocomposite Glasses Made by the SSG Process.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 15 Nov 91-31 Dec 92,

UAN 93 65

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Roy, Rustum; Komarneni, Sridhar

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0448

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0177, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The two main objectives of this research were: (a) to crystallize nanocomposite glasses through solid-state epitaxy and (b) to demonstrate the critical role of epitaxy in crystallization by fabricating sol-gel

folder or springly in critical and folder of a particular socied at the last three years we have been able to achieve both these goals using several compositional systems. We have been able to crystallize

through seeding albite (NaAlSi308) glass which has been considered to be impossible to crystallize. Orthoclase (KAISi308) which is extremely difficult to crystallize has also been crystallized using a compositionally multiphasic gel and crystalline seeds of KAISi308, NaAlSi308, CaAI2Si208 and SrAI2Si208 feldspars. Monoclinic BaAI2Si208 has been crystallized at

Manistrate, Carizzione and Strikstone intropers.
Monocitific Baaizsi208 has been crystallized at significantly lower temperatures by seeding with monocitific Baaizsi208 or Staizsi208 seeds. The effect of seeding has been minor or could not be detected in other glass systems such as Li20-Ai203-Si02, Rb20-Ai203-Si02 and Cs20-Ai203-Si02. Little or no effect of seeding was found in non-oxide glasses such as silicon oxycarbide glasses. The role of epitaxy in crystallization has been demonstrated convincingly by making dense, epitaxial

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AD-A262 892 CONTINUED

and TiO2 of a particular orientation. The nanocomposite approach which has been discovered and developed through AFOSR support to us is now a well established practice the world over.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CRYSTALLIZATION, \*GLASS, \*COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CRYSTALS, GELS, OXIDES, SEEDING, SEEDS, SILICON, SINGLE CRYSTALS, SOLIDS, SUBSTRATES, TEMPERATURE, THIN FILMS, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, SODIUM, POTASSIUM, ALUMINUM, OXYGEN, CALCIUM, STRONTIUM, BARIUM, LITHIUM, RUBIDIUM, CESIUM, TITANIUM.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3, \*SSG(Solution Sol-Gel), Nanocomposites, \*Solution sol-gel, Oxycarbides.

SrTi03 and Ti02 thin films on single crystals of SrTi03

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 20/10 1/4 20/5 AD-A262 891

(U) Development of Germanium-Silicon Growth Technology.

CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA

Annual rept. 1 Feb 92-31 Jan 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

₹ FEB 93 Greve, D. W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

2305 PROJECT NO.

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TASK NO.

AFOSR, MONITOR:

TR-93-0165, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

identification of growth parameters for experiments which will be performed in the next year. Structures have been grown using ultrahigh vacuum chemical vapor deposition and have been characterized with X-ray diffraction, SIMS, RBS, and photoluminescence. Infrared response has been observed in some structures Characterization performed to date has permitted the The growth of heterojunction internal photoemission detectors and multiple quantum well detectors for the far-infrared has been explored. 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*GERMANIUM, \*SILICON, \*EPITAXIAL GROWTH, DEPOSITION, DETECTORS, FAR INFRARED RADIATION, HETEROJUNCTIONS, IDENTIFICATION, INTERNAL, PARAMETERS, PHOTOELECTRIC EMISSION, PHOTOLUMINESCENCE, QUANTUM WELLS, STRUCTURES, VAPOR DEPOSITION, X RAY DIFFRACTION, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, ULTRAHIGH VACUUM WAFERS, BORON DESCRIPTORS:

SIMS(Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry), RBS(Rutherford Backscattering Spectroscopy). TOENTIFIERS:

12/8 12/5 AD-A262 890

CAMBRIDGE MA HARVARD UNIV (U) Theory and Applications Of Neural Networks.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 89-28 Feb 92,

Brockett, Roger PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0506 CONTRACT NO. AFOSR, XC TR-83-0185, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

they have shown, how basic subsystems can provide the building blocks that are capable of accounting for the operations that they see being performed by biological and digital computers. More specifically, they have shown problems of the type that shows up in the neural network literature. A key idea here is that of all adaptive subspace filter - a general model for nonlinear filtering differential equation whose trajectories define rules for solving problems in curve fitting, interpolation, etc. The work has addressed the use of analog computation dimensional orthogonal group generates effective means for solving a variety of combinatorial and linear algebra predictions about the speed of convergence which then can be compared with the performance of natural systems. They mode) not only allows one to study global convergence in of the type seen in various cognitive applications. This methods for optimization as well as sorting, quantizing interest in neural computing is that it may be possible to develop new computational paradigms that will make robust. The means for doing so usually, involves usually involves setting up some universal difference or have shown that some of the earlier analog models for etc. Using a simple, but powerful, mathematical model important aspects of programing both simple and more a precise way, but it allows one to make analytical One of the main ideas underlying the that a certain class oof gradient flows on the n sorting can be interpreted as conditions density propagators.

\*COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, \*NEURAL NETS 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A262 891

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A262 890

FITTING, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, DIGITAL COMPUTERS, INTERPOLATION, LINEAR ALGEBRA, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, NETWORKS, OPTIMIZATION, SORTING, THEORY, COMPUTER LOGIC, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING, STATISTICAL PROCESSES, ALGORITHMS, LEARNING MACHINES, CURVE COMPUTATIONS, \*ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE. COGNITION, IMAGE PROCESSING

PE61101E 3 TOENTIFIERS:

AD-A262 888

20/6

ANDOVER MA PHYSICAL SCIENCES INC

(U) Energy Transfer Studies in Interhalogen Molecules.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Aug 89-19 Nov 92,

JAN 93

Davis, S. J.; Holtzclaw, K. W.; Kessler, W. J.; Piper, L. G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

PSI-1085/TR-1237 REPORT NO. F49620-89-C-0101 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0167, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

collision partners. We have also obtained preliminary data on V-I relaxation within the ground electronic state of IF. Preliminary results of an optically-pumped HF processes in interhalogen molecules that have potential for visible chemical laser development. Spectrally resolved laser induced fluorescence is used to determine rotation-to-translation (R-I) and vibration-to-This program is examining energy transfer translation (V-T) rate coefficients. In this report we compare several fitting laws for R-T transfer to data obtained for IF and IC1 interactions with several laser are also presented. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHEMICAL LASERS, \*MOLECULAR ROTATION, \*MOLECULAR VIBRATION, ELECTRONIC STATES, ELECTRONICS, EMISSION, ENERGY TRANSFER, EXCITATION, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LASERS, MOLECULES, RELAXATION, ROTATION, TRANSFER, TRANSLATIONS, VIBRATION, IODINE COMPOUNDS, KINETICS, GROUND STATE, OPTICAL PROPERTIES. DESCRIPTORS:

Laser excitation, Amplified spontaneous emission, Iodine fluoride, Iodine chloride. 9 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

9/8 AD-A262 887

NEW YORK MICROELECTRONICS SCIENCE LAB COLUMBIA UNIV

Selective Processing Techniques for Electronics and Opto-Electronic Applications: Quantum-Well Devices and Integrated Optic Circuits. E

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Jul 92-14 Jan 93

FEB 92

Ş Osgood, Richard M., PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49820-92-J-0414, \$\$DARPA Order-6321 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0166, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ISTRACT: (U) During this period, significant headway has been made on the key contract objectives. Several novel integrated optical devices have been demonstrated, and simulation of new devices is guiding further experiments. Our low-damage cryogenic etching technique has-been demonstrated to be suitable for sub-micron patterning, and applied to device fabrication. Finally, light-induced wet-etching techniques have been used in several new and important areas of application.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*QUANTUM WELLS, \*QPTICAL CIRCUITS, CONTRACTS, COUPLERS, CRYOGENICS, DAMAGE, ELECTRONICS, ETCHING, FABRICATION, FILTERS, LASERS, LIGHT, OPTICS, SEMICONDUCTORS, SIMULATION. DESCRIPTORS:

Star couplers, Semiconductor lasers, IR Filters, Isolators, Integrated optics, Anisotropic etching, InP. Wavelength, Filters, Quantum wells Via etching optical wave simulation. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A262 739

20/2 11/8

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ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA BOARD OF TRUSTEES

(U) International Conference on Martensitic Transformations (ICOMAT 92).

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Sep 91-31 Dec 92,

MAR 93 .

Wayman, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0380 CONTRACT NG.

2308 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR

TR-93-0199, AFUSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

transformations and related phenomena, such as shape memory and superelasticity effects, in various ferrous and non-ferrous alloys for 41 years after graduation from a university in 1951. Main research results obtained by his group in the recent 41 years are introduced referring to those by other researchers, and unsolved problems are discussed. Then, future research subjects and their solvable techniques are surveyed with a little dogmatic The author has studied the martensitic ABSTRACT: × = 0×

\*MARTENSITE, \*TRANSFORMATIONS, SYMPOSIA, ABSTRACTS, ATOMS, NICKEL, TITANIUM ALLOYS, SOLITONS, TWINNING(CRYSTALLOGRAPHY), PLUTONIUM ALLOYS, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, NIOBIUM ALLOYS, COPPER, ZINC, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, IRON, ALUMINUM, PALLADIUM, BORON HEAT, COBALT, NUCLEATION, SPINODAL DECOMPOSITION, AUSTENITE, MANGANESE, STABILIZATION, ZIRCONIUM, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, 9 DESCRIPTORS: THIN FILMS

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2306A2, Shape memory 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A262 731 12/3 9/1

MOORE SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PHILADELPHIA PA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENG INEERING

(U) Statistical Techniques for Signal Processing. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 89-31 Oct 92,

JAN 93 10

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kassam, Saleem A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0050

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0201, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This report summarizes research accomplishments in the 3-year period Nov. 1, 1989 Oct. 31, 1992. The primary accomplishments were in the areas of (1) nonlinear and robust filters - order statistics and related filters, multivariate medians, analysis, and applications; (2) signal detection in non-Gaussian noise - ARE, quantization, distributed detection, nonparametric detection; and (3) nonlinear radial basis function networks in signal processing. Reference is made to 28 publications... Nonlinear filters, Robust estimates, Rank estimates, Non-parametric detection, Non-gaussian noise, CFAR Radar.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SIGNAL PROCESSING, \*STATISTICAL PROCESSES, DETECTION, ESTIMATES, GAUSSIAN NOISE, NETWORKS, NOISE, ORDER STATISTICS, QUANTIZATION, RADAR, SIGNALS, STATISTICS, NONPARAMETRIC STATISTICS, MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS.

AD-A262 673 4/2 17/9

COLORADO STATE UNIV FORT COLLINS DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Multiparameter Radar and Aircraft Based Studies of the Micro-Physical, Kinematic and Electrical Structure of Convective Clouds.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Feb 92-15 Feb 93

FEB 93 15P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bringi, V. N.; Caylor, I. J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0141

PROJECT NO. 2310

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0198, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Ongoing studies of the microphysical kinematic and electrical evolution of two convective clouds observed by radar and aircraft during the clouds observed by radar and aircraft during the clouds observed by radar and aircraft during the convective and Precipitation Electrification Project (CaPE) are reported. A complete life-cycle of cloud evolution from radar first echo to mature phase is documented using reflectivity (Zh) and differential reflectivity (Zbp). Aircraft data from T-28, NOAA-P3, NCAR King Air and Wyoming King Air are in the process of being analyzed for particle type, electric field from field mills and up/down draft. Surface field mills and ildication of first cloud-to-ground lightning time and location. Another on-going study is related to multiparameter radar studies of lightning echoes and a riggsred lightning event.... Radar, Electrical, Storms, Lightning.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CLOUDS, \*LIGHTNING, \*RADAR, \*CONVECTION(ATMOSPHERIC), AIRCRAFT, ECHOES, ELECTRIC FIELDS, LIFE CYCLES, PARTICLES, REFLECTIVITY, STORMS, ATMOSPHERIC PRECIPITATION, MOISTURE CONTENT, PARTICLE SIZE, WIND, RADAR CROSS SECTIONS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2310CS.

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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GATES(CIRCUITS), GASES, WOLECULAR BEAMS, ORGANOMETALLIC COMPUNDS, VAPOR PHASES, LAYERS, DOPING, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, THERMAL STABILITY, HETEROJUNCTIONS, BIPOLAR TRANSISTORS, DAMAGE CONTROL, PLASMA DEVICES, ELECTRICAL

CONDUCTIVITY, OPTICAL PROPERTIES

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IDENTIFIERS:

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MATERIALS RESEARCH SOCIETY PITTSBURGH PA

AD-A262 531

Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings Held in Boston, Massachusetts on 2-5 December 1991. Advanced III-V Compound Semiconductor Growth, Processing and Devices. Volume 240. 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Sep 91-14 Sep 82

SEP 92

Ballance, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0411 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0182, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Materials Research Society, 9800 McKnight Rd., Pittsburgh, PA 15237. HC \$89.00. No copies furnished by DIIC/NIIS.

techniques, to the processing of these layers using wet and disperse techniques, to the processing of these layers using wet and lithographic patterning, implantation, annealing or gate metal deposition, and finally to the operation of the completed device. Invited talks on many of these subjects are given first in each section, followed by contributed and poster papers. Of increasing interest at the present time is the development of gas-source epitaxial growth methods such as metal organic molecular beam epitaxy and organo-metallic vapor phase epitaxy. In particular the ability of these methods to produce highly p-type carbondoped layers in the GaAs/AlGaAs system leads to improved reliability and thermal stability of heterojunction Materials Research Society symposium designed to cover This proceedings colume results from a the spectrum of activity in the III-V compound semiconductor arena. This ranges from the growth of epitaxial layers by any one of a number of different bipolar transistors and other related devices. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, \*EPITAXIAL GROWTH, SYMPOSIA, GROUP III COMPOUNDS, GROUP IV COMPOUNDS, GROUP V COMPOUNDS, ETCHING, DIELECTRICS, DEPOSITION, LITHOGRAPHY, ION IMPLANTATION, ANNEALING, METALS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A262 531

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DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

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AD-A262 530

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, DEFORMATION, LAYERS, METALS, STRAIN(MECHANICS), RELAXATION, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, DISLOCATIONS, FAILURE(MECHANICS), ADMESION, FACTURE(MECHANICS), SILICON, POLYCRYSTALLINE, POLYMERIC

FILMS, DIODES, MAGNETRONS, VOIDS.

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IDENTIFIERS: Indentation.

Heteroepitaxial, Electromigration,

AD-A282 530 8/1 20/12 20/11 20/2 MATERIALS RESEARCH SOCIETY PITTSBURGH PA

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(U) Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings Held in Boston, Massachusetts on 2-5 December 1991. Thin Films: Stresses and Mechanical Properties III. Volume 239.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Sep 91-14 Sep 92,

SEP 92 724P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ballance, John

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0411

MONITCR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0183, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Materials Research Society, 9800 McKnight Rd., Pittsburgh, PA 15237. HC \$69.00. No copies furnished by DIIC/NIIS.

research greas in this field, so a part of this volume is together in Part VII. The last part of the book deals with the phenomena of electromigration and stress induced indentation. The volume also includes a series of papers on the stresses and mechanical properties of multilayers, focussing mainly on metal multilayers with layer The last topics in the volume deal Indentation has become so important in the study of thin microstructural processes and intrinsic stresses in thin with failure processes in thin films. Papers on adhesion dimensions in the nanometer range. Strain relaxation in The book begins with papers dealing with film mechanical properties, a special part of the symposium was devoted to modelling and experiments in heteroepitaxial thin films by the formation of misfit properties of thin films are presented next. Because themselves and on thin film deformation processes. dislocations continues to be one of the important and fracture properties of thin films are grouped films. This is followed by papers on the stresses Mechanical testing techniques and the mechanical voiding in interconnect metal films. devoted to that topic. I 3 ABSTRACT .

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*THIN FILMS, \*STRESSES, SYMPOSIA,

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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	ALIFORNIA UNIV
2 484	FORNIA
AD-A262 484	CALI

Study on Various Problems in Statistical Planning and Inference. 3

Final rept. 15 Dec 90-14 Dec 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Ghosh, Subir PERSONAL AUTHORS: 92

AF0SR-81-0115 2304 CONTRACT NO. PROJECT NO.

MONITOR: TASK NO

AFOSK, XC TK-83-0200, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

completion are on (1) Incorrectness of orthogonality condition for main effect plans, and (2) Determination of robust design against noise factors and in presence of signal factors. The research done under this grant is (1) New main effect plus one plans and their robustness property against deletion of runs and (2) Robust experimental plan and its role in determining robust design against noise factors. The researchers near ABSTRACT:

GUNTELORS: (U) \*STATISTICAL INFERENCE, NOISE, ORTHOGONALITY, SIGNALS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

WUAFOSR2304A5 TOENTIFIERS: (U)

Wound Healing and Connective Tissue Metabolism: The Role of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy. 9

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 91-30 Jun 92,

JUN 92

Harper, Elvin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0413 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

98 TASK NO.

TR-83-0202, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

healing by growth promoting factors: Epidermal growth factor (EGF), platelet derived growth factor (PDGF) and transforming growth factor B (TGFB). These compounds are of particular interest since they have been reported to increase collagenase secretion. EGF when applied directly to skin increased the rate of healing by 100%. Effect of hyperbaric oxygen on wound Ê

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*WOUNDS AND INJURIES, \*HYPERBARIC MEDICINE, \*METABOLISM, COLLAGENASE, HEALING, OXYGEN, RATES, SECRETION, TISSUES(BIOLOGY), GROWTH(PHYSIOLOGY), SKIN DISEASES, BLOOD PLATELETS, TISSUE CULTURE, PROTEINS, DESCRIPTORS: PEPTIDES

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312AB, Growth factor EGF(Epidermal Growth Factor).

AD-A262 484

**TAISSF** 

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30V.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

PITTSBURGH UNIV PA SURFACE SCIENCE CENTER 4/1 AD-A262 458 7/2 ATHENS DEPT OF CHEMISTRY 4/6 GEORGIA UNIV AD-A262 457

Photodissociation Spectroscopy of Mg(+)-H2D and Mg(+)-

DEC 92

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RSONAL AUTHORS: Willey, K. F.; Yeh, C. S.; Robbins, D. L.; Pilgrim, J. S.; Duncan, M. A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0001 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO

TR-83-0149, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unl. of Chemical Physics v97 n12 p8886-8895, 15 Dec 92. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

complexes because it is isoslectronic with neutral sodium resolution are obtained for both systems, leading to the data are compared to the predictions of ab initio theory  $Mg \leftarrow is$  an ideal prototype metal ion for the study of hydrated magnesium ion, Mg+-H2D, and its deuterated analog. Mg+-D2O. A preliminary report on this system was constants, dissociation energies, and structures. These the subject of a recent communication. Vibrationally resolved electronic spectra with partial rotational photodissociation spectroscopy experiments on the In the present report, we describe determination of their excited state vibrational

\*PHOTODISSOCIATION, SPECTROSCOPY, WATER, CATIONS, METAL COMPLEXES, ION MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, ELECTROSTATICS, CHEMICAL BONDS, LIGANDS, SOLVATION, ADSORPTION, SURFACES. LASERS. ELECTRONIC STATES, EXCITATION, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, COMPLEX IONS, GROUND STATE, SUPERSONIC NOZZLES, \*MAGNESIUM, \*IONS, \*HYDRATES ROTATION, ISOTOPES, FREQUENCY, SYMMETRY. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, Bending mode. Stretching mode ŝ IDENTIFIERS:

40-A262 457

20/2

20/7

Width of Particle Beams Desorbed in Electron Stimulated Desorption: O(+) and Metastable CO from CO/Pt(111),

**12**p 83

z Szabo, Andras; Yates, John T., PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0384 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-83-0154, AFDSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unl. of Chemical Physics, v98 n1 p889-899, 1 Jan 93. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NIIS.

vibration influences the width of ESDIAD beams. An adsorbed CO molecule possesses six vibrational degrees of freedom resulting in six adsorbate vibrational modes. Some of these modes with low frequency couple strongly to are schematically shown in Fig. 1. This paper is concerned with those modes in which the dominant carbon and oxygen displacements are parallel to the surface. These Pt(111) with the carbon atom bonded to the substrate. In Pt(111) as a model system. The CO/Pt(111) system is particularly suitable for this purpose because of the wealth of information available in the literature for this system. It has been established that CO adsorbs on representations for which the normal modes form a basis oxygen atoms occur in the same direction and frustrated For this study we use CO chemisorbed on translations when the displacements of the carbon and adsorbate vibrational modes together with irreducible the substrate phonon modes forming adsorbate induced surface phonon modes rather than localized adsorbate the present work we are interested in how adsorbate rotations when the carbon and oxygen atoms move in eigenmodes are commonly referred to as frustrated vibrations. The atomic displacements for the six ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A282 456

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A262 456

different directions.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*DESORPTION, \*PLATINUM, \*CARBON MONOXIDE, \*OXYGEN, \*CATIONS, \*PARTICLE BEAMS, REPRINTS, ELECTRONS, WIDTH, VIBRATION, ADSORBATES, SURFACES, DISTRIBUTION, CHEMICAL BONDS, METASTABLE STATE, PARALLEL ORIENTATION, MOMENTUM, OSCILLATORS, EXCITATION, TEMPERATURE, ORDER DISORDER TRANSFORMATIONS, ANISOTROPY, SUBSTRATES, LAYERS, PHOTONS, IONS, PHONONS, ATOMS. DESCRIPTORS:

DEMTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, Stimulated, Angular distribution, ESDIAD(Electron Stimulated Disorption-Ion Angular Distribution). IDENTIFIERS:

8/1 AD-A252 455

GAINESVILLE FLORIDA UNIV

Perturbation Theory: Theory and Application of Energy Restricted Open-Shell Hartree-Fock-Based Many-Body and Gradient Calculations, 9

**₫** NOV 92 RSONAL AUTHORS: Lauderdale, Walter J.; Stanton, Gauss, Jurgen; Watts, John D.; Bartlett, Rodney J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0141 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

TR-93-0157, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v97 n9 p6608-6620, 1 Nov 92. Available only to DTIC uses. No copies furnished by NTIS.

theory (MBPT) built upon a restricted openshell Hartree-Fock (ROHF) reference function is presented, ROHF-MBPT is shown to give much improved results compared to unrestricted Hartree-Fock (UHF) MBPT in cases where there gradients at the MBPT(2) level are described and implemented. ROHF-MBPT and restricted open-shell Hartree-Fock single- and double-excitation coupled cluster (ROHFCCSD) applications are presented for several difficult cases. These include the structure and electron is large spin contamination of the UHF reference function. and the multiplet structure of the Ni atom... Restricted, A new approach for many-body-perturbation vibrational frequencies for the unobserved FCS molecule; and to converge much more rapidly to the infinite-order affinity of the CN radical; structure, binding energy. and vibrational frequencies of Li3; the structure and coupled-cluster result. Equations for analytical Open-shell, Hartree-Fock, Gradient. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*PERTURBATION THEORY, \*ELECTRONS, \*CORRELATION TECHNIQUES, \*HARTREE FOCK APPROXIMATION, ATOMS, BODIES, CONTAMINATION, ENERGY, EXCITATION, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A262 455

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A282 454 CONTINUED AD-A262 455

PEG1102F. Many body perturbation theory. GRADIENTS, MOLECULES, PERTURBATIONS, REPRINTS. FREQUENCY,

3

IDENTIFIERS:

1/4

NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY COLUMBIA UNIV Mavelength Effects in the Photolysis of Ketones: Stereoisomerization and Magnetic Isotope  $13(\mathcal{C})/12(\mathcal{C})$ Separation. A Probe for Adiabatic vs. Diabatic Trajectories during Bond Dissociation, 9

:RSO,4AL AUTHORS: Step, E. N.; Tarasov, V. F.; Buchachenko, A. L.; Turro, N. J. PERSO, JAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0340 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AF0SR, XC TR-83-0151, AF0SR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jul. of Physical Chemistry, v97 p363-373, 1993. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

between two carbon-centered radicals represents one of the simplest and most significant elementary steps in all of organic chemistry. Investigations of magnetic field and magnetic isotope effects on carbon-carbon bond provided important information on the subtleties of the elementary step of recombination of carbon radicals. A 'snip' and 'knit' strategy has been devised to investigate the details of how carbon-carbon bonds are formed from geminate radical pairs that are initially in formation involving geminate radical pairs (RPs) have The formation of a carbon-carbon bond a triplet state. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*KETONES, \*PHOTOLYSIS, \*STEREOCHEMISTRY, \*ISOMERIZATION, \*CARBON, REPRINTS, WAVES, ISOTOPES, SEPARATION, PROBES, ADIABATIC CONDITIONS, TRAJECTORIES, CHEMICAL BONDS, DISSOCIATION, LIGHT, EXCITATION, CHEMICAL RADICALS, MAGNETIC PROPERTIES. DESCRIPTORS:

Diabatic PEG1102F, Wavelength effects, trajectories, Triplet states, Dibenzyl ketone, € IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A282 454

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A262 454

TEXAS CHRISTIAN UNIV FORT WORTH DEPT OF PHYSICS 20/5 7/5 20/8 AP-A262 453 Methyldeoxybenzoin, Diphenylpentan-3-one, Micelles, Acyl radicals. CONTINUED

Positronium Interactions with Strained Surface Rings in Porous Silica. 3

7 87 DEC Hopkins, B. J.; Zerda, T. W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0165 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

1

TR-93-0148, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Unl. of Non-Crystalline Solids, v149, p289-274, 1982. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NIIS.

significantly. Surface rings are broken by adsorbing water vapor onto pore surfaces which leads to increased orthopositronium lifetime. A correlation between positronium lifetimes and the amount of water adsorbed allows determination of the surface density of strained rings for samples fired at temperatures from 200 to 900 dehydroxylation are investigated using Raman scattering Strained cyclic surface rings formed on and annihilation of positronium. Strained three member rings are found to shorten orthopositronium lifetime pore surfaces of silica gels during thermal deg C. (Author) 9 ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SILICA GELS, \*POSITRONIUM, POROSITY, REPRINTS, SURFACES, RINGS, INTERACTIONS, THERMAL PROPERTIES, RAMAN SPECTRA, SCATTERING, ANNIHILATION REACTIONS, ADSORPTION, WATER VAPOR, DENSITY, TEMPERATURE, SOLIDS, HYDROXYL RADICALS, SILICON, OXYGEN, DECAY.

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61103D, \*Strained Rings, Pores, \*Dehydroxylation, Sol-gel process, Lifetime, Shortens IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A282 454

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT DEPT OF ASTRONOMY 3/5 AD-A262 450

Development of a System for Accurate Forecasting of Solar Activity. 3

Annual rept. 15 Oct 91-14 Oct 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Sofia, Sabatino PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-91-0053 CONTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

2 FASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-93-0161, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

modeling involved a formulation of a realistic model of magnetic diffusion. This work is essentially complete and Sextant work with the completion of the wedge fabricated by optical contact. A successful balloon flight has yielded 20 gigabytes of data for which reduction and analysis methods are being developed. allow the forecast of a given cycle with an anticipation larger than 4 to 5 years. The work on solar dynamo STRACT: (U) Work on solar activity forecasting has concentrated on the search for correlations which would interaction between convection and magnetic fields. Significant progress has occurred in the Solar Disk is capable of handling reliably the small scale ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*FORECASTING, \*SOLAR ACTIVITY, \*SOLAR CYCLE, BALLOONS, CONVECTION, DIFFUSION, FORMULATIONS, HANDLING, INTERACTIONS, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MODELS, SEXTANTS, WEDGES, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F DENTIFIERS: (U)

20/11 AD-A282 449 STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT ALBANY RESEARCH FOUNDATION

(U) Plastic Deformation of Granular Materials.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 92

JAN 83

Pitman, E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0076 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0174, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

hyperbolicity, and regularization. This final report summarizes our work on (1) computation of deformation and analysis of a gradient theory of granular plasticity; (2) related elastic and viscoelastic systems of PDE which may computational investigations to understand the dynamics particularly issues related to the formation of shearbands. Roughly speaking, shearbands form when the governing equations cease to be wellposed. Our research of elastic-plastic deformation of granular materials, formation of shear bands in granular material; (1) lose hyperbolicity.... Granular material, Plastic deformation, Hyperbolic equations. This project combines analytic and examines the issue of well-posedness, loss of

THEORY, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, SHEAR PROPERTIES, LOSSES, VISCOSITY, HYPERBOLIC DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, COMPOSITE DEFORMATION, COMPUTATIONS, DEFORMATION, DYNAMICS, EQUATIONS, GRADIENTS, MATERIALS, PLASTIC PROPERTIES \*GRANULAR MATERIALS, \*PLASTIC Ē DESCRIPTORS: MATERIALS

PEG1102F, Well-posed, Hyperbolicity, Regularization, Shearbands. ŝ IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A282 449

7415KF . 34 3000

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A262 448 13/13 20/11

STANFORD UNIV CA DIV OF APPLIED MECHANICS

(U) Mechanics in Material Space.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Apr. 90-31 Jul 92,

DEC 92 27P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Herrmann, George

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0195

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0191, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

during the period reported. Conservation laws and pathindependent integrals in non-homogeneous plane
elastostatics have been established. Further,
conservation laws for non-homogeneous bars and beams of
variable cross-section, as well as for non-homogeneous
plates have been constructed. These laws should permit a
more direct and simple analysis of cracks and other
defects in these structural elements. A significant
breakthrough came in our success of constructing
conservation laws for dissipative systems. Until now, it
was possible to construct conservation laws only for
systems which had a Lagrangian. We have now succeeded in
establishing a general procedure, which we call the
Neutral Action method, which allows the construction of
conservation laws (and path-independent integrals) for
systems with damping, for which no systematic procedures
existed before. Thus we have generalized in an important
and practical way the, classical, celebrated theorem of
Noethers

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS, CONSTRUCTION, CRACKS, CROSS SECTIONS, DAMPING, INTEGRALS, NEUTRAL, PATHS, PLATES, RODS, DEFECTS(MATERIALS), BEAMS(STRUCTURAL), LOAD DISTRIBUTION, VISCOELASTICITY, DISPLACEMENT, STRESSES, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, FRACTURE(MECHANICS).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Conservation laws, Noethers theory, Bernoulli Euler Beam.

AD-A262 448

AD-A282 447 6/1

WRIGHT STATE UNIV DAYTON OH SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

U) Hepatic Metabolism of Perfluorinated Carboxylic Acids and Polycholorotrifluoroethylene: A Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Investigation in Vivo. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 15 Dec 91-14 Dec 92

JAN 93 2:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Reo, Nicholas V.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0148

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK ND. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0163, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) on hepatic carbohydrate and effects of PFDA, PFDA, and clofibrate (CLOF) in both rats in controls. The results indicate an enhanced turnover of than PFDA-treated rats, and liver glucose-8-phosphate levels are about 40% lower in PFDA rats as compared to controls (p < or = 0.02). These results suggest that the PFDA-induced inhibition in glycogenesis from glucose is and guinea pigs. A unique effect is revealed in PFDA-treated rats in which a significant increase is observed PFDA inhibits hepatic glycogenesis from glucose in rats. In recent studies using carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy, PFDA-treated rats show active gluconeogenesis from (3-13) Calanine and the glucolnase activity. In separate studies involving liver phosphorus metabolism, 31 P NMR was used to examine the in live: phosphocholine from 2.31 +/- 0.23 umol/g tissue on day 1 post dose to 4.56 +/- 0.21 umol/g on day 5. These level are 2 to 4-fold greater than those measured This report describes our studies of the incorporation of the 13C label into hepatic glycogen. Trate of alanine utilization is 40% greater in controls phospholipid metabolism. Previously we have shown that due to a dysfunction in the glucose transporter and/or effects of perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) ABSTRACT:

AD-A282 447

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A262 447 liver phosphatidylcholine. Ongoing research efforts focus on the effects of PFDA on diacylglycerol levels. phospholipase C activity, and will examine the physical interaction of PFDA with phospholipid membranes.

\*\*ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*\*NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE,

\*CARBOXYLIC ACIDS, ALANINES, CARBOHYORATES, CARBON,

DYSFUNCTION, GLUCOSE, GLYCOGEN, GUINEA PIGS, INHIBITION,

INTERACTIONS, LABELS, LIVER, MEMBRANES, METABOLISM,

PHOSPHATES, PHOSPHOLIPIDS, RATES, RATS, SPECTROSCOPY,

UTIL:ZATION, ISOTOPE EFFECT, IN VIVO ANALYSIS, BILE,

BIOSYNTHESIS, BLOOD PLASMA, LABORATORY ANIMALS,

METABOLITES, SAMPLING, SPECTRA, URINE. DESCRIPTORS:

PE81102F, Polycholorctrifluorocthylene 3 IDENTIFIERS:

Carbon 13

9// AD-A262 446

ANN ARBOR DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND MICHIGAN UNIV ENGINEERING

(U) Tailored Organometallic Polymers

Final rept. May 89-Oct 82 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

131P JAN 83 Laine, Richard M.; Viney, Christopher; Corrlu, Robert J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-89-C-0059 CONTRACT NO.

88 PROJECT NO. TASK NO.

2303

MONITOR:

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0168, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

with a view to minimizing the scattering of light as it passes through such materials.... Organometallic polymers. Hypervalent silicon, High temperature, Liquid crystalline. polymorphs of Si02 (beach sand). Liquid crystalline molecular order was identified in random co-oligomers and Molecular tailoring concepts were applied affecting the nature and distribution of microstructural to the synthesis of novel inorganic and organometallic polymers, many of them starting from commonly available defects in liquid crystalline materials were identified copolymers of bis(catecholato) spirosiloxanes. Factors Non-linear optical. ABSTRACT:

\*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*POLYMERS, \*ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, \*SILICON DIOXIDE, COPOLYMERS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LIGHT, MATERIALS, OLIGOMERS, SAND, SCATTERING, SILICON, SYNTHESIS, TEMPERATURE, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, INORGANIC COMPOUNDS, LIQUID CRYSTALS, SILOXANES, DEFECT ANALYSIS, MICROSTRUCTURE, NONLINEAR OPTICS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, Bis(Catecholato) spirosiloxanes, Hypervalent, Tailored. 3

AD-A262 446

AD-A262 447

T4150F

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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9/2

AD-A282 445

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY Structure and Properties of Novel Compounds of Silicon, Germanium and Tin. 3

Final rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

(U) PE61102F, Saturated, 'Inert' spacers,

Silylenes, Oligosilanes.

IDENTIFIERS:

POLYMERS.

TRANSFER, SPIN STATES, DENSITY, CHEMICAL RADICALS, NUCLEAR PROPERTIES, COUPLINGS, MOLECULES, NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, ABSORPTION, IONIZATION, INERT MATERIALS, POLYSILANES, SILANES,

CHEMICAL ELEMENTS, CHEMICAL PROPERTIES,

CONTINUED

AD-A282 445

BONDS.

82 **≥** 

Michl, Josef PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81 .0032 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

Sa LASK NO

TR-93-0176, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Will have quite general consequences for the understanding of the nature of delocalized chemical bonding in saturated compounds of all main-group elements. After all, the fact that bonding in saturated compounds concentrated on the investigation of novel structures and sigma delocalization plays an essential role in phenomena as diverse as charge transfer through 'inert' spacers, silicon. We believe that an understanding of this subject in interrogation of the electronic structure and bonding propagation of substituent effects, propagation of spin density in saturated radicals, nuclear-nuclear coupling our interest gradually gravitated towards bonding situations, particularly compounds of multiply bonded and divalent atoms of these elements. In the in saturated compounds of these elements, most of all, in NMR of saturated molecules, their optical activity, is not strictly a matter of entirely localized single practically important properties of these compounds: Our work on the organic chemistry of germanium, and tin containing compounds bonds is responsible for many theoretically and recent years, siltcon. ABSTRACT:

(U) \*SILICON, \*GERMANIUM, \*TIN, MOLECULAR ELECTRONIC STATES, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, CHEMICAL DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A262 445

far UV absorption, ionization, etc.

AD-A262 445

UNCLASSIFIED

482 PAGE

T4155F

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A262 443 11/8.1 7/2 20/11 20/2

CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

(U) Fundamentals of Mechanical Behavior in Intermetallic Compounds.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 89-30 Sep 92

FEB 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Howe, James M.; Thompson, Anthony W.

CONTRACT NO. MEMS-ALC-16

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0178, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This research program has examined mechanical behavior and creep of titanium aluminide alloys, both based on Ti3Al and TiAl, with the goal being better understanding of relationships between microstructure and mechanical properties of these intermetallic compound-based alloys. Detailed microstructural characterization has been conducted for both types of aluminide alloys. For Ta additions to TiAl alloys, which are thought to improve ductility, lowered stacking fault energy and increased twinning have been found. For a Ti3Al-based alloy, detailed stress and temperature dependences of creep have been measured, and a strong microstructural dependence of creep properties has been established.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ALLOYS, \*INTERMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, \*ITTANIUM ALUMINIDE, ALUMINIDES, CREEP, DUCTILITY, ENERGY, FAULTS, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, MICROSTRUCTURE, STACKING, TEMPERATURE, TANTALUM, STRESSES, TWINNING(CRYSTALLOGRAPHY)

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F.

AD-A262 443

AD-A262 441 7/2

2/2

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Velocity Relaxation of S(1D) by Rare Gases Measured by Doppler Spectroscopy,

DEC 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Nan, G.; Houston, P. L.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-J-0080

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. ES

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0160, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v97 nii p7865-7872, i Dec 92. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

dependence allow an estimation of the following Lennard-Jones parameters: for argon sigma  $\approx$  3.6 +/- 0.5 A and epsilon = 2.5 +/- 0.5 kJ/mol; for xenon sigma = 3.9 +/- 0.5 A and epsilon = 3.9 +/- 0.8 kJ/mol. Sulfur, Velocity, +/- 2 A sup, 2. However, the cross sections for argon and room temperature and an effective anisotropy parameter of sphere model with a collision cross section of sigma = 28 approaches zero. Helium behaves as predicted by the hardare in qualitative agreement with the model in that the angular distribution relaxes more rapidly with collision S(1D) by pulsed laser photolysis of OCS at 222 nm. The nascent S(1D) has a mean speed about three times that at Beta=0.5. A calculation assuming elastic hard-sphere collisions is performed to model the process. The data xenon are found to depend on the collision energy. The number as the mass ratio between the collision partner pressures at a fixed time delay following creation of Vacuum ultraviolet light, Molecular dynamics. Doppler distribution relaxes more rapidly as the mass ratio and Xe has been monitored by measuring the Doppler profile of the S(1D) for variable collision partner Velocity relaxation of S(1D) by He, and sulfur approaches infinity, whereas the speed ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A262 441

PAGE 483 T4

UNCLASSIFIED

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A262 441 CONTINUED AD-A26

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ARGON, \*HELIUM, \*RELAXATION, \*SPECTROSCOPY, \*SULFUR, \*VELOCITY, \*XENON, \*RARE GASES, \*DOPPLER SYSTEMS, ANISOTROPY, COLLISIONS, CROSS SECTIONS, DELAY, DYNAMICS, ENERGY, LASERS, LIGHT, MASS, MEAN, MODELS, NUMBERS, PARAMETERS, PHOTOLYSIS, PRESSURE, PROFILES, PULSED LASERS, TATIOS, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SPHERES, TEMPERATURE, TIME, VACUUM, VARIABLES, REPRINTS, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, MOTION, KINETICS, BOLTZMANN EQUATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, Lennard-Jones parameters, OCS, Vacuum ultraviolet light.

AD-A262 440 7/4 20

4 20/10 20/5

12/1

FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) The ACES II Program System,

92 17P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Stanton, John F.; Gauss, Jurgen; Watts, John D.; Lauderdale, Walter J.; Bartlett, Rodney J.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-82-J-0141

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. FS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC

TR-93-0158, AFDSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in International Jnl. of Quantum Chemistry, s28 p879-894, 1992. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) ACES II, a new program system for ab initio electronic structure calculations is described. The strengths of ACES II involve the use of many-body perturbation theory (MBPT) and coupled-cluster (CC) theory for calculating the energy, geometry, spectra, and properties of small- to medium-sized molecules. This paper gives a brief overview of the ACES II project, describes many features of the program system and documents a number of benchmark calculations. (Author)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, COMPUTATIONS, REPRINTS, ELECTRONIC STATES, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, PERTURBATION THEORY, COUPLINGS, CLUSTERING, ENERGY, GEOMETRY, SPECTRA, MOLECULES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, ACES II Computer program, Ab intto Calculations, MBPT(Many-Body Perturbation Theory).

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 7/4 AD-A262 439

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NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY COLUMBIA UNIV the Interaction of Photoexcited Triplet Molecules with Mono-and An Electron Spin Polarization Study of Polynitroxyl Stable Free Radicals, Ê

83

RSONAL AUTHORS: Turro, Nicholas J.; Khudyakov, Igor V.; Bossmann, Stefan; Dwyer, David W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0340 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 LASK NO.

TR-83-0155, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Avai.ability: Pub. in Jul. of Physical Chemistry, v97 p1138-1148, 1993. Availble only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

phase of polarization was independent of the sign of zeropolarized by interaction with the triplet states, and the (creation) resulting from the interaction of photoexcited triplet molecules with nitroxyls in the strong electron field splitting (\*D) of the interacting triplet molecule. Possible and likely mechanisms of polarization transfer ESR) has been used to investigate the chemically induced Time-resolved electron spin resonance (TR has  $\mathsf{D} > \mathsf{O}$ , provides the strong support for the operation dynamic electron polarization (CIDEP) generated by the interaction of stable free radicals with the triplet states of benzophenone, benzil, and 2-acetylnaphthalene. The stable radicals were mono-, di-, tri-, and tetranitroxyl free radicals possessing the 2,2,8,8exchange are discussed. The emissive CIDEP of nitroxyls observed in the interactions with triplet benzil, which radical system investigated were found to be emissively tetramethylpiperiding-N-oxyl molety. All of the stable of the radical-triplet pair mechanism. (Author) 3

RESONANCE, MOLECULES, REPRINTS, STABILITY, EXCITATION, \*FREE RADICALS, \*ELECTRON SPIN DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A262 439

CONTINUED AD-A282 439 PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, POLARIZATION, INTERACTIONS, PIPERIDINES, METHYL RADICALS, SPECTRA, KETONES, BENZOPHENONES, NAPHTHALENES.

ENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, \*Polynitroxyl, Triplet states, Photo excited, Time-resolved, CIDEP(Chemically Induced acetylnaphthalene, 2,2,8,8-tetramethylpiperidine, Zerofield splitting, Micelles, \*Nitroxyl radicals. Dynamic Electron Polarization), Benzil, 2-IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A262 439

TAIBAF

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

WASHINGTON UNIV ST LOUIS MO DEPT OF SYSTEMS SCIENCE AND 12/8 MATHEMATICS AD-A262 405

Artificial Intelligence Methodologies in Flight Related Differential Game, Control and Optimization Problems. €

Final rept. 30 Sep 89-29 Dec 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

175P JAN 93 Rodin, Ervin Y PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0518 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

07 LASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-93-0187, AFOSR MONITOR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

been applied to the modeling and implementation of control systems and differential games problems. To be more specific, artificial neural networks, a multiple instruction multiple data parallel processor tuned by connection weights, are used to model a control system or used as an identifier/controller which functions as a Artificial intelligence methodologies have advances have been achieved in applying differential mapping between two information domains. Significant games theory to practical problems. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, \*CONTROL SYSTEMS, \*GAME THEORY, FUNCTIONS, INSTRUCTIONS, MAPPING, MODELS, NETWORKS, NEURAL NETS, PARALLEL PROCESSORS, RECREATION, WEIGHT, PROBLEM SOLVING. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR3484D7 IDENTIFIERS:

9/2 9/1 AD-A262 404 COLLEGE PARK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL MARYLAND UNIV ENGINEERING Optically Controlled Solid State Opening Switches.

Final rept. 1 Aug 88-31 May 92

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

٦. Lee, Chi H.; Rhee, M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0246 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-93-0197, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

nearly ideal with regard to fast opening time and low on-state resistance. Nevertheless, the PCSS performs quite well, yielding power gains of 50 with power output of nearly 100 KW. In this work, the pulse forming theories in the dual of the LC generator, the current charged transmission line (CCTL) and the dual of the Blumlein research program to study optical controlled solid state opening switches. This program covers the period between August, 1988 and May, 1992 under the grant No. AFOSR-88-0248. The goal of the research is to study fundamental power system has been developed which is capable of delivering high power pulsed energy. This system employs a photoconductive semiconductor switch (PCSS) in an inductive energy storage pulsed power system (IESPPS). IESPPS offer advantage of small size with voltage and power step-up. However IESPPS imposes several stringent requirements on the switch. In fact, the switch must be This is the final technical report for a issues in a novel scheme to generate high power electrical pulsed power using optical controlled solid state opening switches. An optically controlled pulsed line DBL are studied for the first time. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SEMICONDUCTORS, \*OPTICAL SWITCHING, \*ELECTRIC SWITCHES, \*PHOTOCONDUCTORS, \*PULSE GENERATORS, ENERGY STORAGE, GENERATORS, HIGH POWER, POWER GAIN, \*SEMICONDUCTORS, \*OPTICAL SWITCHING,

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

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11/2

PULSES RESISTANCE, SWITCHES, TRANSMISSION LINES, VOLTAGE, DIAMONDS, GRAPHITE, LASERS, SWITCHING CIRCUITS, OPTICAL CIRCUITS, FLASH LAMPS, PULSED LASERS, SOLID STATE ELECTRONICS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2301A7.

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBUR DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

AND APPLIED MECHANICS
(U) Mechanics of Elevated Temperature Fatigue Damage in

Fiber-Reinforced Ceramics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 80-30 Nov 92,

JAN 93 73P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Holmes, John W.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-81-0108

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0172, AFDSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

reinforced ceramics decreases sharply under cyclic loading Based upon insight gained from the analytical and experimental parts of the investigation, we developed a novel approach to estimate the level of frictional shear stress that exists along the fiber-matrix interface Marshall at Rockwell Science Center). Moreover, it is the during fatigue. Since this technique allows confirmation change in frictional shear stress during cyclic loading (note that the level of frictional shear stress controls Grant No. 91-0106 (a two year effort) was to identifying made during the research effort: (1) the fatigue life of fiber-reinforced ceramics decreased markedly during high loading, (3) because of frictional wear along the fiber-matrix interface, the frictional shear stress in fiberfrequency fatigue loading, (2) fiber-reinforced ceramics The focus of the research conducted under the fundamental mechanisms of fatigue damage that occur in fiber-reinforced ceramics. Several new findings were only approach that allows determination of the in-situ many mechanical properties such as strength, toughness and mechanical damping as well as thermophysical properties such as thermal diffusivity). The analysis of other techniques for estimating frictional shear stress (e.g., fiber pushout technique developed by undergo significant internal heating during cyclic

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T4155F SEARCH CONTROL NO. DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

composite microstructure and cyclic energy dissipation in that was developed to estimate frictional shear stress can also be used to understand the relationship between fiber-reinforced ceramics. ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*FATIGUE LIFE, \*CERAMIC MATERIALS, \*FIBER REINFORCED COMPOSITES, CONTROL, DAMAGE, DAMPING, DETERMINATION, DIFFUSIVITY, DISSIPATION, ENERGY, ESTIMATES, HEATING, INTERFACES, INTERNAL, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, MICROSTRUCTURE, TOUGHNESS, WEAR, CYCLIC LOADS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308BS Ê IDENTIFIERS:

12/8 AD-A262 362

12/1

NY COURANT INST OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES NEW YORK UNIV

(U) Wavelet Local Extrema Applied to Image Processing

Final rept. 1 Nov 89-31 Oct 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 DEC

70

Mallat, Stephane PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0040 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XC TR-83-0184, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

In the first part, we developed a numerical method, based solution. This scheme saves computations by concentrating hard to simulate with conventional numerical methods. In the computational effort in regions where singularities or sharp transitions occur. It has been tested on the equations model important physical phenomena, which are The research project had two components. on the wavelet transform, for the solution of partial Wavelet transform, that adapts the computational resolution in space and time to the regularity of the collaboration with Pfr. Papanicolsou and Bacry, we introduced a numerical scheme based on the orthogonal transitions in solutions of partial differential differential equations. Singularities and sharp Burgers equation. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, \*IMAGE PROCESSING, COMPUTATIONS, RESOLUTION, TIME, TRANSITIONS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, MATHEMATICAL MODELS.

WUAFOSR2304AS, PEB1102F, \*Wavelets, Singularities, Burgers equation. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A262 362

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

**8**/1 AD-A262 361 CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MATERIALS MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH SCIENCE AND ENGINEERIN G Development of Model Based Magnetic LP-LEC Growth of Large Diameter GaAs. Ĵ

Final rept. 15 Jun 81-14 Jun 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

21P 85 Z S Witt, August F. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0355 CONTRACT NO.

TR-83-0189, AFUSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

explore the range of analytical information on the defect meaningful property specifications for device materials is contingent on noninvasive defect analysis executable measurements on a micro- and macro-scale in combination structure of doped and semi-insulating GaAs obtainable from computational, non-invasive, near infrared absorption analysis. Motivation for this research was with computational image processing and analysis were found to meet the requirements of the stated research provided by the realization that the establishment of The objective of this research was to in a fabiline environment. Infrared absorption 9 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*DEFECT ANALYSIS, \*SEMICONDUCTORS, \*OPTICAL ANALYSIS, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, IMAGE PROCESSING, MATERIALS, STRUCTURES, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, DOPING, DENSITY, ANNEALING, STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS. DESCRIPTORS:

Near Infrared microscopy <u>e</u> 1DENTIFIERS:

8/5 AD-A262 360 CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA

Random-Like Interconnects, Fault Tolerance and Grain-Size Studies for Optoelectronic Computing. 3

Final rept. 1 Jul 89-15 Sep 92. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

85 SEP Ï 'n Esener, S. C.; Paturi, R.; Lee, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0440 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0188, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

size studies for optoelectronic parallel processors. The involves the design, analysis, and simulation of perfect architectural and technological parameters. The final goal was to design and simulate a MIN system that could shuffle-based optoelectronic multistage interconnection Our objective during the funding period, 1989 to September 15, 1992, was to investigate random like interconnects, fault tolerance, and grain parallel optoelectronic interconnection networks. Two interconnection networks (MINS). The next task was to optoelectronic and VLSI implementations of multistage major areas were identified and researched. The first major focus has been in the design and analysis of Interconnection networks (MINS) for highly parallel optimize the optoelectronic MIN with respect to computers. The objective was first to perform a quantitative performance comparison-between provide a complete set of communication and synchronization services. APSTRACT: July 1,

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PARALLEL PROCESSORS, COMPUTERS, TOLERANCE, VERY SCALE INTEGRATION, COMPUTER NETWORKS, COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, ELECTROOPTICS.

WUAF0SR2305DS, PEB1102F DENTIFIERS: (U)

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 74155F

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PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B3, Elucidation.

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IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A262 359 20/6 7/4

RICE UNIV HOUSTON TX

(U) Energy and Chemical Change.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 92,

JAN 93 71P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kinsey, James L.; Levine, Raphael D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0158

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0193, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

better theoretical understanding of the dynamics of energy rich molecules 'in both bound and unbound states. Particular attention was to be given to the understanding and elucidation of selectivity in the role of initial energy acquisition and its subsequent disposal. Some effort was directed at the understanding of such selectivity not only for isolated molecules but also for molecule-surface collisions. Two novel methodologies were developed and brought to fruition during these studies. One is the use of algebraic Hamiltonians for the description of high overtones (and hence highly anharmonic) energy rich states and the determination of the potential energy rich states and the determination of the potential energy rich states and the determination of the potential energy rich states and the realistic feasibility of this approach for triatomic molecules. (both linear and bent) and for linear tetratomic molecules. A complete summary of this approach has just been written up for publication as a book which includes table of parameters of algebraic Hamiltonians for a variety of molecules.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, \*HAMILTONIAN FUNCTIONS, \*MOLECULAR VIBRATION, COLLISIONS, DYNAMICS, ENERGY, MOLECULES, POTENTIAL ENERGY, SPECTRA, SURFACES, MOLECULAR ENERGY LEVELS, ENTROPY, RAMAN SPECTRA, SIRFACE CHEMISTRY.

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**14155**F

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

**6** AD-A262 352 LAFAYETTE IN SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL PURDUE UNIV ENGINEERING Investigation of a New Concept in Semiconductor Microwave Oscillators: The Contiguous Domain Oscillator.

Final rept. 1 Jul 91-31 Dec 93, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 93

Cooper, James A., PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0224 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

ັບ TASK NO.

TR-93-0192, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the generation mechanism. The single charge packet then drifts across the device and is extracted by the anode. Once the charge packet has drifted out of the device, the compatible with planar processing and can be incorporated with standard GaAs FET in the form of monolithic STRACT: (U) The contiguous domain oscillator (CDO) is a resistive-gate GaAs FET which functions as a voltagefield throughout the device in such a way as to turn off controlled millimeter-wave oscillator. The structure is millimeter-wave integrated circuits (MMICs). The device was first proposed by Cooper and Thornber in 1983, and has been under investigation at Purdue since 1985. internal field returns to it's original value and the generation process begins again. The entire process is therefore a series of repeated transients, with the Conventional microwave oscillators (such as the IMPATT, charge packet is introduced, it alters the electric using a mechanism which depends strongly on electric field (e.g. avalanche multiplication or negative differential mobility) to create charge packets or domains. The conventional devices all employ a two-terminal geometry and hence are diodes. Since the internal electrostatic geometry is one dimensional, o BARITT, and Gunn diodes) generate microwave power by

CONTINUED AD-A262 352 oscillation frequency determined by the inverse of the generation time plus the transit time. Clearly, once the device has been built, the transit time (and hence the oscillation frequency) is fixed. In addition, for millimeter-wave operation the drift distance must be made very short, typically less than 1 micrometer.

ESCRIPIORS: (U) \*MICROWAVE OSCILLATORS, \*SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, FREQUENCY DOMAIN, ELECTRICAL RESISTANCE, GATES(CIRCUITS), COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, MILLIMETER WAVES, INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, ELECTROSTATICS. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Contiguous domain oscillator. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 AD-A262 350 NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY COLUMBIA UNIV Spin-Orbit Coupling in Free-Radical Reactions: On the Way to Heavy Elements, E

35p 83

Khudyakov, Igor V.; Serebrennikov, Yuri A.; Turro, Nicholas J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFOSR-81-0340 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO.

TR-93-0158, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

1993. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished Availability: Pub. in Chemical Reviews, v93 p537-570, by NTIS.

quenching magnetic field effect, and that spin orbit coupling promotes magnetic field effect through two major mechanisms (triplet mechanism and delta g) and quenches the magnetic field effect creating a general sink for the In this review article we have considered Radical pair reactions, Magnetic field effects, Triplet radical pairs, biradicals, and other intermediates of importance to photochemistry. The major conclusion are that the spin orbit coupling acts in two ways, one promoting the magnetic field effect and the other elementary acts of formation and decay of exciplexes, spin coherency in a system.... Spin orbit coupling, the manifestation of Spin Orbit Coupling in the mechanism, Heavy atoms. 3 ABSTRACT:

\*ATOMIC SPECTROSCOPY, ATOMS, COUPLINGS, DECAY, MAGNETIC FIELDS, ORBITS, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, QUENCHING, CHEMICAL RADICALS, HEAVY METALS, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, Spin orbit coupling, Triplet spectra, Heavy atoms. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A282 350

11/4 AD-A262 334 CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIV CLEVELAND OH DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEER ING

(U) Niobium Silicides for High Temperature Applications.

Final technical rept. 1 Aug 89-31 Dec DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

S

Lewandowsk1, John J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0508 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-93-0171, AFUSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

silicide as well as in-situ Nb5Si3 /Nb composites. The Nb particles imparted significant toughening while both crack bridging and ductile phase toughening were observed microscope. The NDSsi3 powders were produced via reaction STRACT: (U) The processing and properties of advanced intermetallics based on aluminide and silicide matrices have been investigated. Vacuum hot press techniques were utilized to produce both monolithic and composite Ni3Al, NiAl, and Nb5Si3. The effects of 10 volume percent TiB2 particulate's3 on the fracture toughness of Ni 3 Al and evaluation of fracture toughness on both the monolithic In the in-situ fracture studies. Significant effects of NIA1 were determined while in-situ monitoring of the fracture toughness tests was conducted with the aid of deformation stage mounted inside a scanning electron loading rate on the resulting toughness was observed synthesis followed by hot press consolidation and ABSTRACT:

COMPOSITE MATERIALS, HOT PRESSING, NICKEL INTERMETALLICS FRACTURE(MECHANICS), HIGH TEMPERATURE, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, DUCTILITY, TOUGHNESS, REINFORCING MATERIALS, MICROSCOPES, SILICIDES, TEST AND EVALUATION, TOUGHNESS, \*SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), ALUMINIDES, CRACKS, DEFORMATION, PARTICLES, POWDERS, PROCESSING, SCANNING ELECTRON \*INTERMETALLIC COMPOUNDS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A262 334

85 101

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A262 334

JOINT INST FOR LAB ASTROPHYSICS BOULDER CO

20/2

AD-A262 321

PE61102F, \*Niobium silicides, Nickel 3 aluminides. IDENTIFIERS:

(U) Charge Transfer and Collision-Induced Dissociation Reactions of CO++ With the Rare Gases at E lab = 49 eV,

110 JAN 93 Rogers, Steven A.; Price, Stephen D.; Leone, Stephen R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-92-J-0071 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

ES TASK NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0159, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

13

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. Chemical Physics, v88 nl p280-289, i Jan 93. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

are measured directly. Absolute charge transfer reaction cross sections for collisions of 13C0++ with He, Ne, Ar, and Kr are estimated by comparing the Rg+ production with that for the charge transfer reactions of doubly charged rare gas ions with neutral rare gas atoms. The cross sections are found to range from 0.8-9.8+1.5 A2 for collisions of 13C0+ with He to 37.5 + or - 19.8 A2 for collisions with Kr. There action of 13C0++ with He proceeds almost exclusively into the collision-induced with Ne and almost disappears for Ar, Kr, and Xe. As the relative importance of the collision-induced dissociation Multiple product channels are observed for the reaction of 13CO++ with each of the rare gases (Rg) at Elab = 49 + or - 1 eV. A beam of 13CO++ is produced by electron impact ionization and is mass selected using a collision-induced dissociation is smaller for reactions monitored using time-of-filght mass spectrometry. Relative yields for the production of 13C+,0+,and 13C0+ quadrupole mass spectrometer. The ion beam is focused into a collision region and the reaction products are process decreases, branching into the charge transfer channel increases. The charge transfer reactions of dissociation whannel. The branching fraction for ABSTRACT:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A262 321

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Carbon monoxide, Charge transfer, Cross section, Dication, These effects are modeled successfully using Landau-Zener 13CO++ with Ar, Kr, and Xe are shown to populate excited, dissociative electronic states of 13CO+ selectively. theory in conjunction with reaction window theory Ion, Rare gas.

\*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CARBON MONOXIDE, \*CHARGE TRANSFER, \*DISSOCIATION, ATOMS, COLLISIONS, CROSS SECTIONS, ELECTRONIC STATES, ELECTRONS, IMPACT, ION BEAMS, IONIZATION, MASS SPECTROMETRY, RARE GASES, THEORY, REPRINTS, DIATOMIC MOLECULES, METASTABLE STATE, CATIONS, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, KINETIC ENERGY, ELECTRON ENERGY. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, Reaction window theory 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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7/5 AD-A262 320

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

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Photochemical Hydrogen Abstraction by Aromatic Carbonyl Compounds in Zeolite Slurries. Scientific rept. 1991-1992, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Lei, Xuegon; Turro, Nicholas J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0340 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO.

TR-93-0153, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jni. Photochemical and Photobiology Chemistry A, v69 p53-56 1982. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NIIS.

asymmetric and symmetric coupling products of the radicals resulting from hydrogen abstraction. In contrast, occupy the internal surface but which do not participate basis of this difference in chemoselectivity is proposed motion of the geminate radical pair produced by photolysis by the 'spectator' hydrocarbon molecules that radical pairs by intermolecular hydrogen abstraction, which is followed by the formation of good yields of the symmetric geminate coupling products. The mechanistic adsorption of the carbonyl compounds to the internal surface of the zeolite and inhibition of the diffusional irradiation of hydrocarbon-faujasita zeolita slurries of aldehydes or ketones generally results in photoinduced hydrogen abstraction and yields mixtures of both aromatic aldehydes or ketones results in production of Irradiation of solutions of aromatic to result from a combination of strong preferential chemically in the reactions... Zeolites, Slurries, Photochemistry, Hydrogen abstraction. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CARBONYL COMPOUNDS, \*HYDROGEN, \*SLURRIES, ADSORPTION, ALDEHYDES, CONTRAST, COUPLINGS DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A282 320

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# DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A262 320 CONTINUED

HYDROCARBONS, INHIBITION, INTERNAL, IRRADIATION, KETONES, MIXTURES, MOLECULES, MOTION, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, PHOTOLYSIS, PRODUCTION, SURFACES, REPRINTS, AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, CHEMICAL RADICALS, DIFFUSION, ORGANIC CHEMISTRY, METHYL RADICALS, EXCITATION, FREE RADICALS, MOLECULAR STATES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, \*Zeolites, Abstraction, Faujasite, Asymmetric Geminate, Singlet state.

AD-A262 319 7/4

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Reactions of Electronically Excited Boron Atoms: Quenching Rate Constants and the Radiative Lifetime of the 4p 2P State,

C 92 8P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Yang, Xuefeng; Dagdigian, Paul J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-81-0363

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0147, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Chemical Physics Letters, v200 n3 p217-223, 4 Dec 92. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

of the 4p 2p level of the boron atom has been studied in a cell experiment, in which B atoms are prepared by 200 nm multiphoton dissociation of BBr3 and the 4p 2p level is prepared by sequential 2-photon absorption through the 3s 2s level. A radiative lifetime of 300 + or - 50 ns is derived for 8.4p 2p) by extrapolation of the measured decay rates vs. 8Br3 partial pressure in several Torr helium buffer gas. Bimolecular quenching rate constants were also determined for a number of atomic and molecular species from the dependence of the 8(4p 2p) decay rate on the quencher gas partial pressure. The quenching rate constants for the molecular species were quite large (ca. 1-2 X 10 to the minus 9th power molecula-1 cu cm s-1), presumably reflecting the small 8(4p 2P) ionization potential and the rapid removal of the excited state by chemical reaction.... Boron, Excited atoms, Collisional

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BORON, \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, \*ELECTRONIC STATES, ABSORPTION, ATOMS, BUFFERS, DECAY, DISSOCIATION, EXTRAPOLATION, HELIUM, IONIZATION POTENTIALS, MOLECULES, PARTIAL PRESSURE, PHOTONS,

AD-A262 319

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A262 319 QUENCHING, REPRINTS, PARTICLE COLLISIONS, EXCITATION, GROUND STATE, CHEMICAL BONDS.

PEB1102F, Electronic configaration, 3 Rydberg States. IDENTIFIERS:

20/2 AD-A262 318 GEORGIA UNIV ATHENS DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Photolonization Electronic Spectroscopy of A10H,

83 Š Pilgrim, J. S.; Robbins, D. L.; Duncan, PERSONAL AUTHORS: X.

AFDSR-91-0001 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

AS **LASK NO** 

AF0SR, XC TR-83-0150, AF0SR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Chemical Physics Letters, v202 n3,4 p203-208, 22 Jan 93. Available only to DIIC users. No copies fürnished by NTIS.

state and a more strongly bent excited state, as predicted by theory.... Clusters, Electronic spectroscopy, STRACT: (U) An electronic spectrum is observed for AIOH formed in a laser vaporization pulsed molecular beam source. The spectrum is detected near 250 nm by resonant two-photon ionization spectroscopy. Two electronic states are observed, spaced by only 1674 cm(1). Vibrational progressions are observed in both states corresponding to the excited state A10H stretching mode (omega e' =825 cm(1)) and the A1-O-H bending mode (omega e' =554 cm(1)). The spectrum is consistent with a quasi-linear ground Photodissociation.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*PHOTOIONIZATION, \*ELECTRON SPECTROSCOPY, BENDING, ELECTRONIC STATES, GROUND STATE, IONIZATION, LASERS, MOLECULAR BEAMS, PHOTODISSOCIATION, PHOTONS, THEORY, VAPORIZATION, REPRINTS, COVALENT BONDS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, \*Aluminum monohydroxide, Ionic bonds, Rotational spectra. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A262 318

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF EARTH ATMOSPHERIC AND PLANETARY SCIENCES MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH

(U) GPS Measurements at Vandenberg, AFB.

Annual technical rept. 1 Sep 91-14 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: King, Robert

AF0SR-80-0338 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0164, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

have suggested that the region surrounding Vandenberg AFB (Feiglet al., 1990. Part of the evidence for significant localize the measured deformation on one or more of these selsmogenic potential of Vandenberg. The sites observed in the March 1992 survey are given in Table 1, and a map of the enlarged network is shown in Figure 1. Four new sites (CASM, FAARF, RDRK, and FIGP) were established on or bridging three of the four major anticlines that cut is undergoing active crustal deformation, with important implications for both the geodetic stability and the seismogenic potential of the Western Test Range (WTR) network provides a means to monitor the local stability of the three sites (AAND, VNDN, and VNDP) that have been are existing DMA sites the Santa Maria Basin. Our primary scientific goal is to stable anchor for that part of our network south of the Santa Ynez River Fault. Three other sites occupied for the first time (ARG3, VINA, VANP), as well as two broad area of central and southern California, which we useful in defining the regional tectonic setting, these measurements are of insufficient spatial and temporal structures. One of the new sites (SOAP) provides a more government scientists from 1987 through 1991. Although Recent geological and geodetic studies deformation was obtained from GPS measurements over a near the south Base PGGA site (VNDP). This small subcarried out in cooperation with other university and density to answer many important questions about the previously occupied (ALVA, VNDN).

CONTINUED AD-A262 280 The two-day occupation of the South Base sub-network also provided us the opportunity to study more carefully the effects of atmospheric water vapor on GPS messurements.

MONITORING, MONITORS, NETWORKS, REGIONS, RIVERS, SURVEYS, SCIENTISTS, SITES, SOAPS, STABILITY, STRUCTURES, SURVEYS, TECTONICS, TEST AND EVALUATION, TIME, UNIVERSITIES, WATER SCRIPTORS: (U) \*GEODETIC SURVEYS, \*GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM, ANCHORS, ATMOSPHERICS, CALIFORNIA, COOPERATION, DEFORMATION, DENSITY, FAULTS, MAPS, MEASUREMENT, VAPOR, SEISMOLOGY. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2309AS IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A262 280

or will be used for long-term monitoring of deformation

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## SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/5 AD-A262 277

An Integrated Environment for the Development of ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 92,

Scientific and Engineering Applications.

3

Kuck, David J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0044 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO. MONITOR:

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AFOSR, XC TR-93-0173, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

assist in the programming of high performance parallel and vector computers. The environment consists of a unified set of programming tools such as restructuring compilers, parallel debuggers, performance evaluation tools, and data visualization tools. This design takes into consideration the entire process of scientific/ angineering project development. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, \*COMPUTERS, COMPILERS, TOOLS, DEBUGGING(COMPUTERS), DATA PROCESSING, PARALLEL PROCESSORS, COMPUTER LOGIC, SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

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WUAFOSR2484MS 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A262 276

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

Statistical Signal Processing and Variational Problems. Filtering, ĵ.

Final rept. 15 Jan 89-14 Oct 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

26P FEB 93

Mitter, Sanjoy PERSONAL AUTHORS:

2304 PROJECT NO.

**A**8 TASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-83-0186, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SSTRACT: (U) During the grant period the PI made major contributions in three principal areas; (1) Robust Kalman filtering (2) Structure determination for X-ray observation noise, outlier detection, image analysis, and crystallography and (3) Stochastic recursive algorithms for global optimization. These theoretical advances have techniques, filtering in the presence of non-Gaussian identification of systems using maximum likelihood wide applications in diverse problems, such as phase estimation problems.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MATHEMATICAL FILTERS, \*VARIATIONAL PRINCIPLES, ALGORITHMS, CRYSTALLOGRAPHY, DETECTION, FILTRATION, GLOBAL, IDENTIFICATION, IMAGES, KALMAN FILTERING, NOISE, OBSERVATION, OPTIMIZATION, PHASE, X RAYS, PROBLEM SOLVING, MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD ESTIMATION, SIGNAL PROCESSING DESCRIPTORS: PRINCIPLES,

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304AB 9 IDENTIFIERS:

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F

AD-A262 275 3/2 20/0

NEW YORK UNIV NY COURANT INST OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

(U) Solar Flare MOH.

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DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 2 Jan-31 Dec 92,

EB 93 8F

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Strauss, H.; Hamelri, E.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0044

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PROJECT NO. 2304, 2311

TASK NO. CS, AS

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0162, AFOSR

MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

1 4 g j c

dimensional magnetofluid code has been written. This code offers the possibility of localized mesh refinement to capture the development of current sheets, analogous to shocks by hydrodynamics. The finite difference MHD code was improved during the past year. The code is now robust, fast and user friendly. Fast driven magnetic reconnection has been simulated in three dimensions and the reconnection time scale is consistent with one logarithmic in the plasma resistivity. A model has been found where a spontaneous discontinuous magnetic field develops from a continuous initial state, which phenomenon is believed to occur in the solar corona. Several theories of MHD and resistive MHD instabilities in the solar corona have been developed.

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DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SOLAR CORDNA, \*MAGNETOHYDRODYNAMICS, \*SOLAR FLARES, HYDRODYNAMICS, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MESH, MODELS, TWO DIMENSIONAL, USER FRIENDLY, FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, PLASMAS(PH?SICS), MAGNETIC FIELDS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS.

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304CS, WUAFOSR2311AS.

AD-A262 275

AD-A262 274 8/11

INDIANA UNIV-PURDUE UNIV AT COLUMBUS DEPT OF BIOLOGY

(U) The Molecular Anatomy of PFDA Hepatotoxicity as Studied by Two-Dimensional Electrophoresis.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Dec 89-14 Dec 92,

FEB 93 24P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Witzmann, Frank A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0128

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0179, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

affected by PFDA to further delineate its toxic mechanism. unaffected. In an effort to identify the altered proteins oxidation, causes fatty acid accumulation, and results in proteins will be undertaken to add to the metabolic paths wo-dimensional electrophoresis, Peroxisome proliferation acid omega-oxidase) and enoyl-CoA hydratase. Induction of .. Rat liver, Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid, Hepatotoxicity, further analysis of basic proteins by first-dimension NEPHGE revealed the induction of cytochrome P452 (lauric compensatory peroxisomal and mitochondrial omega- and Beta-oxidation Continued identification of other altered on protein expression in the rat liver were studied in rodents following In vivo exposure to PFDA levels above. Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid (PFDA) effects homogenate protein patterns were generated and compared to previous results. As before, numerous proteins were PFDA-induced peroxisome proliferation and lends strong these and related enzymes confirms previously observed altered; some suppressed, some induced, but most were below and at the LD-50. Two-dimensional whole-liver support to the notion that PFDA blocks normal Beta-[mage analysis. 3

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ELECTROPHORESIS, \*LIVER, ACCUMULATION, ENZYMES, FATTY ACIDS, IMAGES, OXIDATION, DXIDOREDUCTASES, TOXIC AGENTS, PATTERNS, PROTEINS, RATS, TWO DIMENSIONAL

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A262 274

ANATOMY, METABOLISM, MOLECULES, TOXICITY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Perfluoro N decandic acid, \*Tr.> dimensional electrophoresis. \*Hepatotoxicity.

20/11 AD-A262 259

12/2

RICE UNIV HOUSTON TX DEPT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

(U) Integrated Approaches to Parailelism in Optimization and Solution of Inverse Problems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 May 89-31 Mar 92,

3 JAN 83

Symes, William PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0363 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

AA TASK NO.

TR-93-019B, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

Engineers in off-shore oil rig design at Exxon Production strength of a rod (the axial load under which it commences to bucle) need not be a differentiable function sections. With J. Maddocks the PI has extended all of the above analytical findings to a much richer class of rods. ISTRACT: (U) Mathematical models for mechanical design problems and development of analytical and numerical tools for their solution was studied under this grant. The mathematical problems separate into ones of rods and necessary conditions, regularity, and a general, though efficient, means of computing an optimal shape. Previous studies had not fully dealt with the fact that the In particular, they are able to accommodate hyperelestic rods with nonlinear bending laws and vanishing crossexpository account of this work. This article was picked Research in Houston have approached the PI regarding the of its shape. The Mathematical Intelligence solicited an membranes. Regarding the former, with M. Overton, the PI provided the first rigorous study of the shape of the strongest rod. In particular, within the context of the Euler-Bernoulli model, we established existence, research. Via the rolling of thin plates they have the means to create rods with piecewise conical crossup by Discover magazine, where the review appears. ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A262 259

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A262 259 CONTINUED AD-

sections in both the interior and at the boundary. In this new framework, they are also finally able to carefully pose and settle the bifurcation question as to whether the branch(es) of equilibria stemming from the buckling load of the optimal column are indeed supercritical, i.e., rightward.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BUCKLING, \*CROSS SECTIONS, \*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, \*MEMBRANES, \*RODS, \*SHAPE, AXIAL LOADS, BENDING, BOUNDARIES, PLATES, PRODUCTION, EULER ANGLES, BIFURCATION(MATHEMATICS).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Euler Bernoullii model, Hyperelastic rods, Nonlinear bending laws, Mechanical design.

AD-A262 258 7/6 7/3

1/4

ADTECH SYSTEMS RESEARCH INC DAYTON OH

(U) Enhanced Chromophore Polymeric NLO Materials.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul-31 Dec 92,

JAN 93

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sonf. Som

CONTRACT NO. F49620-92-C-0032

PROJECT NO. 3005

TASK NO. SS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0168, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

important component of many prospective Air Force applications including optical signal processing (switches, modulators, and guided-wave devices), and new laser sources (optical parametric oscillators and harmonic generators). Considerable progress has been made in the synthesis of frequency doubling (second harmonic generation - SHG) NLD chromophores and of polymeric materials containing such chromophores. A number of these SHG-NLD materials show noteworthy promise in small-scale characterizations. Commercialization of any of them requires that significant quantities of the materials, of demonstrable purity and stability, be readily available on a routine basis to these researchers who determine processing conditions as well as device manufactures.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHROMOPHORES, \*NONLINEAR OPTICS, \*OPTICAL MATERIALS, AIR FORCE, FREQUENCY, HARMONIC GENERATORS, LASERS, MODULATORS, OSCILLATORS, PURITY, SECOND HARMONIC GENERATION, SIGNAL PROCESSING, STABILITY, SWITCHES, SYNTHESIS, POLYMERS, NITROBENZENES, FLUORINE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE85502F, SBIR, Guided-wave devices, Prolinol, p-fluoronitrobenzene, NPPOH.

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A282 257

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

The Cage Effect in the Photolysis of (S)-(+)-Alpha-Methyldeoxybenzoin: Can Triplet Radical Pairs Undergo Geminate Recombination in Nonviscous Homogeneous Solution? Ê

recombination of this RP. The observed value of ca. 0.04

for Pr in the absence of scavenger results from the

phenethy! RP under conditions of complete scavenings is

CONTINUED

AD-A262 257

consistent with the absence of geminate cage

combination of radicals which have made diffusive excursions out of the primary solvent cage, '.e., random

radical pairs.... Radical pairs, Cage effect, Geminate

REACTIONS, \*BENZOIN, BENZENE, DICHROISM, INTENSITY, KETONES, PHOTOLYSIS, PHOTONS, PROBABILITY, PURITY, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SOLVENIS, TEMPERATURE, REPRINTS, ORGANIC

\*FREE RADICALS, \*RECOMBINATION

Ê

DESCRIPTORS:

recombination.

RADICALS, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMICAL DISSOCIATION

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, Benzoin/(S)-(+)-alpha-methyldeoxy, Cage effect, Geminate recombination,

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Photoracemization, Magnetic polarization.

Scientific rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 JAN 83 Step, E. N.; Buchachenko, A. L.; Turro, PERSONAL AUTHORS: z

AF0SR-91-0340 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

**B**2 TASK NO. AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

TR-83-0152, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. Organic Chemistry, v57 p7018-7024 1992. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NIIS.

the products only; is is not a quantum yield and does not require the measurement of photon intensity. The experimental value of Pr is found to be ca. 0.04. The racemization of (S)-(+)-MDB in a partially converted recombination probability, P eta of benzoyl/sec-phenethyl triplet radical pairs (RP) formed during photolysis. The probability, P eta is determined from chemical yields of purity of the starting ketone recovered after photolysis. relatively low concentrations of radical scavengers such as dodecanethiol and a stable nitroxide radical (TEMPO). effectively eliminate only free radicals, the absence of products of recombination of triplet benzoyl/sec-The photoracemization of (S)-(+)-MDB, measured by circular dichroism (CD), can be related to the geminate sample can be completely suppressed by the addition of Since, at low concentrations employed, the scavengers temperature causes a small decrease in engantiomeric STRACT: (U) The photolysis of (S)-(+)-a- methyldeoxybenzoin ((S)-(+)-MDB) in benzene at room ABSTRACT: (U)

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

11/3 7/3 AD-A262 023 17/8 17/4 10/2 AD-A282 024

Summer Research Program (1992). High School Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 16. Arnold Engineering Development Center Civil Engineering Laboratory. E

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

227P 92 Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-80-C-0078 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0128, AFDSR AFOSR, MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 1, AD-A261 988. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Continuous Monitoring Station at Arnold Engineering Development Center; Comparison of the HNU 311 Portable Spectrapro(Trademark)-275 Spectrometer; A Study of the Development Center; Comparison of the HNU 311 Portable and Hewlett Packard 5890 Series II Gas Chromatographs. Molecules; Development of a Versatile Spreadsheet for Estimating Electrical Power and Operating Hours for during the Air Force 1882 Summer Research Program: Graphics Library Routines for ETF Analysis Software; Visualization of Quantum Chemical Calculations for AEDC's Tunnel 18T; Calibration and Application of a The following reports were completed Ê

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE.
ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, GAS
CHROMATOGRAPHY, MONITORING, SPECTROMETERS, ELECTRIC POWER,
QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, COMPUTER GRAPHICS. DESCRIPTORS:

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 15. Summer Research Program (1882). High School Wright Laboratory. 3

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

82

Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-80-C-0078 CONTRACT NO.

TR-83-0125, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 16, AD-A262 024. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Superconducting Thin Films and Bulk Samples; Computer Resources: Examining the Workings of a Computer Network; Forced Liquid Cooling of a Non-Flush Simulated Electronic Chip; Using Mathematical Concepts to Produce Three Dimensional Computer Graphics; Image Analysis: A Fractal Link: Construction and Design of a Regulated Power Supply Preparing High Tech Aircraft for Testing, Using Computer testing; A study of the C and BASIC Computer Languages as Decompression; Video Documentation of the Patran to Epic Tetranitrohexahydropyrimidine; A Study of the Importance Evaluation of Hydrocode Strain Contours by Microhardness the Air Force 1992 Summer Apprenticeship program at the Wright Laboratory. An Investigation of the APIAS System; Applications; The Creation of a Graphics Workstation; A Application; Analysis of Fractal Image Compression and The following reports were completed in well as an In Depth Discussion of Certain Mathematical Concepts, Electrical Analysis of YBa2Cu307-x Comparison of Concept Recognition Skills; Characterization and Analysis of 1,3,5,5-ABSTRACT:

ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, IMAGES, COMPUTER GRAPHICS, CHIPS(ELECTRONICS), COMPUTER NETWORKS, THIN FILMS, PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES, MICROHARDNESS, SLED \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE

of Sled Tests to Crew Escape Engineers.

AD-A262 023

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A262 023

AD-A262 022 ORGANIC CHEMISTRY, WORK STATIONS, POWER SUPPLIES, TESTS, ORGANIC (VIDEO RECORDING

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA 9/3 17/8 5/8 20/2

9/1

23/1

Summer Research Program (1882). High School Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 14. Rome Laboratory. ŝ

Annual rept. 1 Sep 81-31 Aug 82, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

215P 85 DEC

Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-90-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-93-0124, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 15, AD-A262 023. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: ISTRACT: (U) The following papers (apprenticeship reports) were completed during the 1982 Rome Laboratory summer session by high school participants: Effectiveness of Advanced Identification System and Lecroy Digitizers; Modulation on Spectral Purity of Laser Emission; Analysis of F-18 Shielding Effectiveness; The Testing of Various Optical Logic Devices; Understanding C and UNIX Networks; Study of Crystals; Study of Crystal Growth; Programming of the C3 Backup Utility; Is Multi-Media the Answer?;
Artificial Neural Systems; A Multi-Media Environment: Is
It For Everyone?; Study of Parallel Distributed
Processing; The Research of Different Samples Using the
Scanning Electron Microscope; Laser Diode Array Testing;
Advanced Radar Correlation Algorithms; Running Solid
Models; Noise Measurement of Interconnecting Coaxial Solid Modeling Using Network II.5; The Influence of ABSTRACT: Cable.

SCRIPTORS: (U) AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, RADAR CORRELATION, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPES, PARALLEL PROCESSING, NEURAL NETS, CRYSTALS, COMPUTER NETWORKS, ELECTROMAGNETIC SHIELDING, LASER MODULATORS, IDENTIFICATION SYSTEMS, APPRENTICESHIP, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, NOISE (ELECTRICAL AND ELECTROMAGNETIC). DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A262 022

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T4155F

AD-A262 022 CONTINUED

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IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A282 021 4/2 17/5

9/2

12/5

12/8

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA Optical logic, Laser diode array.

(U) Summer Research Program (1982). High School Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 13. Phillips Laboratory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92,

DEC 92 295P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, Gary

CONTRACT NO. F49820-90-C-0078

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0123, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 14, AD-A282 022.

ABSTRACT: (U) The following reports were among those completed during the Air Force 1892 Apprenticeship Program: The Development of Multi-Dimensional Fourier Transform to Be Used to Predict the Light Scattering Off an Optic: Programming Bar Code Reader S for Inventory Purposes using the Interactive Reader Language; High Resolution Statistical Models for Prediction of Cloud Cover; Exploring Electromagnetic Effects; Fuzzy-C Optical Tracker; Thermal Control Using Scrapers in a Aptating-Disk, Wetted-Wall Chemical Reactor.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, CHEMICAL REACTORS, BEAMS(ELECTROMAGNETIC), OPTICAL TRACKING, CLOUD COVER, INVENTORY, BAR CODES, LIGHT SCATTERING.

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UNC. SELFE

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. 14155F DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

17/5 15/6.3 17/8 AD-A262 020

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Summer Research Program (1982). High School Apprenticeship Program (HSAP) Reports. Volume 12. Armstrong Laboratory. 9

Annual rept. 1 Sep 81-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

445P DEC 92

Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-90-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0122, AFUSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 13, AD-A262 021. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Dibromomethane; Pathology Laboratory Overview; Dietary Intake Patterns and Cardiac Evaluations of United States Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Reader: The Study of Gas Chromatography: Volatile Organics; Dermal Penetration of ISTRACT: (U) The following reports were among those completed during the Air Force 1992 Apprenticeship program: Cross Over Point for the Panasonic UD-718 Air Force Pilots. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, PILOTS, PATHOLOGY, CHEMICAL AGENTS, GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY, LUMINESCENT DOSIMETERS

8/3 AD-A262 019

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA 11/8.1

Summer Research Program (1892). Graduate Student Research Program (GSRP) Reports. Volume 11. Arnold Engineering Development Center, Civil Engineering Laboratory, Frank J. Seiler Research Laboratory. Wilford Hall Medical Center.

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

213P DEC 92

Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-80-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0121, AFDSR AFOSR. XC MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 12, AD-A262 020. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Topics were: Experiences using Model-Based Techniques for the Development of a Large Parallel Instrumentation System; An Overview of the Behavior of Aluminum in Solid Propellant Rocket Motor; Solid Particulate Dispersion in during the Summer 1992 Apprenticeship Program. Among the Turbulent Atmospheric Boundary Layers; CAD and Acoustic Attachments; Numerical Modelling of Mixing and Reacting BEM Applied to the Modelling of the AEDC ASTF EGMS; A Flowfields; Multidimensional Conjugated Heat Transfer Analysis of the Arnold Engineering Development Center The following reports were completed Multigraph Implementation of a Distributed Image Processing System; A Cell Averaged Approach to the Solution of Integral Conservation Laws; Analysis of Acoustic Oscillations in Cavities with Spoiler Heat-HI Test Unit Nozzle. 3 ABSTRACT:

ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, DSCILLATION, CONSERVATION, IMAGE PROCESSING, COMPUTER \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, MEASURING INSTRUMENTS, HEAT TRANSFER, FLOW FIELDS AIDED DESIGN, TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER, ALUMINUM Ê DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. TAISSF DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY AD-A262 017 17/11 12/8 12/5 16/1 9/3 AD-A262 018

Summer Research Program (1992). Graduate Student Research Program (GSRP) Reports. Volume 10. Wright 3

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

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Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Laboratory.

4100 82 DEC

Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-90-C-0078 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0120, AFDSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 11, AD-A262 019 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

i 7.

Among topics were: Point Spread Function Characterization of a Scophony Infrared Scene Projector; Fraction on the Mechanics of a Layer Composite; Velocity and Temperature Measurements in a High Swirl Dump Combustor; Development of an Enhanced Post Run Data Analysis Program for the Integrated Electromagnetic System Simulator; Hard Target completed during the summer 1992 apprenticeship program (LIMAR) Processing; Neural On-Line Learning in Missile Guidance; Optimal Detection of Targets in Clutter Using an Ultra-Wideband Fully-Polarimetric SAR; Effects on Intensity Thresholding on the Power Spectrum of Laser Speckle; Using X Windows to Display Experimental Data; VLSI Synthesis Guiding Techniques using the SDAR Code Assessment and a Qualitative Study of Slide Line Effects in EPIC Hydrocode; Laser Imaging and Ranging The following research reports were Artificial Intelligence Architecture

ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, GUIDANCE COMPUTERS, LASERS, ELECTROMAGNETIC PULSES, COMBUSTION, SIMULATORS, CARBON CARBON COMPOSITES, INFRARED PHOTOGRAPHY, ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, TARGET DETECTION. \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE,

22/2

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Summer Research Program (1992). Graduate Student Research Program (GSRP) Reports. Volume 9. Rome Laboratory.

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

137P DEC 92 Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-80-C-0078 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0119, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 10, AD-A262 018 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Pointing, Acquisition and Tracking System for Optical Intersatellite Crosslinks, Congestion Control for AIM during the 1992 Air Force Summer Program: Photonic Transversal Filtering of Microwave Systems; Implementation of the IIT Multiple Parameter Speaker Recognition Algorithm on the Sun Sparc; Mathematical The following reports were completed Description, Computer Simulation and Analysis of a Networks in a Tactical Theater Environment. 3 ABSTRACT:

ISCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, COMPUTER NETWORKS, COMMUNICATION SATELLITES, NEURAL NETS, ACOUSTIC SIGNATURES, ACOUSTIC INTELLIGENCE, MICROWAVE FILTERS. DESCRIPTORS:

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RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Summer Research Program (1992), Summer Faculty Research Program (\$FRP) Reports. Volume B. Arnold Engineering Development Center, Civil Engineering Laboratory, Frank J. Seiler Research Laboratory, Wilford Hall Medical Center. 3

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

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Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49820-90-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

TR-83-0116, AF0SR AFOSR. MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 7, AD-A261 971. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SSTRACT: (U) The following Topics were among those completed at the Air Force Faculty Research Summer Program: Experiences using Model\_Based Techniques for the Motor Exhausts; Feasibility of Wavelet Analysis for Plume Andrew (Crooked Island) Sound, Northern Gulf of Mexico; A Preliminary Study of the Weathering of Jet Fuels in Soil Monitored by SFE with GC Analysis; Preliminary Numerical model of Groundwater Flow at the MADE2 Site. Development of a Large Parallel Instrumentation System; Data Reduction of Laser Induced Fluorescence in Rocket Data Study, Characterization of Seagrass Meadows in St. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, GROUND WATER, OIL POLLUTION, VEGETATION, EXHAUST PLUMES, ROCKET EXHAUST, PARALLEL PROCESSING DESCRIPTORS: (U)

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RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Summer Research Program (1882). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 58. Wright Laboratory. 9

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92.

DEC 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, Gary

F49620-90-C-0078 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XC TR-83-0115, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 6, AD-A261 994

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Signal Analysis and a Meteroassociative Complex Neural Network; Analytical Guidance Laws and Integrated Guidance/ STRACT: (U) The following topics were among those completed during the Summer 1892 Apprenticeship program: Validation of a Hypersonic Nonequilibrium Code for Nozzle Flow; Motion Segmented Object Identification using 1-D ē Autopilot for Homing Missiles; Estimation of Aspect Angles of Targets in FLIR Images; Crack Arrest in Composite Plates Reinforced with Tough Layers; Some Results in Machine-Learning; Effect of Antioxidants Thermal Decomposition of Energetic Materials.

ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, DECOMPOSITION, CRACK PROPAGATION, FORWARD LOOKING INFRARED SYSTEMS, GUIDED MISSILES, NEURAL NETS, NOZZLE \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, € DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A261 993

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RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

U) Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 5A. Wright Laboratory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92.

DEC 92 483P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, Gary

CONTRACT NO. F49620-90-C-0078

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-83-0114, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 58, AD-A261 993.

the basis for continuing research of interest to the Air Force at the institution of the faculty member; to stimulate continuing relations among faculty member; to stimulate continuing relations among faculty members and professional peers in the Air Force to enhance the research interests and capabilities of scientific and engineering educators; and to provide follow-on funding for research of particular promise that was started at an Air Force laboratories for a search program. During the summer of 1982 185 university faculty conducted research at Air Force laboratories for a period of 10 weeks. Each participant provided a report of their research, and these reports are consolidated into this annual report.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, EDUCATION.

AD-A261 991 9/1

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

(U) Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 4. Rome Laboratory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92,

DEC 92 246

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, Gary

CONTRACT NO. F49620-90-C-0078

MONITOR: AFOSR, XC TR-93-0113, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 5A, AD-A261 992

ABSTRACT: (U) The following reports were a part of those completed during the Air Force 1992 Summer Research Program: Toward the Development of a Generalized Method and Code for Analyzing Infinite Arrays of Antennas Printed on Both Sides of Protruding Dielectric Substrates; Statistical Comparison of Several Automatic Target Recognition (ATR) Systems; Photonics Technology Development at Rome Laboratory; Atomistic Simulation of Grains in Submicron Aluminum Interconnects; Measurement of Thermophysical Properties of Semiconductors at High Temperature; Photonic Delay Line for High-Frequency Radar Systems; User-Based Requirements for Large-Scale Distributed Information Management Systems:

Representation for System Designers; Flux Creep in a Y-Barubedded with A-Axis Oriented Grains.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE, \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH,
ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, THIN
FILMS, INFORMATION PROCESSING, POLYFREQUENCY RADAR,
SEMICONDUCTORS, PHOTONS, TARGET RECOGNITION, ANTENNA
ARRAYS.

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Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 3. Phillips Laboratory. 3

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**602P** 85  Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-80-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

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AF0SR, XC TR-83-0112, AF0SR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

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See also Volume 4, AD-A261 991. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: STRACT: (U) The following reports were submitted during the 1992 Summer Faculty Research Program: Coherent Heterodyne Array Doppler Imaging; Calibration Techniques for a Low Energy X-Ray Irradiation Chamber; Ultrawideband Antennas with Low Dispersion; Optical Angle-Angle Doppler Imaging: Second-Harmonic Generation in Corona-Poled Materials. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, ELECTRICAL CORDNA, BROADBAND ANTENNAS, IRRADIATION, BULKHEADS, DOPPLER SYSTEMS.

8/4 AD-A261 989

Summer Research Program (1992). Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) Reports. Volume 2. Armstrong RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA 3

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Laboratory

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PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, Gary

F49620-90-C-0078 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0111, AFOSR AFOSR.

MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 3, AD-A261 990. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: istract: (U) The following reports were completed during the Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program: Mathematical Modeling of the Human Cardiovascular System Under Acceleration: Analysis of the Arterial Blood Flow using the Thick-Wall Model; An Intelligent Tutor for Sentence Combining; A Study of the Effects of Low Update Rate on Visual Displays; Development of a Research Paradigm to Study Collaboration in Multidisciplinary Design Teams; Intelligent Decision Making with Qualitative Reasoning ABSTRACT:

LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, DECISION MAKING, TEAMS(PERSONNEL), DATA DISPLAYS, HUMAN BODY, COMPUTER APPLICATIONS, BLOOD CIRCULATION, AIR FORCE FACILITIES \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, ENGINEERING, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

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Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) (1992). Volume 1. Program Management Report 3

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

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Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-90-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

AFGSR, XC TR-83-0110, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 2, AD-A261 989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

of Weather Station and Its Datalogging Program; Computer Programs and Project Operations; Robotic Excavation: Lunar and Earth Based; HSAP Summer Apprenticeship Program. during the 1992 Air Force Summer Research program: Solar Detoxification of Contaminated Groundwater; Description The following reports were submitted 3 ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, APPRENTICESHIP, NEGROES, PERSONNEL SELECTION, RECRUITING, STUDENTS, ROBOTICS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, WEATHER STATIONS, WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT, SOLAR ENERGY. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

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RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Summer Research Program (1982). Graduate Student Research Program (GSRP) Reports. Volume 8. Phillips Laboratory 9

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

271P DEC 92 Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-90-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0118, AFOSR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 8, AD-A262 017. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Temperature Heat Pipe Modeling Under Low Power Heat Loads Temperatures: Optical and Atmospheric Turbulence; Lagrangian Formulation of Lageos's Spin Dynamics; A Study of Coupled Oscillatory Neural Network Models; High and Cryogenic Phase Change Material Devices in Space STRACT: (U) The following reports were completed during the Air Force 1992 Graduate Research Program: Heterogeneous Nucleation/Condensation Processes and Products in Coil; Ion-Molecule Reactions at High Experimental Investigation of Homogeneous and Applications. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, AIR FORCE, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, CRYOGENICS, HEAT PIPES, NEURAL NETS, SPIN STATES, PROPULSION SYSTEMS, TURBULENCE, ION MOLECULE INTERACTIONS. CONDENSATION, NUCLEATION DESCRIPTORS:

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RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABS CULVER CITY CA

Summer Research Program (1892). Graduate Student Volume 7.

Annual rept. 1 Sep 91-31 Aug 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

257P **DEC** 92

Moore, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-90-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

TR-93-0117, AF0SR AFOSR, XC MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 8, AD-A261 972. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: ISTRACT: (U) The purpose of this program is to develop the basis for continuing research of interest to the Air Force at the institution of the faculty member; to stimulate continuing relations among faculty members and Faculty Research Program. During the summer of 1992, 185 laboratories for a period of 10 weeks. Each participant provided a report of their research, and these reports professional peers in the Air Force to enhance the research interests and capabilities of scientific and engineering educators; and to provide the follow-on funding for research of particular promise that was started at an Air Force laboratory under the Summer university faculty conducted research at Air Force are consolidated into this annual report SCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, ENGINEERING, LABORATORIES, SUMMER, UNIVERSITIES, GRADUATES, EDUCATION **CESCRIPTORS**:

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AD-A261 966

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT

(U) Efficient Communication for Parallel Computing.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 89-31 Dec 92,

JAN 93

Bhatt, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0382 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO AFOSR, XC TR-93-0088, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The main accomplishments during this grant are in the area of routing algorithms for binary cube networks. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS, \*PARALLEL PROCESSING, ALGORITHMS, ROUTING, PIPELINES, BIBLIOGRAPHIES, COMPUTER NETWORKS, EFFICIENCY.

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